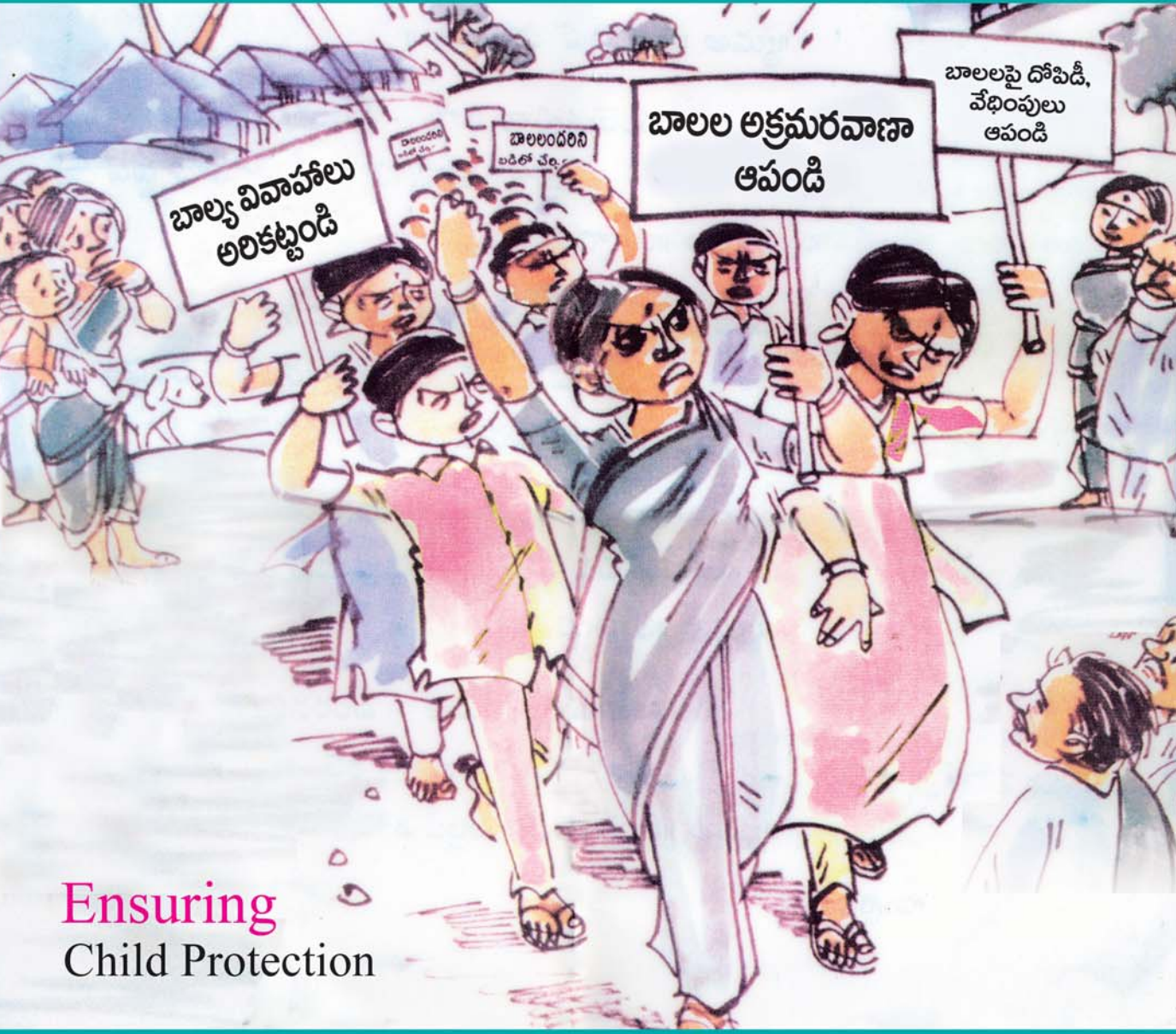


G.Os on Human Trafficking & Interventions by Govt. of A.P.



Ensuring
Child Protection

Be Aware. Advocate and Act
Prevent Child Trafficking

G.Os on Human Trafficking & Interventions by Govt. of A.P.



**Women Development & Child Welfare Department
Govt. of Andhra Pradesh**

In collaboration with

GIRLS ADVOCACY ALLIANCE

Equal Rights and Opportunities for Girls and Young Women



G.Os on Human Trafficking & Interventions by Govt. of A.P.

June 2017

*In collaboration with
Women Development & Child Welfare Department
Govt. of Andhra Pradesh*

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INDEX

S.No.	Details	Page no.
1	Situation of Human Trafficking	5
2	What is Human Trafficking for Commercial Sexual Exploitation	7
3	Persons at risk of being trafficked for CSE?	8
4	Legal Provisions	9
5	Do's and Dont's	10
6	ITPA cases registered across the State of Andhra Pradesh	12
7	Details of Missing/Kidnap Minor girls so far in May-2017. A.P	12
8	Combating Trafficking of Girls for Sexual Exploitation in A.P	13
9	List of Open Shelters Functioning under the Administrative control of JWCS & WS, A.P	22
10	List of Regular Homes run by the JWCS & WS, A.P	23
11	Homes run by the NGOs specially for rescued Victims in A.P	24
12	G.O. Ms. No. 1. Policy for combating trafficking of women and children – Orders.	25
13	Role of Project Director, Dist Women and Child Development Agency	29
14	G.O. Ms. No. 12 Constitution of Special Juvenile Police Units and Designations	30
15	G.O. Ms. No. 43. Victim Compensation Schemes-2015	31
16	Appendix to G. O. Ms. No. 43	35
17	Special Compensation in Respect of Victims of Acid Attacks & Sexual Exploitation	36
18	Memo No. 2323/WP.A2/2011 Video Conference to Record Evidence of Victims	37
19	G.O. Ms. 28. Provision of Immediate Relief to Trafficked Victims.	38
20	Recommendations by NCPCR on Media Protocols.	39
21	Letter No. 3554/WP. A2. 2011 HELP Nomination to Co-ordinate with AHTUs on behalf of A.P.	40
22	G.O. Ms. No. 28. Relief and Rehabilitation on Fund was set up for relief.	41
23	G.O. Ms. No. 30. Framing of Rules-orders for Homes Registrations/Licenses	43
24	G.O. Ms. 165. Setting up of Anti Human Trafficking Units in A.P.	48
25	Annexure to G.O. Ms. No. 28 WCD & Sc Dept.	50
26	C.No. 156/C30/CID/2010. Sensitization program on amendments to Cr. Pc for Police Officers.	51
27	G.O. Ms. No. 47. Reservation for Orphan/destitute child in Residential institutions.	52
28	G.O. Ms. 30. Establishing a Centre for Adolescents "YUVA" at Neloufer Hospital Hyd.	54
29	Annexure-1. Certificate by Medical officer or Competent Authority	56
30	G.O. Ms. No. 16. Adoption of Minimum Standards of Care by Institutions & Service Providers.	59
31	C.No. 3126/C14/WPC/CID/06. Speedy Justice delivery of Anti Human Trafficking cases	65
32	G.O. Ms. No. 34. Extending the benefits of scholarships, Reimbursement of fees	66
33	G.O. Ms. No. 14. Reservation of seats to Orphans and Destitutes	68
34	C.No. 3126C14IIVPC/CID/2c106. Anti Trafficking-UN.GIFT Review Mechanism	70
35	Rc. No. 629/Trg.2/2005 . Designation of Anti-Trafficking Nodal Officers .	72
36	Statement of Special Juvenile Police Unit s Designated Child Welfare Officers.	74
37	Rc.BI.629/Trg.2/2005. Designation of Anti-Trafficking Nodal Officers at Circle/Sub Division etc	75
38	G.O. Ms. No. 13. Setting of a Relief and Rehabilitation Fund for Victims of Atrocities	77
39	G.O. Ms. No. 314. Appointment of Nodal Officers on Trafficking of Women & Children in AP	78
40	C.No. 21/DIG/WPC/CID/2003. Trafficking of Women and Children Certain Instructions	79
41	G.O. Rt. No. 475. Appointment of Special Police Officers-Assistance by Police Subordinate	80

PREFACE

Human trafficking has a history which commensurate with that of society and has existed in various forms in almost all civilizations and cultures. It is a trade of organized crime that exploits the helplessness of human beings, especially of women and children, in complete violation of their human rights, and makes them objects of financial transactions using force and coercion, whether for the purpose of sex, labour, slavery, or servitude. In today's globalization situation of human rights, the world community and the Governments of various source, transit and destination states and countries have taken a unanimous stand condemning this gross human rights violation and have brought out various policies, legislation, GOs and pertinent interventions to curb the crime.

In the 1990s, intense activity in the international prospect brought the issue of trafficking into the sphere of public debate. International instruments, conventions and the human rights movement brought the issue into greater international focus and exerted very positive pressure on national governments, facilitating commitment to accelerate awareness and the need for proactive interventions. This sustained international momentum acted as a powerful medium for advocacy and for demanding greater accountability from governments. that includes policy makers and planners to take stringent action against the trafficking of women and children that had for sustainable, effective and serious public attention.

In this above context, the Govt. of INDIA in turn the Govt. of Andhra Pradesh is striving its best and paying committed attention to curtail the crime through effective prevention, protection and prosecution measures in coordination of the crucial line departments especially Dept of Women Development and Child Welfare, and Crime Investigation Department of Andhra Pradesh. The child protection mechanisms run by Government such as Child Welfare Committees, District Child Protection Units, Special Juvenile Police Units, the personnel from Dept of Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services and Welfare of Street Children and also CHILD LINE 1098 are playing vital role in implementing the legislations, policies, GOs that directs various principles, strategies and interventions to wipe out the crime.

It's really an excellent and precious sign of appreciation that, the **Dept of Transport, Roads & Buildings, Govt of AP** is inspired to involve in the battle against the inhuman, heinous and notorious crime of Human Trafficking in the state since the mode of transportation of the innocent victims includes minor girls and boys are taking place through bus stations to intra district destination points. So, we would like to express our cordial gratitude to the Managing Director and other higher officials of **APS RTC** along with the **Dept of WD & CW, CID of Andhra Pradesh** and all the concerned officials for taking the issue of Human Trafficking as a priority of action and the field level personnel of all these department who implements the guidance of officials.

Our special thanks to the **Terre des Hommes – Netherlands** who have extended technical and financial support in bringing out this publication with Government Orders and effective Interventions by Govt. of Andhra Pradesh to provide comprehensive information on measures of rescue, rehabilitation, re-integration, prosecution and victim – witness protection services with a firm stand to curb the crime.

RAM MOHAN NVS
Secretary - HELP

Situation of Human Trafficking!

Human trafficking, the world's third largest illegal activity after smuggling of drugs and weapons, continues to thrive despite adequate legal provisions" Human trafficking, and in particular, trafficking in women and children is an extreme form of human rights violation as it denies the fundamental rights of mobility, freedom, dignity and integrity of the victims. Human trafficking has a devastating impact on individual victims, who often suffer physical and emotional abuse, rape, threats against self and family, and even death. But the impact of human trafficking goes beyond individual victims; it undermines the earth, safety, and security of all the nations it touches. Forms of Human Trafficking include - forced labour, organ harvesting, domestic servitude, marriage, begging, commercial sexual exploitation.

Human trafficking is one of the most heinous crimes imaginable, often described as modern -day slavery. This crime robs its victims of their most basic human rights and is occurring in India and worldwide" The victims, who are mostly women and children, are deprived of their normal lives and compelled to provide their labour or sexual services, through a variety of coercive practices all for the direct profit of their perpetrators.

India is a source, destination, and transit country for men, women, and children subjected to forced labor and sex trafficking. India is one of the most popular trafficking destinations in South Asia. Many Indian women trafficked out of India end up either in Middle East for sexual exploitation or in Europe, the United States, or in the Middle East as domestic or low- skilled labour. India's sex industry includes some 2 million sex workers, 20% of whom are under the age of 16 years.

The Government is establishing new state capital **Amaravathi** between Guntur and Vijayawada and also this has to be completed within 5 years period as per earlier announcement. This allows thousands of structures such as companies, industries, institutions and so on will be constructed. For this, thousands of labour is needed and lots of families from Srikakulam to Anantapur will migrate to proposed capital area for labour. Simultaneously, there will be a need for more number of domestic labors of girl children to work in the houses of Govt. officials and policy makers/planners. In the eve of bifurcation of the state, the central government has given tax free for establishment of new industries, business and company's establishment and it is envisaged that there will be boom in employment opportunities especially with reference to labour force.

So, there is extensive possibility of increased child labour in turn leads to trafficking in the new state and also trafficking of children in the name of employment opportunities. Of the 13 districts of present Andhra Pradesh, it is analyzed that 8 districts are known for supply of Girl children and another 4 pockets are known for transit points especially the districts like Krishna and Guntur. As there might be many issues that are cropping up, there is a need for cautioning new government based on thematic experiences of the Expertization on addressing the issues of children especially in terms of protection of their rights by Non Government organizations/social workers and activists.

Andhra Pradesh (AP) (now bifurcated into two States – AP and Telangana) is considered as a state of source, transit and destination for human trafficking of women and girls including thousands of children being trafficked within or to other States, mostly for commercial sexual exploitation but also for other reasons including labor and domestic servitude. About 40 percent among the victims trafficked for sexual exploitation is from Andhra Pradesh and over 93% of the trafficking is inter-district and inter-state.¹Growing incidences of trafficking of girl child, increasing number of girl child labor, incidences of sexual abuse, vulnerability to HIV/AIDS are some of the other indicators of the situation of the young and adolescent girl child.

Andhra Pradesh also provides another horrible tale of exploitation of girl children notoriously famous in the line of Devadasi tradition practiced in other southern parts of the country. This traditional practice has numerous forms such as Jogini, Mathamma, Yallamma, Basivini and Venkatasani. One can see pathetic plight of young girls from scheduled castes that are brutally exploited. In this traditional practice young girls from weaker section of the society are condemned in their infancy to lead a life of a shame and in security in the name of religion. They are forced to serve the community physically, socially and are sexually abused by many men in the community. They live a life of utter negligence and are subjected to stigma and discrimination. In the year 1998 there are 17,000 cases were tracked through a study, but according to rough estimate today the number of such cases are

more than 40,000 and is increasing day by day. Above description gives a definite understanding about the need for engagement in the issue of trafficking of girl children, more than any other cause.

Trafficking in women and children is one of the most corrosive forms of violation of human rights. In India the State of Andhra Pradesh has emerged as one of the primary centres of origin of individuals being trafficked. Among all the other states in the country, A.P. has the dubious distinction of being the highest contributor in contributing the maximum no. of women/girls to the big and small brothels located in various cities in India like Goa 80%, Delhi 45% Mumbai 28% and Kolkata 3%. Apart from the places aforesaid, the girls are also sent to cities Karnataka, Uttar Pradesh and Bihar. As survey conducted by National Commission for Women in 1997 estimates that Andhra Pradesh represents 40% of those trafficked domestically for sexual exploitation. The girls from Andhra Pradesh are trafficked to various metropolitan cities (Delhi, Kolkata, Chennai, Mumbai and Goa). Trafficking has increased because of globalization, free market economy, poverty, lack of education and livelihood options, exacerbated by other socio-economic variables such as gender discrimination, ethnicity, caste and cultural sanctions.

Various studies on prostitution in India indicate that almost 24–26% women among commercial sex workers are from Andhra Pradesh². Around 1200 children are found in the semi-red light areas of Guntur, Chilakaluripet, Nasraopet, Mangalagiri in Guntur District, who are highly vulnerable to physical and sexual abuse, trafficking and second generation prostitution³. Again the Draft Action Plan for Children in Andhra Pradesh states that “Trafficking is prevalent at various levels local, inter-district and inter-state and cross border. Commercial exploitation of women and girl children takes place in various forms including brothel-based prostitution, sex tourism entertainment industry and pornography in print and electronic media. The percentage of victims of trafficking is highest in Andhra Pradesh⁴. According to some precise estimate nearly 50% of the victims belong to scheduled caste and up to 30% belong to the other backward classes. Kadapa, Chittoor and Anantapur all border districts are the main affected areas”.

A study⁵ on sex workers in India has revealed that Andhra Pradesh is on the top in supplying girls/women to other parts of the country. The study reveals that the State contributes 14.73 per cent of sex workers who operate in more than 12 states/territories across the country. West Bengal is in the second position with 11.32 per cent. Andhra Pradesh and West Bengal together contribute a shocking 26.05 per cent of sex workers to other states. The study shows that 27.41 per cent of family members of the girl/woman force her into the trade, while known persons constitute 18.40 per cent. Strangers inducting them into the trade stand at 9.31 per cent while there are 43 per cent of the girls who opt for it. The study shows that 27.41 per cent of family members of the girl/woman force her into the trade, while known persons constitute 18.40 per cent. Strangers inducting them into the trade stand at 9.31 per cent while there are 43 per cent of the girls who opt for it. At least 5 per cent of sex workers, working in metro cities, come from other countries like Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan and Myanmar. According to Sunita Krishnan, ‘Prajwala studies, 85 per cent of sex workers operating in Goa are from the State while 38 per cent of them, working in Mumbai, are from the State of Andhra Pradesh.

The data from the state police head quarters reveals that, there are a total of 668 cases from 2014 to May 2017 under Anti-Human Trafficking i.e. 144 (76 charged) in 2014, 145 (60 charged) in 2015, 138 (59 charged) in 2016 and in 2017 till the end of May 2017 there are 32 (14 charged) cases. The ITPA cases registered during 2014 are 267, in 2015 are 259, in 2016 are 232 and till May 2017 are 92 i.e. a total of 850 cases across the state of Andhra Pradesh. Simultaneously, the details of missing/kidnapped data reveals that, a total of 939 minor girls have been missed from 2014 till May 2017 out of which 800 cases have been traced whereas 139 were untraced.

(Please refer the tables in next page)...

¹ A report of National Commission for Women in 1997

² The National Human Rights Commission and UNIFEM & A Report on Trafficking in Women and Children in India. 2004

³ Child Rights Situation and Growth, HELP and Mithra, 2010 and Lost Innocence, HELP & CRS, 2011

⁴ status of women and children in prostitution in A.P by HELP & Action Aid

⁵ Government of India (2008). India country report: To prevent and combat trafficking and commercial sexual exploitation of children and women. Prepared for the World Congress III against Sexual Exploitation of Children and Adolescents (Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, November 2008), New Delhi: Ministry of Women and Child Welfare).

What is Human Trafficking for Commercial Sexual Exploitation {CSE}?

- ★ Trafficking for CSE is the process of recruiting, contracting, procuring or hiring a person for commercial sexual exploitation.
- ★ Trafficking is a process and CSE is the result.
- ★ Prostitution becomes an offence when there is commercial exploitation of a person.
- ★ CSE is the result of multiple abuse and abuser located and involved in the offence at different place and time.
- ★ Demand perpetuates trafficking and has resulted in the market of CSE”
- ★ Demand results in the organized network and crime of trafficking.
- ★ Demand results in the trafficking of, vulnerable persons to the market of CSE.

Definition

Section 370 (1) whoever, for the purpose of exploitation (a) recruits, (b) transports (c) harbors, (d) transfers, or (e) receives, a person or persons, by-

- ★ First- using threat, or
- ★ Secondly- using force, or any other form of coercion, or
- ★ Thirdly- by abduction, or
- ★ Fourthly- by practicing fraud, or deception, or
- ★ Fifthly- by abuse of power, or
- ★ Sixthly- by inducement, including the giving or receiving of payments or benefits, in order to achieve the consent of any person having control over the person recruited, transported, harbored, transferred or received, commits the offence of Trafficking.

Section 370 A (1) Whoever, knowingly or having reason to believe that a minor has been trafficked, engages such minor for sexual exploitation in any manner, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years, but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Section 370 A (2) Whoever, knowingly by or having reason to believe that a person has been trafficked, engages such person for sexual exploitation in any manner shall be punished With rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three years, but which may extend to five years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Myths and Facts

MYTH: Prostitution happens when individual women desire to sell their bodies. FACT : *Prostitution is the result of trafficking. It involves systematic procurement, sale transfer, solicitation and sexual exploitation of women and girls both, with or without their consent.*

MYTH: Trafficking happens to poor people. | FACT : Poverty is a contributory factor. Many cases of victims from well to do families are reported

MYTH: Traffickers are strangers. | FACT : Most of the cases reported across the world the trafficker has been a person who is known to the victim. In case the trafficker is a stranger there is some familiarity developed before they traffic the victim.

MYTH: Prostitution is a “necessary evil”, i.e., without prostitution good women would be raped. | FACT: There is no linkage between the phenomena of rape and prostitution.

MYTH: Victims are kidnapped. | FACT: Here are many cases of kidnapping for the purpose of trafficking but in recent times the modus operandi that has been used is deception and fraudulent means. Social media and technology is being actively used to traffic persons for CSE.

MYTH: Trafficking means prostitution. | FACT: Trafficking is a process and prostitution is a purpose. Trafficking also happens for various other purposes such as labour, beggary, organ sale, etc.

MYTH: Only women and girls get trafficked for CSE. | FACT: Information from all over the world shows that significant number of men and boys are trafficked for sex tourism or forced as a transgender.

MYTH: men who buy sex are unmarried or separated from wives. | FACT: The profile of men seeking paid sex shows that they could be happily married with normal families.

MYTH: Only children are trafficked, adult women take up to prostitution by choice. | FACT: A study by Central Social Welfare board revealed that 89% if wineb wgi are ubti oristutyuib tidat were ubdycted as cgukdren.

MYTH: Women and girls sell their bodies because they want easy money and are addicted to sex. | FACT: Women and girls continue in prostitution because of lack of proper economic alternatives.

MYTH: Women & girls continue in prostitution because they want to continue. | FACT: Women and girls continue in prostitution because of lack of proper economic alternatives.

MYTH: Action against sex workers would help in controlling prostitution. | FACT: Action against sex workers would result in their future exploitation, instead action against the traffickers, clients, pimps and those surviving on the earnings of women in prostitution would help in controlling trafficking.

MYTH: Prostitution is the world s oldest profession ad cannot be stopped. | FACT: Prostitution is the oldest form of exploitation of human rights and a result of trafficking. If there is a collective will, trafficking can be controlled and stopped.

Persons at risk of being trafficked for CSE?

- ★ Uncontrollable children
- ★ Illiterate/unskilled persons
- ★ Orphan children
- ★ Persons Victim of sexual abuse
- ★ Children of Single parents
- ★ Members of the family having domestic violence
- ★ Members of the family where parents are dependent on Alcohol/ drugs, etc
- ★ Adults in the family who are supposed to be the bread earner are unemployed
- ★ Families which are in debt or affected due to natural calamities

- ★ Family is dependent for financial support on the income of women and children who are illiterate and unskilled
- ★ Persons belonging to the areas effected due to armed conflict, violence etc
- ★ Persons residing in socio - economic poor areas which does not have job opportunities

Married women:

- Divorcee
- Separated
- Ill-treatment by Husband
- Extra - Marital Relationship

Above mentioned situation or reasons on its own does not lead to CSE. These may be a contributory factor. The trafficking of a person for CSE happens due to traffickers taking advantage of these situation and poor law enforcement agencies which is unable to protect the vulnerable population from being trafficked by taking action against the traffickers.

Legal Provisions

Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956 ITPA

Offences under ITPA are specific to the context of CSE. They are listed below:

- ★ Keeping or managing (or assisting in keeping or managing) a brothel or allowing premises to be used as a brothel (including vehicles) - **S.3 ITPA**
- ★ Living on earning of prostitution (even partly) – **S.4 ITPA**
- ★ Procuring, inducing, trafficking or taking persons for the sake of prostitution (**S.5 ITPA**). Even attempt to produce or take would constitute the offence
- ★ Detaining a person in any premises (brothel or any other) where prostitution is carried out - **S.6 ITPA**
- ★ Seduction of a person in custody (which includes causing or assisting seduction for prostitution of a person in custody) - **S.9 ITPA**

Indian Penal Code - IPC

- ★ Trafficking of Persons (**Section 370 and 370 A IPC**)
- ★ Displaced from her community, which tantamount to kidnapping/ abduction (**Section 361., 352,365,366 IPC may apply**)
- ★ Procured illegally (**S.366 A IPC**)
- ★ Sold by somebody (**S.372 IPC**)
- ★ Bought by somebody (**S.373 IPC**)
- ★ Imported from a foreign country (if she hails from foreign county, or even from J&K State, and is under 21 years of age – **S.366 B IPC**)
- ★ Wrongly restrained (**S.339 IPC**)
- ★ Wrongly confined (**S 340 IPC**)
- ★ Physically tortured / injured (**S.327, 329 IPC**)

- ★ Subjected to criminal force (**S.350 IPC**)
- ★ Mentally tortured/ harassed/assaulted (**S.351 IPC**)
- ★ Criminally intimidated (**S 354 IPC**)
- ★ Outraged for her modesty (**S 375 IPC**)
- ★ Subjected to perverse sexual exploitation ('unnatural offences') (**S.377 IPC**)
- ★ Defamed (**S 499 IPC**)
- ★ Subjected unlawful compulsory labour (**S.374 IPC**)
- ★ Victim of criminal conspiracy (**S 120 B IPC**)

Protection of Children from Sexual Offences (POCSO), 2012

In case the victim is a minor in age and she is commercially sexually exploited then the relevant sections related to sexual assault will apply.

Do's and Don'ts

Information :

- ★ Be vigilant about things happening in your neighborhood.
- ★ Do not give room/flat/house on rent without police verification.

Reporting:

- ★ Report any suspicious activity to Police/Sub Divisional Magistrate immediately.
- ★ Report either in person or by registered post.
- ★ Reporting can be done orally or in writing.

Witnesses:

- ★ Volunteer to act as a Pancha witness when called by police

Registration of case:

- ★ Ensure police registers a criminal case against the perpetrator under all relevant sections.
- ★ Ensure that no case is booked against the child or women.

Recording the statement of the victim:

- ★ Female victims should be interviewed by Women Police Officer. if Women Police Officer is not available involve women NGO's or counselors during interview"
- ★ Ensure that accused offenders are nowhere in the vicinity when statement is recorded"
- ★ Listen to the victim carefully and empathically.
- ★ Conduct the interview at a place where the victim is comfortable.
- ★ Avoid making value judgements, comments and criticisms"

Medical examination:

- ★ Consent of the victim for medical examination is important.

- ★ All medical examination of female victims should be done by a female doctor”
- ★ At the time of medical examination, doctors need to check if the victim is suffering from any illness or is she/he a victim of substance abuse.
- ★ Immediate medical assistance to be provided for illness and/or for addiction.

Shelter:

- ★ Shelter of the victim should be located in a safe place.
- ★ Proper security arrangements should be made at the shelter home.
- ★ Confidentiality about her location should be maintained.
- ★ At the shelter home a homely environment should be created.
- ★ Proper diet and nutrition as per the liking and interest of the victims should be provided.
- ★ Proper arrangements of medical services should be made at shelter home.
- ★ Counseling services and therapeutic support, should be provided to the victim at the shelter home.
- ★ At the shelter home legal aid, self development, self expression, skill development, etc services should be provided”

Reunification of victim with her family:

- ★ Before reunification of the victim with the family ensure that the family members are not involved in the exploitation and are fit to provide care and protection and prevent her re-trafficking”
- ★ Help the family by providing counseling and necessary support for accepting the victim and in providing care and protection to the victim.

Speedy Repatriation of victim to her home state/country:

- ★ No person of foreign nationality who is a victim of human trafficking and found to be in India without valid documents should be prosecuted under Foreigners Regulation Act.
- ★ Efforts should be made to repatriate the victim to his/her country.
- ★ Till the victim is repatriated she should be kept in a protective home managed by government or NGO.

Economic Rehabilitation:

- ★ Victims of CSE should be connected to employment, income generation, livelihood programmes, etc.
- ★ The income earned from the employment should be such that the victim is able to support herself and her dependents.

ITPA Cases registered across the State of Andhra Pradesh						
Sl. No	District	2014	2015	2016	May, 2017	Total
1	Anantapur	16	9	8	2	35
2	Chittoor	3	7	6	0	16
3	East Godavari	17	19	18	6	60
4	Guntur	12	9	9	3	33
5	Guntur Urban	39	24	17	17	97
6	Krishna	5	6	5	1	17
7	Kurnool	9	19	19	5	52
8	Prakasam	13	18	7	5	43
9	Rajamahendravaram Urban	3	3	5	10	21
10	Sri Potti Sri Ramulu Nellore	23	6	17	5	51
11	Srikakulam	4	4	7	2	17
12	Tirupathi Urban	11	12	22	7	52
13	Vijayawada City	61	34	28	10	133
14	Vishakhapatnam City	28	39	24	9	100
15	Vishakhapatnam Rural	1	0	0	0	1
16	Vizianagaram	5	6	0	1	12
17	West Godavari	11	37	24	7	79
18	YSR kadapa	6	7	16	2	31
	Total	267	259	232	92	850

(DGP of Police, Govt of AP)

Details of Missing/ Kidnapped Minor girls so far in May-2017, Andhra Pradesh				
Sl. No	Police District/Unit	Missing/ Kidnapped	Traced	Total
1	Srikakulam	32	24	56
2	Vizianagaram	33	28	61
3	Visakhapatnam Rural	17	13	30
4	Visakhapatnam City	52	44	96
5	East Godavari	64	52	116
6	Rajahmundry	20	16	36
7	West Godavari	89	67	156
8	Krishna	63	54	117
9	Vijayawada City	85	68	153
10	Guntur Rural	63	59	122
11	Guntur Urban	41	39	80
12	Praksam	50	41	91
13	Nellore	10	9	19
14	Kurnool	68	63	131
15	Anantapur	115	105	220
16	Kadapa	55	52	107
17	Tirupathi Urban	39	33	72
18	Chittoor	43	33	76
	Total	939	800	1739

No of Minor Missed 939, Traced 800, Non Traced 139. (DGP of Police, Govt of AP)

Combating Trafficking of Girls for Sexual Exploitation in Andhra Pradesh

Role of Women Development and Child Welfare:

INTRODUCTION:

- The problem of TRAFFICKING OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN for the purpose of sexual exploitation has assumed alarming proportions in recent years.
- Trafficking is prevalent at various levels : local, inter-District, Inter-State and Cross-Border.
- Includes brothel- based prostitution, sex tourism, entertainment industry and pornography in print and electronic media.
- Most of the victims have been trafficked with promises of jobs, better career prospects and marriage. Some are inducted forcibly through abduction.
- Factors Contributing to the commercial sexual exploitation of women and children:
 - » Poverty
 - » Illiteracy and lack of awareness
 - » Gender Discrimination
 - » Domestic violence
 - » Dysfunctional families
 - » Urbanization and Unsafe Migration
 - » Natural Calamities like floods, drought etc.,
 - » Changing public attitudes towards sex and morality
 - » Influence of electronic media
 - » Attraction to city life and modern lifestyles
- Apart from trafficking certain traditional forms of prostitution are prevalent, e.g. Jogins, Marthammas, Dommaras, Basavis.
- Trafficking and commercial sexual exploitation of women and children have resulted not only in violation of rights but also in very adverse physical, psychological and moral consequences for the victims, which are serious, life-long, and also life threatening.
- About 60-70% victims suffer from more than one disease including sexually transmitted diseases such as HIV/AIDS.
- The rescued victims are invariably penniless, physically ill and psychologically broken.

State Policy on Trafficking

- AP is the first State in the country to introduce a Comprehensive Policy for combating trafficking of Women & Children for Commercial Sexual exploitation.
- G.O.Ms.No.1 dt.03.01.2003, WD, CW&DW Dept was issued in which Govt. have laid down Action Plan and specific steps for
 - Prevention
 - Rescue
 - Rehabilitation – Reintegration
 - Anti-Trafficking measures
 - Health Care Services
 - Education and Civic measures
 - Housing and Civic amenities
 - Legal reforms
 - Economic Empowerment
 - Rehabilitation and Relief Fund

Programmatic Interventions

The WD&CW Dept. adopted multipronged approach & they are classified as:

- Setting up of institutional mechanisms at different levels
- Prevention
- Rehabilitation & Reintegration through Government Schemes of GoI & GOAP.
- Training and Capacity building of ICDS functionaries, Adolescents Girls, Community Vigilant Groups, Self Help Groups. Setting up of Rehabilitation and immediate financial relief for the Victims

Related Schemes and Programmes

1) ONE STOP CENTRE (OSC)

- One Stop Centre(OSC) are intended to support women affected by violence, in private and public spaces, within the family, community and at the workplace. Women facing physical, sexual, emotional, psychological and economic abuse, irrespective of age, class, caste, education status, marital status, race and culture will be facilitated with support and redressal. Under this scheme, in the first phase, one OSC will initially be established in each State/UT to facilitate access to an integrated range of services including medical, legal, and psychological support.

- One stop centers are functioning in all the 13 Districts of Andhra Pradesh.

OBJECTIVES:

1. To provide integrated support and assistance to women affected by violence, both in private and public spaces under one roof.
2. To facilitate immediate, emergency and non-emergency access to a range of services including medical, legal, psychological and counseling support under one roof to fight against any forms of violence against women.

TARGET GROUP:

- The OSC will support all women including girls below 18 years of age affected by violence.
- For girls below 18 years of age, institutions and authorities established under Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000 and the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012 will be linked with the OSC.

SERVICES:

The OSC will facilitate access to following services:

1. Emergency Response and Rescue Services
2. Medical assistance
3. Assistance to women in lodging FIR/NCR/DIR
4. Psycho-social support/counseling
5. Legal aid and counseling
6. Shelter
7. Video Conferencing Facility

S. No.	Name of the District	Address of Present Place of OSC	OSC Centre Contact number
1	Krishna	Sakhi One Stop Centre, Sk. Raja Sahib Municipal Maternity Home, Kothapet, Vijayawada, Krishna District.	0866 - 256689
2	Visakhapatnam	Sakhi One Stop Centre, Family Planning Ward, K.G. Hospital, Visakhapatnam, 530001 (Visakhapatnam District)	0891 - 2564575
3	Guntur	Sakhi One Stop Centre, Ward No. 177, Govt. General Hospital, Guntur (& District).	0863 - 2233525
4	West Godavari	Sakhi One Stop Centre, Government General Hospital, DCHS Block, Eluru, West Godavari District.	08812 - 223218

5	Chittoor	Sakhi One Stop Centre, District Hospital, Beside Store Office, Chittoor. (& District)	08572- 232444
6	Nellore	Sakhi One Stop Centre, DSR Government Hospital, Darga Mitta, SPS Nellore (& District).	0861 – 2347990
7	Kadapa	Sakhi One Stop Centre, 2nd Floor, O.P. Block, R.I.M.S, General Hospital, Kadapa-516001	08562 - 225602
8	Ananthapur	Sakhi One Stop Centre, Room.No.12 & 13, Trauma care centre, Government General Hospital, Anantapur,	08554 – 222205
9	Vizianagaram	Sakhi One Stop Centre, Near 29th Ward, Maharajah Govt. Hospital, Vizianagaram, 535003.	08922 – 277986
10	Srikakulam	One Stop Centre, R.I.M.S., General Hospital, Balaga, Srikakulam, 532001	9440416432
11	East Godavari	Sakhi One Stop Centre, Government General Hospital, 2nd floor, Room No.7 & 8, Kakinada, East Godavari Dist., 533001.	0883 – 2470185
12	Prakasham	Sakhi One Stop Centre, 2nd Floor, R.I.M.S., Hospital, Ongole, Prakasham District.	08592 – 284506
13	Kurnool	Sakhi One Stop Centre, Room No.214, Govt. General Hospital, Kurnool - 518002	8518 - 255057

2) UNIVERSALISATION OF WOMEN HELPLINE (WHL) SCHEME: NEW SCHEME

Introduction: -The Scheme of Universalisation of Women Helpline is intended to provide 24 hours immediate and emergency response to women affected by violence through referral (linking with appropriate authority such as police, One Stop Centre, hospital) and information about women related government schemes programs across the country through a single uniform number.

Objectives:

- To provide toll-free 24-hours telecom service to women affected by violence seeking support and information.
- To facilitate crisis and non-crisis intervention through referral to the appropriate agencies such as police/Hospitals/Ambulance services /District Legal Service Authority (DLSA) Protection Officer (PO) /OSC.
- To provide information about the appropriate support services, government schemes and programmes available to the woman

affected by violence, in her particular situation within the local area in which she resides or is employed.

All the existing emergency services such as police (100), Fire (101), Women Helpline (1091), hospital/Ambulance (102), Emergency Response Services (108), NALSA Helpline for free legal Services (15100) and Child Helpline (1098) will be integrated with it 181.

- The toll WHL 181 is being run on trial and is located in the premises of Mahila Pranganam, Guntur, located beside District Collector Bungalow, Toll free number **181**

3)Service Homes:

These Homes are meant for rehabilitation of socially and economically deprived categories of women i.e., deserted wives, widows, orphans and other women who are destitute shall be entitled for admission and also who having children below 5 years age into the Home, in the age group of 18-35 years. The period of stay of inmates shall be three years and Extension of stay beyond prescribed period shall be permissible by Regional Joint Director, WD&CW concerned. There are 3 Service homes functioning in the residuary state of Andhra Pradesh at kannapuram (WG), Nellore, Ananthapur.

The inmates are provided necessary training for skill upgradation in various trades and condensed courses for appearing for 7th and 10th class. Food, shelter, clothing and medical care is provided in these homes.

S.No.	Home located District	Address &Contact No.
1	Kannapuram (West Godavari)	Kannapuram Service Home, Koyyalagudem contact no. 08821-232233, 9491051574
2	Nellore	Service Home,DMSVK Mahila pranganam premises,Gandhi Nagar,Nellore. Contact .no. Smt.A.Seshu Kumari,Women Welfare officer (FAC),Service Home ,Nellore -524004 Ph.No.9390317143, Email.id pdreportsnellore@gmail.com
3	Ananthapuram	JNTU Road, Beside AP Milk Diary ANTP-515001 Contact no. Smt.Geethanjali, DW&CW officer,Service Home, Ph.NO. 9000466487 email.id.pdatpatp@gmail.com

4) State Homes :

These homes are meant for women discharged from correctional institutions i.e., jails, reformatories, borstal schools, certified schools and women who are unable to protect themselves. Children upto the age of 5 years can accompany the inmates. There are 2 State Homes are functioning in the State at Srikakulam and Rajahmundry. Food, shelter and clothing are provided besides imparting training in various trades for self-employment, wage employment/job employment. The period of stay of inmates shall be three years and Extension of stay beyond prescribed period shall be permissible by Regional Joint Director, WD&CW concerned.

S.No.	Home located District	Address &Contact No.
1	Srikakulam	Collector Road, Srikakulam town. Contact no. B.Tulasilakshmi DW&CWD officer Ph.No. 9848152739
2	Rajahmundry (EG)	Sri Kandukuri Veeresa Lingam Rashtra Stri Sadanam, Opp. Womens college, Gandhipuram, Rajamahendravaram. Contact no. vijayakumari- 9490934509

5) Ujjawala Homes:

The Ministry of W&CD, New Delhi has formulated UJJAWALA-a new Comprehensive Scheme for Prevention of Trafficking, Rescue, Rehabilitation and Re-integration of Victims of Trafficking and Commercial Sexual Exploitation. This Scheme provides for food, shelter, clothing, counseling and legal aid to the inmates of Ujjawala Homes.

At present 6 NGOs are implementing Ujjawala Scheme with five components they are: Prevention, Rescue, Rehabilitation and Re-integration and Repatriation. The Home strength is ranging from 30 - 50 beneficiaries.

There are 6 Ujjawala Homes located at Nellore, Guntur, Ananthapuram(2), West Godavari, Kadapa Districts.

S.No.	Name of the Home & Home Started Year	Addresses	Contact Person Details
1	Community Association for Rural Development (CARD) - 2010- Nellore	Mannar Polur (Village & Post), Soolluru Pet (M), SPSR Nellore-524121	MsG.Kamalakumari Ph.No.9000491844 MailID: cardnath@gmail.com
2	JMJ social Service Society- 2010- Guntur	JMJ Ujjawala Home, MJM Campus, Opp.A.N.U.	Sister.Roselina Ph.No.9177486933

		Nagarjuna Nagar, Guntur-522510	MailID: jmjujjawala@gmail.com
3	Sai Likhitha Educational Development Society (SLEDS)-2014- Ananthapuram	D.no. 99, 4 th Block, 18 th ward, MPDO office Back side, Parvathi nagar area, Kalyanadurg, Ananthapuram.	Sri G.H.Nagaraju Ph.No. 9440984298 MailID: sailikitha99@gmail.com
4	Centre for Rural Action (CERA)- 2014 - Ananthapuram	D.no.4-1133, Bramaramba colony, Opp. Postal colony, KLD road, Ananthapuram	SriS.Kullayaswamy Ph.No.9246477103 MailID: ceraatp@yahoo.co.in
5	Annie Owe Memorial Orphanage -2010- West Godavari	H.No.13-99, Vidya Nagar, Eluru, West Godavari-534007	Ms Koduri.Suseela Ph.No. 9908320943 , Ph.No.08812 - 249282, MailID: annieowe1969@gmail.com Kodurisuseela1969@gmail.com
6	Bharata Ratana Mahila Mandali - 2013 - Kadapa	D.No.4/369 J, Vivekananda Nagar, YSR Kadapa Dist..	Ms Bujjulu Ph.No. 7893550711 MailID: Brmm1987@gmail.com

Swadhar Greh:

Swadhar Greh Scheme is meant for Women in difficult circumstances with an aim to provide primary needs of shelter, food, clothing, and care besides emotional support, counseling and other services for rehabilitation of women.

At present 17 NGOs are implementing Swadhar Grehs in Andhra Pradesh. They are located at Gunturu (2), Vizianagaram, West Godavari, Visakhapatnam (3), Kadapa, Kurnool districts. . The Home strength is ranging from 50 - 100 beneficiaries.

S.No	Name of the Name of the Home	Addresses	Contact Person Details
1	JMJ Swadhar Gruha- Guntur	Opp.JMJ college for women, Tenali, Guntur Dist	Sister Nirmala Ph.No. 9490638819 Mail Id: jmjswadhar@gmail.com

2	ChaitanyaBharathi - Vijayanagaram	Plot No. 70, C.B. Colony, P.O. Cantonment, Vizainagaram – 535 003	SriK.Manmadharao Ph.No.9440343498 Mail Id: cbvz91@rediffmail.com cbvz91@gmail.com
3	AnnieOwe Memorial Orphanage West Godavari	H.No.13-99, Vidya Nagar, Eluru, West Godavari--534007	Ms Koduri.Suseela Ph.No. 9908320943 , Ph.No.08812 – 249282, MailID: annieowe1969@gmail.com Kodurisuseela1969@gmail.com
4	Kotthapet Mahila Mandali – Guntur	Venkatadri Pet, Nehru Nagar, New Guntur Railway Station, Guntur	Ms K.Rajya Lakshmi Ph.No. 9440292341,9440261961 Mail ID : kmm_csw_gnt@gmail.com Venkatpothuraju7@gmail.com
5	Society for Education and Environemnt Development (SEED)- Visakhapatnam	D.No. 1-199/3, Sapthagiri Nagar, near Alivelu mangamma Temple, Sujatha nagar(P), Visakhapatnam-51	Sri Sanyasiraju Ph.No. 9848284498 MailID: seedorg1994@gmail.com
6	Priyadarshini Service Organisation - Visakhapatnam	D.No. 45-35-27, Jagannadhapuram, Akkayyapalem, Visakhapatnam-16	Smt.G.Sumana Ph.No. 9640965227 Mail ID: sumana1098@gmail.com
7	Bharata Ratna Mahila Mandali- Kadapa	D.No.4/369 J, Vivekananda Nagar, YSR Kadapa Dist..	Ms Bujjulu Ph.No. 7893550711 MailID: Brmm1987@gmail.com
8	Shanthi Educational Society- Kurnool	D.no.84/81, Shareen Nagar, Kurnool - 518002	Sri E.V.Raju Ph.No. 9849655491 MailID: Shanthi es2001@gmail.com Evraju24@gmail.com

If you see a begging, missing, runaway, helpless children on distress situation at railway stations, bus stands, public places, parks, traffic junctions, fairs, melas please make a call or contact following numbers.

CHILDLINE : 1098

Police : 100

Project Directors, DW&CDA in the all districts in the state:

District Name	Office No.	PD Phone Number
Srikakulam	08942221276, 08942240616	9440814582
Vizayanagaram	08922277985	9440814584
Visakhapatnam	08912706156 08912503893	9440814575
East Godavari	08842368442	9440814682
West Godavari	08812242621	9440814587
Krishna	08662493197 08662487948	9440814589
Guntur	08632234159	9440814511
Ongole	08592235304	9440814506
Nellore	08612329481	9440814522
Ananthapuram	08554232337	9440814471
Chittoor	08572240334	9440814496
Kadapa	08562244039	9440814489
Kurnool	08518277721	9440814461

District Child Protection Officers in the State

S.No	District	Name	Designation	Contact No.
1	Srikakulam	K.V. Ramana	DCPO	9704557689
2	Vijayanagaram	Bh. Laxmi	DCPO	9494775411
3	Visakhapatnam	Sathya Narayana	DCPO	9440332581
4	East Godawari	VenkataRao	DCPO	9700053323
5	West Godawari	Ch. Surya Chakra Veni	DCPO	9491063810
6	Krishna	Ch. Vijay Kumar	DCPO	9441400525
7	Guntur	T. Naga Koteswara Rao	DCPO	8332980968
8	Prakasam	N. Jyothi Supriya	DCPO	9493304884
9	Nellore	B. Suresh	DCPO	9000789793
10	Chittor	Syama Suguna Kumari	DCPO	9030309292

11	Kadapa	B.Shiva Prasad Reddy	DCPO	9000900966 8332972561
12	Kurnool	Smt. Sarada	DCPO	8333840129
13	Anantapur	Dr. Subramanyam Dasari	DCPO	9491355890

**List of Open Shelters Functioning under the Administrative control of the
Dept. of Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services &
Welfare of Street Children, A.P.**

Sl.No	Name of the Open Shelter	Location	Contact No
1	Nav Bharath Educational Society, KVS Colony, Kothapet, Dhone, Kurnool	Dhone, Kurnool	08516- 222158
2	Navajeevan Bala Bhavan, Poornanandampet, Vijayawada, Krishna (District)520 003.	Poornandampet, Vijayawada	9490491833
3	Urban & Rural Development Mission, Munnangi Brahma Reddy Bhavan, Opp.Rotary Community Hall, Narasaraopet Road, Chilakaluripet, Guntur- 522616	Chilakaluripet, Guntur	9052966338
4	Sri Venkateswar mahila Mandali, D.No:5-8-11/3,2/7, Prodiapet, Guntur	Brodiapet, Guntur	9059036856
5	Nagesh Vuillage Development Sansatha, 2 nd Metro Building, KN Road, Tadepallipudem, West Godavari	Rajahmundry, East Goda vari	7729074277
6	Himagiri Rural Development Society, D.No.7/1-A, Garika palem, Ranastalam mandal, Srikakulam-532407.	Srikakulam	9848223478
7	RIDES – Ravicherla Integrated Development & Education Society	Krishna	9848043265
8	HELP – Lawyerpet Ext. Ongole	Prakasam	9949723666
9	National Environment & Educational Development (NEED)	Vizianagaram	9440252618
10	Santhi Welfare Association	West Godavari	9440886992

	(Mother Teresa Home), Kovvur		
11	Priyadarshini Service Organization, D.No.45-56-9, Saligramapuram, Visakhapatnam	Vishakapatnam	0891-2799249
12	Sri Krishna Chaitnaya Vidyavihar Childrens Trust (SKCV), Vijayawada	Krishna	8662571371

**List of Regular Homes run by the Dept. of Juvenile Welfare,
Correctional Services & Welfare of Street Children, A.P.**

Sl. No	Name of the District	Name of the Home	Name of the Superintendent	Contact No.of the Superintendent
1	Visakhapatnam	Govt. Children Home for Boys, Visakhapatnam	Sri K.Veeraiah	9100045410
2	West Godavari	Govt. Children Home for Boys, Eluru	Sri T.madhusudana Rao	9100045414
3	Chittoor	Govt. Children Home for Boys, Tirupathi	Smt.V.mahala xmi	9100045402
4	Y.S.R District	Govt. Children Home for Boys, Kadapa	SriP.Annaji	9100045405
5	Chittoor	Govt. Special Home for Boys, Tirupathi	SriN.babu Chandra Paul	9100045401
6	Visakhapatnam	Govt. Special Home for Boys, Visakhapatnam	SriB.V.Muralidhar	9100045412
7	Chittoor	Govt. Special-Cim Children Home & Observation Home for Girls, Tirupathi	SmtK.N.Bhagerathi	9100045404
8	Visakhapatnam	Govt. Special-Cim Children Home & Observation Home for Girls, Visakhapatnam	Sri.Y.V.Surya narayana	9100045413
9	Visakhapatnam	Govt. Observation Home for Boys, Visakhapatnam	SriM.Shanmukhi Rao	9100045411
10	East Godavari	Govt. Observation	SriV.Swatantr	9100045409

		Home for Boys, East Godavari	a Rao	
11	Krishna	Govt. Observation Home for Boys, Krishna	Sri B.G.K.Kasim Dora	9100045408
12	Chittoor	Govt. Observation Home for Boys, Chittoor	Sri P.V.S.Ravi Kumar	9100045403
13	Kurnool	Govt. Observation Home for Boys, Ananthapuram	Sri P.Rama Mohan Reddy	9100045406
14	Ananthapuram		Sri C.Yellappa	9100045407

Homes run by the NGOs specially of rescued victims in A.P.

Sl. No	Name of the District	Name of the Home	Name of the Superintendent	Contact No.of the Superintendent
1	PRAKASAM	Asha Sadan Rehabilitation centre c/o. HELP Machavaram N./G.Padu Mandal	Smt. M.Jayasri	7032903271

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

WD & CW Dept – Policy for combating trafficking of women and Children for Commercial sexual exploitation – Orders Issued

WOMEN DEVELOPMENT, CHILD WELFARE & DISABLED WELFARE (PROGS) DEPT.

GO MS No.1

Dated: 03.01.2003

-oOo-

ORDER:

The problem of trafficking of women and children for the purpose of sexual exploitation has assumed alarming proportions in recent years. Trafficking is prevalent at various levels-local, inter-district, Inter-State and Cross-border. Commercial exploitation of women and children takes place in various forms including brothel based prostitution, sex tourism entertainment industry and pornography in print and electronic media. There are major obstacles in assessing the exact magnitude of the problem of trafficking. However, various reports have highlighted the fact that a high percentage of victims of trafficking are from the State of Andhra Pradesh alone. Similarly, while there are no precise estimates, the available data indicate that nearly 50% of the victims belong to Scheduled Caste and up to 30% belong to the other Backward Classes.

2. Trafficking is a multi-dimensional problem encompassing a whole range of economical, social and cultural issues, which are varied and highly complex. Most of the victims have been trafficked with promises of jobs, better career prospects and marriage. Some of are inducted forcibly through abduction. Poverty and deprivation, secondary status accorded to women in society, prejudice against the girl child, weakening of the family structure, changing public attitudes towards sex and morality, the caste structure, urbanization and migration are other factors, which have contributed to the commercial sexual exploitation of women and children. Apart from trafficking, certain traditional forms of prostitution are prevalent, e.g. Jogins, Marthammas, Dommaras, Basavis.
3. Trafficking and commercial sexual exploitation of women and children have resulted not only in violation of rights but also in very adverse physical, psychological and moral consequences for the victims, which are serious, life-long, and also life-threatening. About 60-70% victims suffer from more than one disease including sexually transmitted diseases such as HIV/AIDS. The rescued victims are invariably penniless, physically ill and psychologically broken.
4. Taking into consideration the above, a comprehensive policy and action plan covering various aspects such as prevention, trafficking, rescue, repatriation, economic empowerment, health care, education, housing, legal reforms and creation of corpus fund is necessary for addressing the problem of trafficking. There is also need for planning and coordination both at the district level and the state level for addressing the deep rooted and underlying causes of trafficking and also taking adequate measures for psychological support, economic empowerment and re-integration so that the victims do not get drawn into the trade again on account of non availability of other options for livelihood.
5. As most of the components of the Action Plan have to be implemented at the District level, Government have decided to constitute District –level Committees with the following composition for taking up activities for prevention, rescue and rehabilitation of victims :

District Collector	Chairman
Superintendent of Police	Member
PD, District Rural Development Agency	Member
District Medical and health officer	Member
Representatives of the SC/ST/BC/Women Finance corporations	Member
NGOs/Prominent social workers working in related areas to be nominated by Dist Collector	Member
Project Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Agency	Convener

6. Government have also decided that the following activities shall be taken up by the District level Committees: -

PREVENTION :

Prevention of Trafficking in women and children can be achieved only by addressing the root causes. Poverty and illiteracy have been identified as two primary causes of trafficking. It is, therefore, necessary to ensure that the various schemes for eradication of poverty are focused at benefiting families in which women and children are vulnerable or are at high risk of being trafficked for sexual exploitation and commercial purposes.

- * The District Committee shall, therefore, among other measures, take the following preventive action :-
- * Create a reliable and relevant database with the help of NGOs on the high supply areas, routes, destinations, causes of trafficking, exploitation and the magnitude of the problem.
- * Create public awareness and motivate public resistance to trafficking through programmes in educational institutions, Self-Help Groups (SHGs), Women Groups, youth groups using print and visual media extensively.
- * Adopt a campaign approach /mode to combat the evils of trafficking and sexual exploitation with the help of local bodies, Educational Institutions, NGOs, etc.,

- * Organize social boycott of the persons indulging.
- * Prepare Panchayat level and Mandal level Action Plans by establishing similar committees at the Mandal and Panchayat levels.
- * Set up Community Vigilant Groups in every Panchayat especially in high-risk groups like street children, neglected children, etc., so as to prevent exploitation of their vulnerability.
- * Create a proper convergence of various benefit schemes for women and girl children to empower high-risk groups.

ANTI – TRAFFICKING MEASURES :

The District Committee shall set up an Anti-trafficking Squad in every District headed by an officer not below the rank of Deputy Superintendent of Police. The Anti trafficking Squad shall be supported by the Project Director of Women Development & Child Welfare, Probation Officers, Social Workers and other NGOs who are specially sensitized and trained for rescue and rehabilitation.

The Anti-trafficking Squad shall:

- * Be vigilant at all entry and transit points within its control area and act quickly on any report from the community Vigilant groups or from any concerned citizen on cases of trafficking.
- * Establish Contact Centers at major transit points like Bus Stops/Railway Stations to monitor migration of women and children.
- * Establish Help lines, Help-booths and support centers under the jurisdiction of each police station and assist the victims in getting immediate help.
- * Conduct rescues with sensitivity, confidentiality and care for the victims.
- * Book cases only against the traffickers and not against the victims of trafficking.
- * Enforce strictly the law against pornography including possession, production, sale and exhibition of any kind of pornographic material.

RESCUE :

The District Committee shall :

- * Immediately arrange for shelter facility for rescued victims.
- * Submit proposals for establishment of Transit Homes with facilities for trauma counseling, victims care, vocational guidance, re-integration which will be co-managed with credible NGOs, under Centrally Sponsored Scheme SWADHAR.
- * Arrange for foster care of child victims or children of victims of trafficking wherever possible.

ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT :

The District Committee shall :

- * Formulate special schemes, which will converge with existing schemes to economically empower a victim.
- * Provide guidance and assistance through Self-help Groups of victims for micro credit facility and income generating facilities.
- * Provide special assistance schemes under women's SC/ST/BC Finance Corporations for training and employment of self-employment on priority basis.
- * Establish livelihood training programmes and training-cum-production centers for victims with collaboration and support of private institutions.
- * Establish adequate marketing tie-ups.
- * Make it mandatory for NGOs supported by the Government to employ victims who will form 50% of the total staff strength.

HEALTH CARE SERVICES:

The District Committee shall :

- * Provide health cards to women and child victims ensuring free medical treatment, adequate drugs and medications in all Government Hospitals.
- * Provide care and support for HIV+ ve victims of trafficking so as to ensure holistic and non-discriminatory un-biased access to Health Services.
- * Establish Homes or support reputed NGOs to establish Homes wherever required for terminally sick victims by utilizing existing infrastructure under various Departments/Agencies.
- * Start mental Health Intervention Centers or Counseling services for victims for effective reintegration back to the mainstream society.

EDUCATION AND CHILD CARE:

The District Committee shall:

- * Establish Residential Transit Schools with proper counseling facilities in all Mandals so as to prevent second generation trafficking.

- * Make it mandatory to admit all children of victims of trafficking in Residential Schools over and above the sanctioned strength.
- * Provide free and compulsory education with support services like scholarships, supplementary Nutrition, Tuition so as to prevent Dropouts.
- * Establish Vocational Training Centers with adequate marketing links so as to provide livelihood skills for mainstream reintegration.
- * Declare the Children of trafficked women as orphans and provide benefits in SC/ST/BC Residential Institutions/Hostels/Homes.

HOUSING AND CIVIC AMENITIES :

The District committee Shall :

- * Arrange to provide victims of trafficking with electoral photo identity cards, if they are registered electors of the relevant constituency.
- * Provide white ration cards as a separate eligible category as a special case adopting existing income criteria.
- * Provide allocation of house sites to rescued persons on priority.

LEGAL REFORMS :

Government has also decided that necessary legal reforms shall be introduced for ensuring effective and speedy justice by :

- * Working on amendments of criminal procedures to ensure gender and child sensitive application of judicial processes and efficient, tight and stringent prosecution of traffickers including summary disposal of such cases ensuring proper and quick justice.
- * Making provisions in the law for confiscation of assets of exploiters and for compensation to the victims.
- * Setting up night courts so as to prevent the holding of victims in police custody at night.
- * Enacting a law for imposing fine on the traffickers and crediting the amounts to the rehabilitation fund for the victims of trafficking.

REHABILITATION AND RELIEF FUND :

The Government has also decided to utilize the existing rehabilitation and relief fund for providing relief to victims of trafficking. The fund shall be utilized for :

- * Facilitating the repatriation of victims rescued from brothels and other places of trafficking to their homes.
 - * Providing immediate and timely relief to the victims of trafficking.
 - * Meeting expenditure towards travel, clothing and other immediate necessities, urgent medical care and other contingencies for victims of trafficking or their children.
 - * Supporting and Networking with NGOs who are engaged in rescue and rehabilitation.
9. For reviewing the activities of the District Committees and achieving the required inter-departmental/multi-sectoral coordination a STATE LEVEL COORDINATION COMMITTEE under the Chairmanship of the Chief Secretary to Government is set up with the following composition :

Chief Secretary to Government	Chairman
Principal Secretary to Government, Home Dept.	Member
Principal Secretary to Government, Medical, Health & Family Welfare Dept	Member
Principal Secretary to Government, Social Welfare Dept	Member
Secretary to Government, School Education Dept	Member
Secretary to Government, Law Dept	Member
Commissioner, Juvenal Welfare, Correctional Services & Welfare of Street Children Dept.	Member
Project Coordinator, A.P.State Aids Control Society	Member
Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Dept	Member
Two Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs)/Social Workers to nominated by By the Government	Member
Principal Secretary, Women Development, Child Welfare & Disabled welfare Dept	Convenor

10. The State Level Coordination Committee will meet once in three months to review the situation relating to Trafficking and the implementation of measures for rescue, rehabilitation, reintegration and mainstreaming of the victims of trafficking.
11. All the concerned Departments are requested to take further action and issue detailed guidelines for the proper implementation of the policy. The Collectors and District Magistrates are also requested to constitute the District level committees and take up vigorous Campaigns against trafficking as well as implement the various measures envisaged for the rehabilitation of the victims of trafficking.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

SATHI NAIR
CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

To

Special Chief Secretary to Govt., PR & RD Dept,
Principal Secretary to Government, Home Dept.
Principal Secretary to Government, Medial, Health & Family Welfare Dept
Principal Secretary to Government, Social Welfare Dept
Secretary to Government, School Education Dept
Secretary to Government, Law Dept
Commissioner, Juvenal Welfare, Correctional Services & Welfare of Street Children
Dept. Project Coordinator, A.P.State Aids Control Society, Hyderabad
Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Dept
Commissioner of P.R.Dept
Commissioner of R.D.Dept.
Director for School Education, Hyderabad
Director , Medical , Health & Family Welfare, Hyderabad
All Collectors & District Magistrates (in name cover)

Copy to :

Secretary to Govt. of India, Ministry of HRD Dept of W&CD,
Shastri Bhavan, New Delhi –110 001.
Commissioner, Social Welfare,
Commissioner, Tribal Welfare,
Commissioner, B.C. Welfare,

Members of State Coordination Committee :

Dr.Sunitha Krishnan, Gen.Secretary, Prajwala, Hyderabad.
Sri. N.V.S.Rama mohan. HELP, Ongole – Prakasam Dist
The Registrat, A.P.High Cour, Hyderabad
P.S. to Spl. Secy. to Chief Minister,
P.S. to Minister (WD & CW)
General Admn (Cabinet) Dept,
P.S.to Chief Secretary to Government,
P.S. to Prl.. Secy. to Govt. WD,CW & DW Dept,
P.S. to Addl. Secy. to Govt. WD,CW & DW Dept
SF/SC.

// FORWARDED BY ORDER //

SECTION OFFICER.

Role of Project Director, District Women and Child Development Agency in Anti Trafficking (as per GO MS 1)

District Coordination Committee (DCC): The Project Director (PD), WDCW is the main stake holder in activating the District Coordination Committee to combat trafficking

The PD should

- 1 Inform the District Collector about GO MS 1 and facilitate in the formation of the committee.
- 2 Recommend the names of good anti –trafficking NGOs in the district of the collector so as to include them in the committee.
- 3 Facilitate the meeting of the District co-ordination Committee once in two months and send the proceedings to secretary, WDCW and Director, WDCW for the information to State Co-ordination Committee.

Anti Trafficking Squad (ATS): The project Director should have close co-ordination with the Anti-Trafficking squad lead by the DSP, Prior to the rescue the PD should have the following ready:

1. Inventory of items necessary to give as immediate relief to at least 75 victims such as
 - i) Cloths (Including under garments)
 - ii) Towel, Soap, Oil sachet, comb, tooth brush, tooth paste, sanitary napkins and diapersA Proper record must be maintained and periodically checked.
2. An updated list of shelter homes /fit institutions/Children’s Homes /Short stay Homes / swadhar Homes. As soon as the girls are rescued by the squad the PD along with her officers will have to perform the following functions:
 - I) Identify and separate major victims
 - II) Provide Immediate relief /welcome kit to the victims (a bag with immediate items for use)
 - III) Provide the list of shelter homes /Institutions /swadhar Homes to the police who in consultation with the PD and NGO can shift the victim to safe custody in appropriate homes till legal formalities are completed.
 - IV) Take a special note of needs of the victims who are sick, lactating mothers and pregnant. (such as diapers for babies ,sanitary napkins, milk bottle ect..)
 - V) As the convener of the DC put up the proceedings and recommendations to the District Collector who is the Chairperson of DCC for release of immediate relief of the Victims (Rs.10,000)
 - VI) Support the ATS till the victims are safely sheltered for rehabilitation in Government or NGO homes
 - VII) Ensure that no victim is restored to the family without a proper home Investigation done through the local NGO or the probation officer.

Economic Empowerment: Recommend the victims for appropriate livelihood training in Mahila Pranganam, SETWIN or NGO managed skill training which is connected to the job market. Care should be taken to ensure security of the victim.

Heath care Services: Recommended to the Chairperson of DCC for the provision of Health cards for victims for free medical treatment in all Government Hospitals for all ailments including HIV/AIDS

Education and Child Care: Liaison with District Educational Officer for admission of the victims or children of victims to residential schools. Those children put in children’s homes should avail the facility of the respective homes for education.

Housing and Civic Amenities: Recommended to the Chairperson of DCC to provide white ration cards, electoral photo identity cards and housing (under the weaker section housing scheme) for the victims.

The role of Project Director in anti-trafficking is as the Chief Liaison Officer among various departments such as District Administration, Education, Housing, Revenue, Health ect. to support the best interest of the victim to prevent re-trafficking.

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

Home – Constitution of Special Juvenile Police Units and designation Child Welfare Police Officers at all Police Stations in Andhra Pradesh in accordance with Section 107 of the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act 2015 – Notification – Orders – Issued.

HOME (SERVICES.1) DEPARTMENT

G.O.MS.NO.12

Dated: 11.02.2016

Read the following:-

From the Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad, letter C.No.21/C-71/WPC/CID/2016, dated.04-02-2016.
&&&

ORDER:

In the references read above the Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad has furnished proposal for designate the SHOs as Child Welfare Police Officer in each Police Station and the Additional Superintendent of Police / Dy. Commissioner of Police or Additional Deputy Commissioner of Police in each District and City Commissioner ate respectively, as the head of Spl.Juvenile Police Unit (SJPU) in each Unit. Under Section 107 of Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act 2015, the Government is mandated to create Special Juvenile Police Units (SJPU) at the District Level and appoint Child Welfare Police Officer (CWPO) at the Police Station Level to perform duties under Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act, 2015 while dealing with juveniles, who are in conflict –with – law and juveniles, who are in need of care and protection.

2. Government, after careful examination, hereby issue orders to designating all the Additional Superintendents of Police/ Dy. Commissioner of Police or Additional Deputy Commissioners of Police Andhra Pradesh as heads of Special Juvenile Police Units (Special Juvenile Police Units) under the direct supervision of the respective Unit Officers in districts, Joint Commissioners / Deputy Commissioners of Police (Crimes) in Commission rates and the Station House Officers/Sub Inspectors of all the Police Stations including Railways in the State of Andhra Pradesh as Child Welfare Police Officers.

NOTIFICATION

3. In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 107 of the Juvenile Justice (CPC) Act 2015, the Governor of Andhra Pradesh hereby sets up Special Juvenile Police Units for the Districts and designates Child Welfare Police Officer for each of the Police Stations with jurisdiction in co- terminus with the jurisdiction of their districts/ Commission rates and Police Stations including Railways respectively as mentioned above.

4. The Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad shall take initiative for creating child friendly environment in all the Special Juvenile Police Units and in Police Stations by providing necessary infrastructural facilities. All the designated Child Welfare Police Officers shall be provided with necessary training and orientation to safeguard the Rights of Children as envisaged in Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015 in coordination with Department of Women Development, Child Welfare & Disabled Welfare and Department of Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services & Welfare of street, Children, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

5. The Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad shall issue suitable instructions to all the Unit Officers of exhibiting the names and units of Special Juvenile Police Units and Child Welfare Police Officers in the unit headquarters and police stations at all conspicuous places and to implement the provisions of the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015 in letter and spirit.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

Dr.MANMOHAN SINGH
PRINCIPAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT (FAC)

To

The Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad

The Director, Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services & Welfare of
Street Children, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

The Additional Director General of Police, Crime Investigation Department,
Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

The Commissioner of Printing Stationary and Stores Purchase, Hyderabad

(2) Copies with a request to publish the same in Andhra Pradesh Gazette and
send 300 copies directly to the DGP, AP, Hyderabad.

The Registrar (General), High Court of Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

Copy to:

The Principal Secretary to Government, WD,C&DW Department,
Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

//FORWARDER : : BY ORDER//

SECTION OFFICER

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

The Andhra Pradesh Victim Compensation Scheme, 2015 under Section 357-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure – Notification – Orders - Issued.

HOME (COURTS-B) DEPARTMENT

G.O.Ms. No.43

Dated:15.04.2015.

Read the following:-

From the Additional Director General of Police, CID, Andhra Pradesh, Lrs.C.No.4489 & 2712/C64/CID/2012, dated 14-05-2014 and 27-11-2014.

ORDER: Whereas section 357-A was inserted in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 by Act 5 of 2009 with effect from 31.12.2009 which provides for preparation of a scheme for providing funds for the purpose of compensation to the victim or his dependents who have suffered loss or injury as a result of the crime and who require rehabilitation.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 357-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Central Act 2 of 1974), the Government of Andhra Pradesh hereby frames the following scheme for providing funds for the purpose of compensation to the victims or their dependents who have suffered loss or injury as a result of the crime and who require rehabilitation, namely:-

1. Short title, extent and Commencement:—

- (1) This scheme may be called the Andhra Pradesh Victim Compensation Scheme, 2015.
- (2) It shall extend to the whole State of Andhra Pradesh.
- (3) It shall come into force on the date of its publication in the official Gazette.

2. Definition.—In this scheme, unless the context otherwise requires:-

- (a) "Act" means the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Central Act No. 2 of 1974);
- (b) "District Authority" and "State Authority" means the District Legal Services Authority and State Legal Services Authority as defined under the Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987(Central Act No 39 of 1987).
- (c) "crime" means an illegal act of omission or commission or an offence committed against the human body of the victim;
- (d) "dependents" means wife/husband, father, mother, unmarried daughter, minor children and includes other legal heir of the victim who, on providing sufficient proof, is found fully dependent on the victim by the District Legal Services Authority;
- (e) "family" means parents, children and includes all blood relations living in the same household;
- (f) "Fund" means the victim compensation fund established under clause (3);
- (g) "Schedule" means Schedule appended to this Scheme;
- (h) "State" means State of Andhra Pradesh;
- (i) "Victim" means as defined u/s 2 (wa) of Code of Criminal Procedure 1973, including victim who is sexually exploited for commercial purposes, trafficking, sufferer of acid attack and also a dependent who is leading life on the income of the victim, and who require rehabilitation.

3. Victim Compensation Fund:—

- (1) The Government shall constitute a fund namely, Victim Compensation Fund (herein after called as VCF), under separate Head of Account and allot a separate budget/grant for the purpose of the scheme every year a sum equivalent to the expenses of the previous year or the probable expenditure requested by the State Legal services Authority.
- (2) There shall be credited to the said Fund:
 - i) budgetary allocation made by the Government;
 - ii) all grants, subventions, donations and gifts made by the Central Government, State Government, any local authority or any body whether incorporated or not or any person;
 - iii) receipts of amount of fines imposed under section 357 of the Act and ordered to be deposited by the courts in the fund;
 - iv) amount of compensation recovered from the wrongdoer/accused under clause 13 of the scheme.

- v) Donations / contributions from international / national / Philanthropist / Charitable institution / Organization and individuals.
- vi) all other sums received by or on behalf of the victims compensation from any source what so ever.
- (3) Except as otherwise directed by the State Government, all moneys credited to the Fund shall be invested in any scheduled bank or in the Treasury of the State Government.
- (4) The Home Department shall be the Nodal Department for regulating, administering and monitoring this scheme.
- (5) The State Legal Services Authority shall be accountable for its functions under the scheme and for furnishing the periodical returns of the sums distributed to them by the State Government through the Nodal Department.
- (6) The Victim Compensation Fund shall be operated by the Member Secretary of the State Legal Services Authority or the Secretary of the District Legal Services Authority, as the case may be.
- (7) The State Government may allocate such amount, as it think proper, out of Victim Compensation Fund, to constitute Emergency Fund to be operated by the concerned Commissioner of Police / District Superintendent of Police / Superintendent of Railway Police for providing quick and immediate Medical Assistance to the victim of serious injuries. Such fund shall be released on the report of the concerned Station House Officer.
- (8) All the accounts maintained for the purposes relating to Victim Compensation Fund shall be audited every year in the month of April of that year and Audit reports shall be duly submitted to the Government.

4. Application of the Victim Compensation Fund:- The fund shall be Applied for carrying out the purposes of the scheme.

5. Eligibility for Compensation:—

A victim shall be eligible for the grant of compensation if:-

- (a) the offender is not traced or identified, but the victim is identified, and where no trial takes place, such victim may apply for grant of compensation under sub section (4) of section 357-A of the Act;
- (b) the victim/claimant report the crime to the officer-in-charge of the police station or any senior police officer or Executive or Judicial Magistrate of the area within 48 hours of the occurrence.
- (c) The offender is traced or identified, and where trial has taken place, the victim/claimant has co-operated with the police during the investigation and trial of the case;
- (d) the victim/claimant shall co-operate with the police and prosecution during the investigation and trial of the case;
- (e) The income of the family should not exceed Rs.4.5 lakh per annum
- (f) The crime on account of which the compensation to be paid under this scheme should have been occurred within the Jurisdiction of the State of Andhra Pradesh.

6. Interim relief to acid attack victim:--

- (1) Not withstanding anything contained in this scheme, the state or the District Legal Services authority shall award the relief to the acid attack victims under sub-section (6) of section 357 (A) of the Act as the after case rehabilitation cost on the certificate of the officer in charge of the Police Station or the Magistrate of the area concerned, as mentioned in the schedule appended to this scheme.
- (2) The above relief shall be subject to the provision of clause 5 as may be applicable and it shall be sanctioned, drawn and disbursed to the acid attack victims by the authorities specified in clause 7.

7. Procedure for grant of compensation. —

- (1) Whenever a recommendation is made by the Court or on an application by any victim or his dependent under sub section (2) of section 357-A of the Act to the District Legal Service Authority, the District Legal Service Authority shall examine the case and verify the contents of the claim with regard to the loss or injury caused to the victim arising out of the reported criminal activity and the District Legal Services Authority may call for any other relevant information necessary in order to determine genuineness of the claims. After verifying the claim and on enquiry, shall award compensation within two months, in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme.
- (2) While granting compensation under this Scheme an undertaking shall be obtained from the victim / claimant to the extent that in case of granting subsequent compensation by the Court under section 357 (3) of the Act or under any other law, the victim/claimant to remit the excess amount received as compensation under Sec. 357-A of the Act.
- (3) The District Legal Service Authority shall decide the quantum of compensation to be awarded to the victim or his dependents on the basis of loss caused to the victim, medical expenses to be incurred on treatment, minimum sustenance amount required for rehabilitation including incidental charges such as funeral expenses etc. The compensation may vary from case to case depending on facts of each case.
- (4) The quantum of compensation to be awarded under the Scheme to the victim or his dependents shall not exceed the maximum limit as per the schedule appended to this Scheme and shall be disbursed to the victim or his dependents, as the case may be, from the VCF by the District Legal Services Authority in case of concerned Revenue District

through a cheque with a copy to the Member Secretary, Andhra Pradesh State Legal Services Authority with a copy to the Jurisdictional Court with Crime Number, Name of the Police Station, Calendar Case / Preliminary Register Case / Sessions Case Number.

- (5) Compensation received by the victim from the State / Insurance company or any other institution in relation to the crime in question, namely, insurance, ex-gratia and/or payment received under any other Act / G.O / or State-run Scheme including the compensation awarded by the State / National Human Rights Commissions or any Court / Commission shall be considered as part of the compensation amount under this scheme and if the eligible compensation amount is more than the payments received by the victim from collateral sources mentioned above, the balance amount shall be paid out of the Fund. In case of SCs & STs, the amount of compensation under this scheme is besides the compensation/benefits available to them under other Government schemes/orders.
- (6) In fixing the quantum of compensation, regard must be had to the Minimum Wages Act, Fatal Accidents Act and the schedule to the Motor vehicle Act, 1988.
- (7) The cases covered under the Motor Vehicle Act, 1988 (Central Act No 59 of 1988) wherein compensation is to be awarded by the Motor Accident claims Tribunal, shall not be covered under the scheme.
- (8) The State / District Legal Services Authority, to alleviate the suffering of the victim, may order for immediate first aid facility or medical benefits to be made available, free of cost, on the certificate of the police officer not below the rank of the Officer-in-charge of the police station or Magistrate of the area concerned, or any other interim relief as it may deem fit.
- (9) The State / District Legal Services Authority shall take into consideration of the series of surgeries undergone / to be undergone by the victim of acid attack and shall award the actual medical expenditure incurred / to be incurred.
- (10) The State/ District Legal Services Authority shall take into consideration of the interim compensation of the Emergency Fund that was awarded to the victim while passing the final award.
- (11) The State/District Legal Service Authority shall not allow any participation or representation by a legal practitioner or any other person or Institution or Non-Governmental Organization on behalf of the Victim/Claimant.
- (12) The State/ District Legal Services Authority shall take into consideration the trauma undergone by a victim of commercial sexual exploitation, trafficking (VOCSET) and the victim of the Acid attacks and the trauma undergone by a bonded labour / child labour in awarding compensation. The Authority shall take into consideration the aspects of rehabilitation, reintegration and restoration of the VOCSET.

8. Order to be placed on record:—

- (a) Copy of the order of compensation passed under this Scheme shall be placed on record of the concerned Court to enable the court to pass an order of compensation under sub-section (3) of section 357 of the Act in the event of awarding compensation even before disposal of criminal case.
- (b) Copy of order of compensation shall be placed on the record of the concerned court even after passing of final award.
- (c) The State / Dist. Legal Services Authority shall maintain the record as well as the copies of the awards passed for the purpose of future verification and auditing and they shall maintain a separate copy of the awards in a bound book year wise.

9. Limitation:

- i) No claim made by the victim or his dependents under sub-section (4) of section 357-A of the Act shall be entertained after a period of twelve months of the crime: Provided that the District Legal Services Authority, if satisfied, for the reasons to be recorded in writing, may condone the delay in filing the claim.

10. Appeal:

- (a) Any victim aggrieved of the denial of compensation / insufficiency of the award by the District Legal Services Authority may file an appeal before the State legal Services Authority within a period of ninety days from the date of award: Provided that the State Legal Services Authority, if satisfied, for the reasons to be recorded in writing, may condone the delay in filing the claim.
- (b) The State Legal Services Authority shall dispose the appeal within a period of 90 days after the services of notices to the parties.

- 11. Audit:** All the authorities receiving the funds under the scheme of VCF shall get the accounts audited every year in the April of that year and shall submit the audit report to the Govt and shall preserve the audit reports for future verification.

12. Recovery of compensation awarded to the victim from Wrongdoer/accused:

- (i) The District Legal Services Authority represented by its Secretary, if deem it proper, may institute proceedings before the competent court of law for recovery of the compensation granted to the victims or their dependents from the person responsible for causing loss or injury as a result of the crime committed by him.
- (ii) In such event, the District Legal services Authority is exempted from paying any court fee which is otherwise payable as per the Andhra Pradesh Court Fees and Suits Valuation Act, 1956.

13. Recovery of compensation in case of Fraud:-

- (a) In case the victim or his dependents have obtained an order sanctioning compensation under this scheme based on false/vexatious/fabricated complaint which is so held by the Court the compensation paid shall be recovered with 12% interest p.a.
- (b) such order/award shall be implemented by the District Collector as arrears of land revenue and the same be credited to the VCF account of the respective District Legal Services Authority.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

Dr. B. PRASADA RAO
PRINCIPAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

To

The Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.
The Additional Director General of Police (CID), Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad
The Commissioner of Printing, Stationery & Stores Purchases,
Hyderabad (Publication Wing) 2 copies for publication in the
Andhra Pradesh Gazette and with a request to furnish 200 copies of Gazette to Government.
The Member Secretary, Andhra Pradesh State Legal Services Authority,
City Civil Court, Hyderabad.
All the Chairman / Secretaries, District Legal Services Authorities
in the State of Andhra Pradesh.
All the District Collectors in the State of Andhra Pradesh.
The Commissioner of Police, Vijayawada/ Visakhapatnam.
All the Superintendents of Police, in the State of Andhra Pradesh.
The Director of Treasuries and Accounts Officer, Hyderabad.
The Pay & Accounts Officer, Hyderabad.
The Accountant General, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

Copy to:

The Registrar (Vigilance), High Court of Judicature at Hyderabad for the State
of Telangana and the State of Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.
The Joint Secretary (CS), Ministry of Home Affairs,
Government of India, New Delhi.
The Special Officer, O/o the Advocate-on-Record, for A.P., No.1,
Ashoka Road, AP Bhavan, New Delhi - 110001.
The Private Secretary to Principal Secretary to Chief Minister,
A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad.
The P.S. to the Chief Secretary to Government, A.P., Secretariat, Hyderabad.
The P.S. to Minister for Home.
The P.S. to Minister for Finance.
The P.S. to Principal Secretary to Government, Home Department,
A.P., Secretariat, Hyderabad.
The Private Secretary to Secretary (FAC) (LA&J).
The Women, Children, Disabled and Senior Citizens Department.
The Health, Medical and Family Welfare Department.
The Law (C) Department.
The Finance (EBS.VI) Department.
SF/SC.

//FORWARDED::BY ORDER//

Appendix to G.O.Ms.No.43, Home (Courts.B) Department, dated 15-04-2015.

SCHEDULE

S.No.	Description of Loss or injury	Maximum limit of compensation		
	Loss of Life (Including Dowry deaths)	a.	Age 40 years or below 40 years	Rs.3 lakhs
		b.	Age above 40 years and upto 60 years	Rs.2 lakhs
		c.	Age above 60 years	Rs.1 lakh
	Permanent disability (80% or more)	a.	Age 40 years or below 40 years.	Rs.2 lakhs
		b.	Age above 40 years and upto 60 years	Rs.1 lakh
		c.	Age above 60 years.	Rs.50,000/-
	Partial disability (Upto 80%)	a.	Age 40 years or below 40 years.	Rs.1 lakh
		b.	Age above 40 years and upto 60 years	Rs.50,000/-
		c.	Age above 60 years. Rs.25,000/-	Rs.25,000/-
	Loss of any limb or part of the body due to acid attacks irre- spective of age. Out of Rs. 5 lakhs, a sum of Rs.1.5 lakhs shall be paid within 15 days of regis- tration of crime and balance amount shall be paid within two months thereafter, as per the directions of the Hon'ble Apex Court in Laxmi (Minor) Vs. Unionn of India, dated: July 18, 2013 (W.P.(CrI.) No.129 of 2006)			Rs.5 lakhs
	Rape			Rs.2 lakhs
	Loss or injury causing severe mental agony to women and Child Victims in cases like Human Trafficking, Kidnapping and Mo- lestation etc.			Rs.50,000/-
	Rehabilitation			Rs.1.00 lakh

(P.T.O)

**SPECIAL COMPENSATION IN RESPECT OF VICTIMS OF ACID ATTACKS AND
SEXUAL EXPLOITATION FOR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES**

S.No.	Nature of Injury	Compensation (In Rs. Lakhs)
1.	Loss of life	10.00

The following expenses shall be payable in addition to compensation outlined above:

(i)	Funeral expenses	Rs.10,000/-
(ii)	Medical Expenses- Actual expenses incurred before death or on account of injury supported by bills/ vouchers but not exceeding	Rs.50,000/-

Dr. B. PRASADA RAO
PRINCIPAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

SECTION OFFICER

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH
DEPT. FOR WOMEN, CHILDREN, DISABLED & SENIOR CITIZENS (WP)

Memo.No.2323//WP.A2/2011

Dated: 02-04-2014.

Sub:- Introduction of Video Conference to Record Evidence of Victim of Sex Trafficking – Accepted - in the premises of District Legal Service Authority in each district – Further action – Requested – Reg.

- Ref:-**
- (1) From Dr, Sunitha Krishna through Email, dt:16-3-2011.
 - (2) From the Addl.DGP, CID, Hyderabad, C.No.156/C30/CID/2010, Dt: 27-01-2012.
 - (3) From the Registrar General, APHC, ROC.No.934/SO/2012, Dt: 28-09-2013 addressed to the Secretary to Govt., (LA & J), Home (Courts.B) Dept., U.O.Note.No. 10102/Courts.B3/2012-2, dt:25-11-2013.

Copies of references cited are enclosed here with.

2. With reference to the subject cited, it is to inform that the Hon'ble High Court of Andhra Pradesh has accepted the proposal made by the Government with regard to the facilities to be provided for recording Evidence through Video Conference of Victims of Sex Trafficking which can be arranged in the premises of District Legal Services Authority in each District.

3. Further, the Learned Registrar General, High Court of Andhra Pradesh has also addressed a letter to the Member Secretary, A.P.State Legal Services Authority in this behalf for taking necessary steps for arranging the facility of video conference to the victim of Sex Trafficking in the premises of the District Legal Services Authority in each District.

4. The Commissioner, Women Development & Child Welfare Department, Hyderabad and the Additional Director General of Police, A.P., CID, Hyderabad shall take further necessary action accordingly.

NILAM SAWHNEY,

PRINCIPAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

To

- (1) The Commissioner, Women Development & Child Welfare Department, Hyderabad.
- (2) The Addl. DGP, A.P., CID, Hyderabad.
- (3) The Law (LA&J) Department.

ABSTRACT

Provision of immediate relief to trafficked victims – Enhancement of immediate relief from Rs.10,000/- to Rs. 20,000/- to the Children/ Women who are rescued from trafficking - Orders – Issued.

G.O.Ms.No.28

Dated : 15-10-2012.

Read the following:-

G.O.Ms.No. 47, WDCW&DW (Prog) Dept., dt.12-7-1999.

G.O.Ms.No. 1, WDCW&DW (Prog) Dept., dt.3-1-2003.

G.O.Ms.No. 28, WDCW&DW (Prog) Dept., dt.4-7-2003.

G.O.Ms.No. 13, WDCW&DW (Prog) Dept., dt.21-4-2006.

From the Director, WD & CW, Hyderabad, Lr.No.4205/ATC/2006, Dt:05-05-2012.

ORDER:-

In the G.O.1st read above, a Relief and Rehabilitation fund was set up for providing relief to women who become unfortunate victims of atrocities, like rape, molestation, kidnapping, abduction of women and girls, dowry deaths, etc.

2. In the G.O.2nd and 3rd read above, Government have issued orders on the policy for combating trafficking of women and children for commercial sexual exploitation and Government have also decided to utilize the existing rehabilitation and relief fund for providing relief to victims of trafficking. The Government have also ordered that an amount of Rs.5,000/- or actual, whichever is lower, be paid either by the Director, Women Development & Child Welfare or the District Collectors to the children/women who are rescued from trafficking as immediate relief for the purpose of travel, clothing, medicine and other immediate necessities for the women and children rescued from trafficking.

3. In the G.O.4th read above, Govt. have issued orders enhancing the immediate relief to women and children who are rescued from trafficking from Rs.5,000/- to Rs.10,000/-

4. In the 8th meeting of the State Level Coordination Committee on Policy for Combating Trafficking of Women and Children for commercial sexual exploitation headed by the Chief Secretary, held on 07-12-2011, it was decided to increase the immediate relief to women and children rescued from trafficking from Rs.10,000/- to Rs.20,000/- and to draw the amount without budget control to provide immediate relief to trafficked victims as a similar provision was provided for SC atrocity victims. The Director, WD & CW Dept vide his letter dt.05-05-2012 has also requested the Government to issue necessary instructions in this regard.

5. After careful examination of the matter, Government hereby order that the immediate relief to women and children who are rescued from trafficking be enhanced from Rs.10,000/- to Rs.20,000/- (Rupees Twenty Thousand Only) and draw the amount without budget control.

6. The procedure laid down in the G.O.3rd read above for claiming relief and filing FIR remain unchanged and holds good.

7. This order issues with the concurrence of Finance Department vide their U.O.No.20707/144/Exp.WD/12, dt.23-8-2012. (BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

PUSHPA SUBRAHMANYAM,
PRINCIPAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT (I/c).

To

The Home Department.

The Commissioner, WD & CW Department, Hyderabad.

The Director General of Police, Hyderabad.

The Additional Director General of Police (CID), Hyderabad.

All District Collectors of Andhra Pradesh.

All Superintendents of Police of Andhra Pradesh.

The Accountant General, A.P., Hyderabad.

Copy to:-

The Pay and Accounts Officer, A.P., Hyderabad.

The Director of treasuries and Accounts, Hyderabad.

The Special Secretary to Chief Minister.

Finance (Expr.WD,CW&DW) Department.

The Commissioner, Information and Public Relations Department, Hyderabad.

The P.s. to Minister (S.E.) Department

The File / SF/ SC.

// FORWARDE BY ORDER //

SECTION OFFICER

**No.3 I05/63/2011 BC.III
GOVERNMENT OF INDEA
MINTSTRY OF INFORMATION & BROADCASTING
'A' WING, SHASTRI BHAWAN,
NEW DELHI – 110 001**

Dated the 8ths August, 2012

DIRECTIVE

Subject: Protection of identity of Children in Need to Care and Protection and juveniles in conflict with Law.

National Commission for Protection of Child Rights (NCPCR) was set up in March, 2007 under the Commission for Protection of Child Rights Act, 2005, with the mandate to ensure that all laws, policies, programmes, and administrative mechanisms are in consonance with the Child Rights perspective as enshrined in the Constitution of India and also the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child. Any person contravening these provisions is also liable to penalties, as prescribed under the provisions of Section 21 (2) of the said Act.

2. On the subject matter, the Commission has recommended that necessary directives/ set of protocols be issued to the entire print and electronic media to refrain from publishing the names, pictures, home address, school address and other parameters of their identity of such children who need to be reported upon by media on account of certain circumstances including difficult circumstances. As such disclosures only tend to leave their imprint and affect the social and mental health of children in their crucial stage of development.

3. All news & current affairs TV channels are required to abide by the provisions contained in the Cable Television Networks Rules 1994 and Rule 6(1) thereof provides that no programme should be carried in the cable service which denigrates children. Thus, by virtue of this provision, the channels are already required to carry the programmes involving children with due care, maturity and sensitivity.

4. Accordingly, all news and current affairs TV channels are hereby requested to ensure compliance of the aforesaid directives of NCPCR as also the provisions of the Cable Television Networks Rules 1994 while telecasting any content involving children. Any violation may entail stringent action as per the Cable Television Networks (Regulation) Act, 1995, rules promulgated there under and the terms and conditions of up linking and down linking guidelines.

(NEETI SARKAR)
Director (BC)

To

All News & Current Affairs TV Channels

Copy to:

1. Shri K.V.L.Narayanarao, President, News Broadcasters Association ME-5, Sah Vikas Apartments, 68, Patparganj, Delhi-110092.
2. Shri Uday Shankar, President, The Indian Broadcasting Foundation, B-304, 3rd Floor, Ansal Plaza, Khelgaon Marg, New Delhi-110049.

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH
DEPT. FOR WOMEN, CHILDREN, DISABLED & SENIOR CITIZENS (WP)

Letter. No. 3554/WP.A2/2011

Dated: 18-02-2012.

From
The Special Chief Secretary to Government,
Department for WDC&SC,
A.P.Secretariat,
Hyderabad-500 022.

To
Ms.Sangeetha Verma
Economic Adviser,
Ministry of Women and Child Development,
Government of India,
Shastri Bhawan,
New Delhi-110 001.

Madam,

Sub:- Dept. for WCD &SC – Anti Human Trafficking Units (AHTUs) Officers to Co-ordinate names of
the NGO's working in Anti Human Trafficking in the State- Nominations – Submitted – Reg.

Ref:- From the Economic Adviser, Min of W&CD, GOI, D.O Lr.No.2-5/2011-CP, Dt: 13-05-2011.

In pursuance to the reference 1st cited, the following official and (2) NGOs are nominated to Co-ordinate with AHTUs on behalf of Andhra Pradesh State for better Co-ordination and quick response to anti trafficking of women & Children and to serve as an institutional mechanism for combating the crime.

- 1 Assistant Director, Institutions & Social Issues, O/o the Director of WD & CW Department.
- 2 M/s Prajwala, NGO, Hyderabad.
- 3 M/s.HELP, NGO, Ongole.

2. I therefore request you to consider above nominations

Yours faithfully,

Sd/-

FOR SPECIAL CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

Copy to :-

The Director, WD&CW Department, Hyderabad.
The Assistant Director, Institutions & Social Issues,
O/o the Director of WD & CW Department.
HELP, NGO, Ongole

// FORWARDER : : BY ORDER //

SECTION OFFICER

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

Department for Women, Children, Disabled & Senior Citizens – Setting up Relief and Rehabilitation Fund for victims of atrocities – Consolidated instructions and modalities for providing relief to the victims of atrocities – Orders – Issued.

DEPT. FOR WOMEN, CHILDREN, DISABLED & SENIOR CITIZENS (WP).

GO MS No.28

Dated: 13.06.2011

Read the following :

1. G.O.Ms.No.47, WD CW & DW (Prog) Dept., Dt:12-07-1999.
2. G.O.Ms.No.1, WD CW & DW (Prog) Dept., Dt:03-01-2003.
3. G.O.Ms.No.28, WD CW & DW (Prog) Dept., Dt:04-07-2003.
4. G.O.Ms.No.13, WD CW & DW (WP) Dept., Dt:21-04-2006.
5. From the Director, WD & CW, Lr.No.8405/B1/09, Dt:11-12-2009.
6. From Additional Director General-CID, Hyderabad, D.O.Lr.C.No.5903/C-28/WPC/CID/2011, dt:13-05-2011.

ORDER:

In the G.O. 1st read above, a Relief and Rehabilitation Fund was set up for providing relief to the women who are victims of atrocities like Rape, Molestation, Kidnap, Dowry Harassment etc.

2. Vide G.O. 3rd read above, the scope of the scheme was widened and the procedure simplified.
3. Vide G.O. 4th read above, orders were issued enhancing the relief fund from Rs.5,000/- to Rs.10,000/- to the Children/ Women who are rescued from Trafficking.
4. Government after due consideration hereby include crimes such as Acid attacks, causing grievous injury with other weapons such as hacking, slitting of throats etc. of Women and Girls, under the purview of the Relief and Rehabilitation Fund for victims of atrocities.
5. Further, with a view to ensure effective implementation of the Scheme, Government in supercession of the orders issued vide G.O's 1st, 3rd & 4th read above, hereby issue consolidated and comprehensive instructions for implementation of the scheme as follows:-
 - (i). Whenever any atrocity is brought to notice, either by individuals or Organizations or are reported in the media, the Child Development Project Officer (CDPO) concerned/Project Director (PD) / District Women & Child Development Agency will record the case in a register immediately. The registration of the case shall immediately be done suo-moto or on the representation made to the CDPO/PD by the victim of the atrocity or her family members/ Social Worker/ any concerned citizen.
 - (ii). When the case is registered suo-moto, the CDPO having jurisdiction should report the matter to the Police Station having jurisdiction and file FIR. Whenever the family members/Social Worker(s) take up the matter, they should simultaneously register the complaint with the Police Station and obtain FIR and a copy of such FIR should be handed over to the CDPO concerned.
 - (iii) The victim of the atrocities such as rape/custodial rape/gang rape should be advised to be referred for medical examination by the Civil Assistant Surgeon in-charge of Primary Health Centre or the nearest Government Hospital.
 - (iv). After medical report is received and the charge sheet is filed, the District Collector shall, after due scrutiny, accord sanction of Compensation / Relief to the victims as per the scale and up to the limits laid down in the Annexure to this order. On the basis of the sanction accorded by the District Collector, the CDPO of the area concerned will draw and disburse the amount from the Treasury in the shape of Demand Draft/ Pay Order.
 - (v). The P.D. W & C.W. have to mobilize legal aid/support from District Legal Service Authority wherever the victim requires such legal aid/support in accordance with the Sec.357-A Cr.PC or Cr.PC New Rules or Guidelines issued to this effect.

6. The expenditure in this regard shall be debited to "2235 SS & W 02 SW – MH – 103 Women Welfare GH.11-Normal State Plan (SH) 27 Financial Assistance to Women and Girls affected by cognizable offences under Criminal Procedure Code 310 Grant-in-aid 312 Other Grant-in-aid."
7. This order is issued with the concurrence of Finance Department vide their U.O.No.741/65/Expd.WD/11, dt:27-05-2011.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

M.CHAYA RATAN
SPECIAL CHIEF SECRETARY TO
GOVERNMENT.

To

All District Collectors.

All Superintendents of Police.

The Commissioner, Women Development & Child Welfare Dept., Hyderabad.

The Principal Accountant General (Audit-I) Hyderabad.

The Accountant General (Audit-II), Hyderabad.

Copy to:

The Director General of Police, A.P., Hyderabad.

The Deputy General of Police, (PCR Cell), Hyderabad.

The Director of Treasuries and Accountants, Hyderabad.

The Pay and Accounts Officer, A.P., Hyderabad.

The Secretary to Government of India, Ministry of Welfare, New Delhi.

The Secretary to Chief Minister.

The Secretary, A.P. Public Service Commission, Hyderabad.

The Law (Scrutiny Cell) Department.

The Finance (EBS.XII) Department.

The P.S. to Minister (Women and Child Welfare).

The P.S. to Spl. Chief Secretary, WCD & SC Department.

The Commissioner, Information and Public Relations Department, Hyderabad.

S.F./S.C.

// FORWARDED : : BY ORDER //

SECTION OFFICER

**GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH
ABSTRACT**

The Women's and Children's Institutions (Licensing) Act, 1956 (Central Act No. 105 of 1956) - Framing of Rules-Orders-Issued.

DEPARTMENT FOR WOMEN, CHILDREN, DISABLED & SENIOR CITIZENS (JJ)

G.O.Ms.No. 30 ,

Dated: 27-06-2011.

Read the following:-

1. G.O.Ms.No. 18, WD, CW&DW (Prog.) Dept., Dated 11/5/2001.
2. G.O.Ms.No. 24, WD, CW&DW (JJ) Dept., Dated:15/05/2010.
3. From the Director, WD&CW Department, Lr.No.4402/A2/2010, Dt.20/05/2010 & 13/07/2010.
4. From the Director, JWCS & WSC, Lr.No.P2/393/2008, Dated 26.08.2010.

ORDER:-

The following Notification will be published in the Extra-ordinary issue of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette, Dated: 27-06-2011.

NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (1) of section 11 of the Women's and Children's Institutions (Licensing) Act, 1956 (Central Act No: 105 -of 1956), the Government of Andhra Pradesh hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

RULES

1. Short title and Commencement:

- (1) These rules may be called the Andhra Pradesh Women and Children's institutions (Licensing) Rules, 2010.
- (2) It shall come into force at once.

2. Definitions:

(i) In these rules unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) 'Act' means the Women's and Children's institutions (Licensing) Act, 1956 (Central Act No: 105 of 1956);
- (b) 'Licensing Authority' means the authority headed by District Collector at district level, for the institutions functioning within the district and the committee headed by Director, WD & CW for those functioning in more than one district or as may be declared by Government from time to time.
- (c) 'Form' means the form appended to the rules; and as placed on the web-site: <http://www.missingperson.ap.nic.in>
- (d) "Orphan" means a boy or a girl whose parents have died or an abandoned child whose parentage is not known.

- (e) Registration for issue of License: "License" means the certificate of recognition/certification granted under Rule 3.
- (f) "Child" means a boy or girl who has not completed the age of 18 years;

- (g) "Institution" means an organization or a body whether it is called an orphanage or hostel or a home for neglected women or children, widows home, working women's hostel or by any other name, maintained or intended to be maintained for reception or care or protection or welfare of women or children; or service providers providing services as helpline/counseling/for tracing missing children etc., or with such facility, even if for a single child or woman who is not excluded under the exemption clause of the Act, including such institutions run by NGOs/ CSOs/Trusts/Individuals/private persons/ organizations etc., for commercial gain or otherwise.

(ii) Words and expressions used in these rules but not defined shall have the same meaning assigned to them in the Act.

3. Grant of License:

- (i) No person/ institution /service providers shall establish or maintain an Institution / facility for women or children or for both except and in accordance with the rules herein and conditions of a License.
- (ii) All residential care institutions for children, which obtain license under these rules are deemed to be registered under section 34 (3) of J.J. Act. And thereafter, shall obtain certification as Observation Homes U/s 8(2); as Special Home U/s 9(2); as Children Home U/s 34(2); and recognition as Specialized Adoption Agency U/s 41(4); as Shelter Home U/ s 37; and as After Care Organization U/s 44 as per the procedures laid down in the JJ Act and Rules notified from time to time. Further, the Government institutions already functioning under the JJ Act are deemed to have obtained license under these rules.

Any failure to compliance with these rules, the Government or the authority empowered by the Government shall take charge of such institutions with entire premises and infrastructure along with the inmates present. Further, the management of institution shall also be liable for prosecution duly seizing all movable/immovable properties and Bank accounts etc., with them.

- (iii) All institutions which obtain License as per process under the Rules herein will be deemed to have been certified/registered/recognized as case may be, under Sec.8(2); Sec.9(2); Sec.34 (2,3); Sec.37(1); Sec.41(4); Sec.44(a) of J.J. Act 2000 and Rules issued there under.

- (iv) Every Institution functioning for the welfare/ care of Women/Children or providing services or facility whether for commercial gain or otherwise i.e., on "no-profit and no-loss" basis or for a charitable purpose etc shall obtain license from the date of commencement of these rules.

Provided that such institution established even with one child or more or are intended to be established for children shall follow the conditions or standards prescribed under Juvenile Justice Act and rules thereof. Such licensed institutions are open for verification by the authorities implementing the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act 2000 and reserves the authority of withdraw or cancel license if any granted to such institutions which are functioning contrary to the provisions of the JJ ACT.

Provided further that nothing in this Rules shall apply to the institutions maintained for women and children that are mentioned in Section 10 of the Women's and Children's Institutions (Licensing) Act, 1956.

- (iv) (a) "Licensing authority" for an institution in a district shall be a committee, consisting of District Collector, Superintendent of Police concerned with Project Director, District Women & Child Development Agency as convener.
(b) "Licensing authority" for Institutions with branches or presence in more than one district shall be the Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Department, Hyderabad.
(c) On receipt of the application along with Child Development Project Officer report and its enclosures duly recommended by the Project Director, District Women and Child Development Agency, the licensing authority shall satisfy himself, if required, by arranging/field inspections etc., and based on such reports of Child Development Project Officer and its own enquiry, download the license and grant the same as mentioned in Form- II, within 20 days of receipt of report.
(d) The Licensing authority after making such an inquiry, by an order in writing, refuse to grant a license.

Provided that the grounds for refusal to grant license or for revocation of a license already granted shall be duly communicated to the applicant or the holder of a license, as the case may be.

Provided further that the Licensing Authority shall not ordinarily, permit any licensed institution concerned to admit as inmates, persons of different sex, but may permit minors for reasons to be recorded and subject to such conditions and limitations as may be necessary in their interest (children or women).

4. Conditions for establishing/maintaining of Institution/facility /service or proposing an establishment of institution/ facility/service:

(a) The Institution applying for license shall be registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860/Companies Act, 1953/ Society (Telangana Areas) registration Act of 1350 F, Indian Trust Act; or any such Act providing for such registration.

(b) All Institutions for reception/care/protection/welfare of Women & Children shall ensure :-

- (i) Suitable accommodation in secured premises with proper protection, with basic facilities, access to education, vocational training, periodic medical check-up and follow up thereon, counseling, amenities with hygienic and sanitary conditions including potable water, quality of which should be got certified by the laboratories (notified by Government) once in every year.
- (ii) Age prescribed calorific diet, proteins and calories including local foods/local seasonal vegetables/fruits to the residents, with menu displayed in institution.
- (iii) Required specialist treatment and therapy to Disabled children by specialist institutions, preferably Government institutions.
- (iv) Home committees of women/children to encourage the participation and to respect the opinion of the residents of the institution with a redressal mechanism to sort out the problems of all residents in a speedy and systematic manner.

(c) Strict adherence to instructions, guidelines and minimum standards of care or standard operating procedures as may be prescribed by Government, Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Department, authorities concerned and the Licensing authority.

(d) The Directors/Office bearers/Trustees/ Board Members/ Office bearer/ invitees and staff of the institution shall be mentally sound and shall not have/had any criminal record or involved in any offence/ plead guilty of an offence involving moral turpitude/ financial fraud.

(e) Objectives of institution, details of name, address, occupation, qualifications of the individuals and in case of Association, that of the Directors/Board Members and staff/employees working in the institution, shall be displayed on their website duly updating the same every year, in such manner as may be prescribed by Government/Licensing authority.

(f) Whenever the institution finds a child/person whose family back ground is not known, or such a child/person is brought to their institution, they shall report the same to the nearest police station (if the Child/Person is brought to them by the persons other than the police) and shall also enter the details in the "missing and found persons" website at <http://missingperson.ap.nic.in> and inform the concerned in such manner as may be directed by the Government/Licensing Authority. If any child/person goes missing from their institution, they shall report the same to the concerned Police Station, and shall enter the same on the website of "Missing

& found persons" at <http://missingperson.ap.nic.in>.

(g) Any other institution or organization having a database/ information about missing and found persons shall also enter the same in <http://missingperson.ap.nic.in> website.

(h) Victims of Trafficking are received only by licensed/ recognized institutions for such victims such as Swadhar / Ujjwala Home or protection home meant for such trafficked victims and minor trafficked victims by institutions notified for such trafficked minor victims.

(i) Rights and entitlements of stakeholders i.e., Women/ Children under various schemes/statutory provisions are protected and ensured at all times.

- (j) Person in charge of an institution meant for women/ girls whether called Superintendent or by any other name, shall be a woman only.
- (k) Without the previous written consent of the Licensing Authority, the institution/service provider shall not;
- (i) Change its name or location as specified in the certificate. However, for reason to be justified, location change of the organization, should be intimated to the Licensing Authority within 30 days.
 - (ii) Alter the purpose or objective or activities or any service of Institution specified in the license.
 - (l) Updated report on residents/beneficiaries shall be provided to licensing authority starting with Application for License in Form-I- A with only changes to be reported at <http://missingperson.ap.nic.in> in Form-I-B for every six months thereafter and in such manner as prescribed by Government or licensing authority.
- (m) Whenever a foreign national is visiting the home or institution, the particulars about him or her shall be intimated to the respective District Collector along with the copy of his/her passport under intimation to Head of the Department concerned.
- (n) A volunteer from NGO/ Organization may be allowed to work in the home/institution by the local Project Director, District Women and Child Development Agency.
- Provided that the Project Director, District Women & Child Development Agency shall check the antecedents of the volunteers and allow if the volunteer has a sound record and character with no history of child abuse and if services provided by the volunteer will contribute to development of the residents. No male volunteer shall be allowed to stay in the girls homes/ institutions.

5. Application for License:

- (i) Every person or Institution desiring to establish or maintain an Institution or conduct/provide facility or service shall :-
 - a) Make an online application for license at <http://missingperson.ap.nic.in> to the Child Development Project Officer concerned under intimation to District Project Director in the Form-I along with particulars as required.
 - b) Upload photographs and all documents as required.
 - c) Make available all Originals to Child Development Project Officer at the time of enquiry for verification.

Provided that a person maintaining an Institution or providing a facility or service at the commencement of this Act / Rules shall, within a period of three months from such commencement, make an application for such license.
- (ii) Verification of the application:
 - (a) On receipt of the application for license, the Child Development Project Officer concerned shall inspect the institution and verify the original documents and submit online report to the Project Director, District Women & Child Development Agency.
 - (b) The CDPO shall download the copy of the application, visit the institution and verify the following:
 - 1) Objectives, antecedents and activities of the applicant/management and in case of an Association, the office bearers of the managing committee/governing body, particulars of governing body and the staff of Institution copy of Annual report, copy of Annual audited accounts, list of residents and particulars of facilities as reported in application and as mentioned in Form-I.
 - 2) All other conditions prescribed under rule 4.
 - 3) If the CDPO on verification finds any discrepancy/ in- adequacy in the information/ details submitted by the organization/ management of the home, she shall return the application to the person/officer responsible of the home for rectification and re-submission.
 - (c) Child Development Project Officer shall update the application on online with her findings and send the hard copy duly attested, to the Project Director concerned within 30 days of receipt of the application.

6. Validity of License:

- (a) A License granted under this Act will be valid for a period of three years for the institutions to be newly established.
- (b) For well established institutions adhering to all conditions and minimum standards of care as prescribed by Government / License Authority from time to time, the license may be granted for the period up to 10 years depending on the reputation and record of institution concerned.

7. License not Transferable:

- (a) A license granted under these rules shall not be transferable.
- (b) Any change in governing body/executive committee/ Management body should invariably be intimated to licensing authority.

8. Power of the Licensing Authority:

- (a) Power to give directions to manager or incharge of a licensed institution:-
Subject to the directions, if any, given by the Government, the Licensing Authority may from time to time, give such general or special directions to the manager/incharge of a recognized home/service provider as it thinks fit for the proper management of the home/facility of service. The manager/person incharge shall comply with such directions.
- (c) Delegation of powers:-

Subject to the control/directions of the State Government, the Licensing authority may, by general or special order in writing and subject to such conditions and limitations, as may be specified therein, delegate to any senior Officer/staff such of its powers and functions under this Act, as it may deem necessary, for the efficient carrying on of its administration.

9. Revocation of License: The Licensing Authority or Director, Women Development & Child Welfare or Government may, as the case may be without prejudice to any other penalty to which a person to whom a license has been granted may be liable, under this Act or any other statute, revoke the license;

- (a) if it is satisfied that the institution is not being conducted in accordance with the conditions laid down in the rules or the license;

- (b) the management of the institution is being persistently carried on in an unsatisfactory manner or is being carried on in a manner highly prejudicial to the moral/physical/mental well-being of the inmates;
- (c) the institution has in the opinion of the Licensing Authority, otherwise rendered itself unsuitable for the purpose;
- (d) If there is any instance of neglect/abuse/exploitation of the inmates, by the staff or any other person.
- (e) If complete and correct information is not provided, as prescribed by Government or licensing authority.
- (f) If information of "missing" or "found person" is not provided on website and to the concerned as prescribed.
- (g) If there is any violation of minimum standards of care and protection or guidelines as prescribed by Government and licensing authority from time to time.

Provided (i) that no order of revocation shall be made until an opportunity is given to the person to show cause as to why the certificate should not be revoked. In every case of revocation, the grounds thereof shall be communicated to the person in the prescribed manner.

Provided (ii) further that for reasons to be stated in writing and where situation warrants in the interest of inmates or residents, the licensing authority may suspend the license and order for closure of the institution without following the above proviso.

10. Appeals:

- (i) Where the licensing authority is other than the State Government, any person aggrieved by an order of the Licensing Authority refusing to grant a license or revoking a license, may within 30 days of receipt of order, prefer an appeal to the Director, Women Development & Child Welfare or to State Government against such refusal or revocation.
- (ii) The order of the State Government on such appeal shall be final.
- (iii) Serving of notices to the aggrieved Person/NGO by the Licensing Authority shall be as per the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908.

11. Cessation of Institution/Service Provider: -

- i) An institution /Service Provider shall be closed and cease to function under the following circumstance:
 - a) Where a certificate in respect of a home is revoked under Rule 9.
 - b) Where an appeal has not been preferred under Rule 10 against the order of revocation, immediately on the expiration of the period prescribed for such appeal;
 - c) Where such appeal has been preferred but the order of revocation is upheld, from the date of the appellate order.
- (ii) When any institution ceases to function under Rule 9 or Rule 10 or 16, the Licensing Authority may direct that any woman or child who is an inmate of such home shall be-
 - (a) Restored to the custody of her or his parent, husband or lawful guardian, as the case may be, provided the licensing authority satisfies itself of proper protection and care of such person and person to be restored is willing for such restoration or
 - (b) transferred to another Licensed home or
 - (c) entrusted to the care of any other suitable person:

Provided that no woman/girl child shall be entrusted to the care of any person other than a woman and the licensing authority satisfies itself of care and protection of such woman being ensured.

- (iii) Revocation/ cancellation of license shall entail blacklisting of the Institution for a minimum period of 5 years. The Institution/Service provider will become ineligible for funds from State Government/Government of India/etc., apart from action as may be warranted under other statutes/law.

12. Issue of Duplicate license.

In case, the license granted, by the Licensing Authority/Director, Women Development and Child Welfare Department, Hyderabad is lost, destroyed or mutilated, the Individual/Association may apply to the, Licensing Authority through the concerned Child Development Project Officer or Project Director for grant of duplicate license. The Licensing authority or Director/Commissioner, Women Development & Child Welfare Department, Hyderabad on being satisfied with the reasons furnished in the application etc., shall communicate the orders of issue/refusal within 30 days of receipt of application.

13. Renewal of License:

- (a) All Institutions shall apply for renewal of license 60 days prior to date of expiry of license.
- (b) The Licensing authority, if required, by causing/ facilitating visits, shall satisfy itself that all conditions/standards prescribed have been adhered to and may grant renewal for a minimum period of 3 years.

Provided that a license may be renewed on an application made within sixty days (60) from the date of its expiration, if the licensing authority is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not making the application earlier.

14. Penalty:

Any person who fails to obtain license before establishing the institution OR who fails to apply for license within the period specified for institutions already established and continues to run/ provide facilities /services OR violates any of the provisions of the rules /conditions made hereunder OR any of the conditions of a license shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to 3 months, or with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees, or with both apart from being liable for action under other provisions of law for illegal confinement of residents concerned etc.

15. Inspection:

The Commissioner/ Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Department, District Project Director, District Women and Child Development Agency or District Collector or officers authorized by them shall have the right to make surprise / periodical inspections.

Provided that any officer (who shall be atleast a first Level Gazetted Officer) authorized by them in writing, by general or

special order, may enter at all reasonable times any home for inspection and to know whether the provisions of the Act or rules, conditions of license are being complied with or not and may require the production of any document relating to the institution.

16. Surrender of license and its effect:

- (i) The Chief functionary of a institution, if specially authorized in this behalf by resolution of the managing committee, may, on giving six months notice in writing to the Licensing Authority, apply for the withdrawal of the license granted in respect of that institution. After expiry of the said period from the date of notice unless before that time the notice is withdrawn, the license shall cease to have effect; and the License of the particular unit of the organization shall cease to function.
- (ii) No woman or child shall be received into any such institution after the date of such notice; but nothing in this rule shall be construed to affect the obligation of the Chief functionary to comply with all the requirements of this Act and the rules, regulations, directions and orders thereunder until the license ceases to take effect under rule 11.
- (iii) The Children or Women/residents/stakeholders of such institution shall be admitted to similar institutions with the approval of the licensing authority or his representative.

17. Discharge of inmates of institutions:

- (i) Subject to the regulations, if any, made by the Licensing Authority the managing committee of a home is satisfied that an inmate of the institution has become fit to earn his or her livelihood or is otherwise fit to be discharged from the institution, the Chief functionary may discharge such inmate after obtaining approval of licensing Authority or officer delegated with such power.
- (ii) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (i), no female inmate of an institution shall be discharged or given in marriage or entrusted to the care of any other person unless such female has made a declaration before the licensing authority or officer specified by it in this behalf, that she consents to such discharge, marriage or entrustment, as the case may be.
- (iii) Based on the Pre-Discharge Enquiry Report (Form-III), the Discharge order (Form-IV) shall be issued.

18. Reports regarding deaths of inmates:

The Chief functionary/incharge of the home/institution shall, immediately after the occurrence of any death among the inmates/residents of the home, send a written report thereof to the licensing authority explaining the cause of death to the best of his/her knowledge, with evidence of medical reports, proof of Documents.

19. Protection of acts done in good faith:

No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person who performs any function under this Act for anything done or intended to be done in good faith under this Act or any rule, regulation, direction or order thereunder.

20. General Rules:

- (i) The State Government or the "Andhra Pradesh Society for Protection and Empowerment of Women & Children" may prescribe guidelines/regulations, monitoring systems, standards not inconsistent with this Act and the rules made thereunder, for enabling the licensing authority or functionaries concerned to perform their functions under these Rules.
- (ii) The State Government or "Andhra Pradesh Society for Protection and Empowerment of Women and Children" or a body as authorized shall monitor and evaluate the implementation of the Act/Rules annually, by reviewing matters/causing inspections or by arranging Social audit of the institution or service provider or facility concerned.
- (iii) The Government/Director, Women Development & Child Welfare shall make available the online programme with Forms, duly modifying the same, as and when required, in partnership with NIC, Government of India.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

M.CHAYA RATAN

SPECIAL CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

To

The Commissioner,

Women Development & Child Welfare Department,

A.P.Hyderabad. The Director,

Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services & Welfare of Street Children,

A.P.Hyderabad.

The Director of Printing, Stationery & Stores Purchase

(Printing Wing) Hyderabad for publication of the Notification in A.P.Gazette and for supply of 300 copies to Government.

All District Collectors.

Copy to:-

All Heads of the Departments. The P.S. to Chief Minister

The P.S. to Chief Secretary

The P.S to M (IKP, WCD&SC)

The P.S. to Spl.C.S. to Govt., Dept, for W.C.D & S.C. Law Department.

SF/SC

//FORWARDED BY ORDER//

SECTION OFFICER

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

POLICE - Setting up of Anti Human Trafficking Units (AHTUs) in four districts of A.P. at Eluru (West Godavari Dist), Guntur (Guntur Dist), Anantapur (Anantapur Dist), Karimnagar (Karimnagar Dist) and at Women Protection Cell, CID, Hyderabad, for preventing and combating crime of trafficking in persons and to bring traffickers to justice and to rescue victims – Designating Addl. D.G.P., CID as AP State level AHT Nodal Officer to supervise the AHT work across the State and to co-ordinate intra-state and inter-state AHT operations – Orders – Issued.

HOME (PS & C.A2) DEPARTMENT

GO MS No.165

Dated: 25th June, 2011

Read the following :

1. From Sri Gopal K.Pillai, Home Secretary, MHA, GOI, North Block, New Delhi vide D.O.Lr.No.15020/ 08/2007-ATC, dt.16.6.2010
2. Video Conference held on 17-03-2011 by Addl. Secretary MHA, New Delhi with all State Nodal Officers across the country to formulate a comprehensive scheme for formation of Anti- Human Trafficking Units by issuance of G.O. to start Anti-Human Trafficking Units.
3. Govt. (Home) Memo No.18875/PSC/A2/2010 dated: 30.6.2010.
4. Letter of the DGP, AP, Hyd., Lr C.No.5012/C14/WPC/CID/2010 dated: 6.8.2010.
5. Govt. (Home) Memo No.18875/PSC/A2/2010, dated: 20.11.2010 of Home Dept., A.P.
6. From the DGP, AP, Hyd., Lr C.No.5012/C14/WPC/CID/2010 dated: 10.04.2011.

-oOo-

ORDER:

The Secretary to Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi, vide reference 1st read above, has requested the Chief Secretaries of all State Governments for formulating a comprehensive scheme for strengthening law enforcement in India, by setting up dedicated Anti Human Trafficking Units (with a strength of 1- Inspector, 2- SIs, 2-HCs, 2- PCs in each Unit) in certain affected police districts to prevent and combat trafficking in persons, comprising of a group of trained sensitive officials of the police department, with the assistance of members from Women and Child Welfare Department of the State and also the members of reputed local NGOs as and when required.

2. The Addl. Secretary (CS), MHA, New Delhi, vide reference 2nd read above, has recommended the State Government to formulate a Comprehensive Scheme through a Government Order to start Anti Human Trafficking Units at five (5) places in Andhra Pradesh for the current year i.e., at Eluru (West Godavari Dist), Guntur (Guntur Dist), Anantapur (Anantapur Dist), Karimnagar (Karimnagar Dist) and at Women Protection Cell, CID, Hyderabad. The Addl. Secretary, MHA, New Delhi also recommended for formulating victim compensation scheme as per Sec. 357-A Cr.P.C.
3. Accordingly, the Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad, vide reference 4th and 6th read above, has identified five places in A.P for setting up of dedicated Anti Human Trafficking Units to combat the traffickers of all hues, and to rescue victims.
4. The Government, after careful consideration of the proposal of the Director General of Police, Hyderabad, read with the said advice of the Government of India, MHA, New Delhi have decided to establish Anti Human Trafficking Units at the following places of Andhra Pradesh and to designate the Addl. DGP, CID, Hyderabad as AP State level Anti Human Trafficking (AHT) Nodal Officer :
1) Eluru (West Godavari Dist) 2) Guntur (Guntur Dist) 3) Anantapur (Anantapur Dist)
4) Karimnagar (Karimnagar Dist) 5) Women Protection Cell, CID, Hyderabad.
5. Accordingly, the following notification will be published in the next Extra-Ordinary Issue of the Andhra Pradesh Gazette:

NOTIFICATION

(I) The Government of Andhra Pradesh hereby notify the establishment of Anti Human Trafficking Units at the following places under the direct control and supervision of the respective Superintendents of Police who will review the progress of the work turned out by these units on a monthly basis and submit a report to the State Anti Human Trafficking (AHT) Nodal Officer.

- 1) Eluru (West Godavari Dist) 2) Guntur (Guntur Dist) 3) Anantapur (Anantapur Dist) 4) Karimnagar (Karimnagar Dist)
5) Women Protection Cell, CID, Hyderabad under the control and supervision of Superintendent of Police, Women Protection Cell, CID.
- (II) And that the Addl. DGP, CID, AP, Hyderabad will be the State level Anti Human Trafficking Nodal Officer. He will supervise the Anti Human Trafficking work across the State, co-ordinate intra-state and inter-state operations to bring traffickers of all hues to justice, to rescue victims and to take up measures for rehabilitation of victims in consultation with Women and Child Welfare Department and other Departments. The Government also notifies the respective Superintendents of Police of all the Districts in Andhra Pradesh and the Commissioners of Police of all Commissionerates duly designating them as Nodal Officers for Anti Human Trafficking in their respective Units.
- (III) The **charter of duties** to be performed by the Anti Human Trafficking Units (AHTUs) is listed below:
 - A. Dealing with offences of human trafficking (HT) and providing multi disciplinary approach and ensuring a joint response by all stakeholders.
 - B. Dealing with HT as an '**organized crime**' with '**basket of crimes concept**' (involving offences of wrongful restraint, wrongful confinement, selling and buying minors for the purpose of prostitution, begging, bonded labour, gang rape, subjecting women and children to commercial sexual exploitation etc). Ensuring application of all Acts such as Immoral Traffic Prevention Act-1956 (I.T.P.A), Criminal Procedure Code (Cr.P.C), Juvenile Justice (care and protection of children) Act-2000 (J.J Act), Bonded labour system (Abolition Act-1976) and relevant penal provisions of Indian Penal Code- (I.P.C) i.e., Sec.366-A, 366-B, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 376(2)(g), 509, 341, 342, 365 IPC etc., with the help of Director of Prosecution, AP, Hyderabad.
 - C. Bringing about '**inter-departmental collaboration**' among the police and all other Government agencies and departments, such as women, Children, Disabled & Senior Citizens Dept, Labour, Health, Sarva Siksha Abhayan etc.

- D. Conducting rescue operations with the assistance of NGOs, Women & Child Department and Labour Welfare Dept whenever they receive information about trafficking activities either from police sources, or NGOs or from civil society.
- E. Ensuring registration of cases from the perspective of trafficking as a '**continuous crime concept**' i.e, from the source to the destination.
- F. Providing '**victim witness support**' till the end of the trial.
- G. Guiding and mentoring NGOs from the prosecution perspective inter alia evidence collection, victim preparation for trial etc.
- H. Ensuring '**a victim-centric approach**' which ensures the best interest of the victim / survivor and preventing secondary victimization / re-victimization of the victim as well as ensuring a gender sensitive and child rights sensitive approach in dealing with trafficked victims.
- I. Functioning as the '**grass roots unit**' for collection and development of an exhaustive database on all law enforcement aspects of the crime, including information on traffickers secret networks and trafficking gangs, which they will convey to the District and State Crime Records Bureau for further transmission to the National Crime Records Bureau. AHTUs will facilitate availability of comprehensive national level data on this criminal activity.
- J. The AHTU will attend to all the three aspects of trafficking viz., **prevention, protection and prosecution**. The AHTU will thus be the '**field level functional unit**' to address human trafficking in a holistic manner.
- K. The AHTUs will work closely with the District Administration and with Project Directors of Department for Women, Children, Disabled, Senior Citizens. They will ensure access to timely relief to victim as per Government policy vide GO Ms.No.1 of WD, CW & DW (Progs) Dept dt.03.01.2003, sanction of Interim Relief fund and other relief as per GO Ms.No.28 of Department for Women, Children, Disabled & Senior Citizens, dated: 13.06.2011 to the victims and send monthly returns to AP State Nodal Officer, ADGP, CID.
- (IV) The Addl. Director General of Police, CID being the State Level AHT Nodal Officer shall coordinate and review the work of all AHTUs from time to time.
- (V) The Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh shall take measures to setup the five (5) Anti Human Trafficking Units as mentioned above with a strength of one (1) Inspector, two (2) Sub Inspectors, two (2) Head Constables and two (2) Police Constables in each Unit under the supervision and control of the respective Superintendents of Police. The Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad, may provide the strength in the ranks of Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Police from out of the Vacancy Reserved strength sanctioned to the concerned unit. The Director General of Police, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad, will arrange for the Head Constables and Police Constables by way of attachment from the concerned district strength. He may also provide infra structure facilities and take up adequate training of police personnel for effective implementation of the scheme. He shall also formulate an implementable scheme for victim compensation as envisaged in Sec. 357-A Cr.P.C.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

P. GAUTAM KUMAR

PRINCIPAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

To

The Director General of Police, A.P., Hyderabad.

The Addl. Director General of Police, CID, Hyderabad.

The Superintendents of Police West Godavari, Guntur, Anantapur and Karimnagar

The Superintendent of Police, Women Protection Cell, CID, Hyderabad.

The Director of Prosecution (DOP), AP, DGP Office Complex, Hyderabad

Copy to:

The Commissioner of Printing, Stationery, Stores Purchase, Hyderabad
(2 copies) with a request to publish and send (200) copies of the Gazette.

The Addl. Director General of Police, Training, AP, Hyderabad.

The Addl. Director General of Police, L & O, AP, Hyderabad.

The Addl. Director General of Police, Organisation, AP, Hyderabad.

The Commissioners of Police, Hyderabad City, Cyberabad, Vijayawada and Visakhapatnam City and All Superintendents of Police of the Districts in A.P.

The Director, Andhra Pradesh Police Academy, Hyderabad.

All Regional Inspectors General of Police, AP, Hyderabad and IGP, Guntur Range.

All Deputy Inspectors General of Police of Ranges, AP, Hyderabad.

The Inspector General of Police, Protection of Civil Rights Cell, CID, Hyderabad.

The Commissioner, Women Development & Child Welfare Dept, Hyderabad.

The Secretary to Law (LA & J) Department, AP, Hyderabad.

The Director / Commissioner, Juvenile Welfare and Correctional Services Dept, Hyderabad.

The Director / Commissioner, Sarvasiksha Abhyas, AP, (Opp: LB Stadium), Hyderabad.

The Special Chief Secretary to Government, Department for Women, Children, Disabled & Senior Citizens, L-Block, Secretariat, Hyderabad.

The Principal Secretary, School Education Department, Secretariat, Hyderabad.

The Principal Accountant General (Audit-I), A.P., Hyderabad.

The Accountant General (Audit-II), A.P., Hyderabad.

Director of Treasuries and Accountants, A.P., Hyderabad.

Pay and Accounts Officer, A.P., Hyderabad.

The Secretary to Government of India, Ministry of Women & Child Welfare Dept, Sastri Bhavan, New Delhi.

The Secretary, Ministry of Home Affairs, North Block, New Delhi-1.

The Addl. Secretary (CS), Ministry of Home Affairs, North Block, New Delhi-1.

The Secretary to Chief Minister, AP, Hyderabad.

The Personal Secretary to Home Minister, AP, Hyderabad.

The Personal Secretary to Pri.Secy, Women & Child Welfare Department, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

The Secretary, A.P. Public Service Commission, A.P., Hyderabad.

The Secretary, Finance (EBS.XII) Department, A.P. Secretariat.

The Commissioner, Information and Public Relations Department, Hyderabad.

Prajwala, Ankuram, Bhumiika, Oxfam, IOM, UNICEF of Hyderabad, Shree and REDS of Kadiri, Anantapur, HELP - Ongole through ADGP, CID, AP, Hyderabad.

S.F./S.C.

// FORWARDED :: BY ORDER //

SECTION OFFICER

ANNEXURE

(to G.O.Ms No. 28,WCD & SC Dept., Dated : 13-06-2011)

SI No	CATEGORY OF OFFENCE/ ATROCITY SECTION OF IPC	PURPOSE / QUANTUM OF RELIEF
1	Outraging the modesty of women (rape) as per Sec.375 & 376 of I.P.C	i. An amount of Rs. 50,000/- to each case as follows:- ii. 25% when FIR is registered with medical report. iii. 25% after filing of charge-sheet iv. Balance 50% should be paid after completion of trail.
2	Kidnapping and abduction of women or child as per Sec. 360 & 361, 362,363, 363-A, 365 or procuration of Minor Girl U/s 366-A.I.P.C; selling minor for purpose of prostitution U/s 372 IPC.; buying minor for prostitution U/s 373 I.P.C.	Rs. 20,000/- to each victim if she is alive. If not, to the head of the family or legal guardian as the case may be, provided such person is not an accused.
3	Dowry Death (Section 304-B I.P.C) or Dowry Murder Sec 302 IPC r/w or Sec 3,4,5,6 of DP Act., Sec 306 IPC r/w with 498-A IPC	1. Rs. 50,000/- in case of dowry death. (i) Rs. 25000/- to the parents towards legal expenses. 2. In addition the following Relief/Rehabilitation measures shall be taken:- (i) If the mother is left with children they should all be admitted to the residential schools run by Welfare Departments with the permission of family head or Guardian. (ii) The facility of GCPs shall be extended to all the Girl children of the deceased, if they are eligible. (iii) In case they are not eligible for the scheme, Rs.25,000/- will be deposited in the name of the Child, in Local Nationalized Bank which the child will get after she reaches (20) years. (iv) The Government will take care of full cost of education of children up to (14) years. (v) Whenever any dowry death is recorded if the husband is a Government employee he should immediately be suspended from service, and strict action as per the Dowry Prohibition Act etc.
4	Sexual assault (rape) of minor below 18 years, (or) Gang rape Sec. 375 & 376 (2) (g) I.P.C (or) Custodial rape Sec. 376 (2) (b) or Sec.376.B I.P.C	(i) A compensation of Rs.1,00,000/- to each victim as follows:- (ii) 25% when FIR is registered along with medical report. (iii) 25% after filing of Charge-sheet. (iv) Balance 50% should be paid after completion of trial.
5	Women and Children rescued from trafficking	An amount of Rs.10,000/- to each individual per case or actual, which ever is lower, to be paid either by the Commissioner, WD & CW or the District Collector to the Children/Women who are rescued from trafficking for:- (i). Repatriation of victims rescued from brothels and other places of trafficking to their homes /transit home/rescue home. (ii). Expenditure towards travel, clothing and other immediate necessities, urgent medical care, food and accommodation expenses. (iii). As per G.O.Ms.No. 1, WD, CW 85 DW (Pro) Department, dt.03-01-2003, the Dist . Collector and PD. WD & CW will ensure all rehabilitation measures like, Economic Empowerment, Health, Education, Housing and Civic Amenities, Legal Assistance etc.,
6	Women & Girl victims of Acid attacks Based on FIR 8s Medical Report.	(i) An amount of Rs. 1,00,000/- to each victim as follows:- (ii) 50% when FIR is Registered along with Medical Report (and Free Treatment under Arogya Sree Policy).
7	Women & Children who have been Hacked or Threat Slit, or grievously injured due to attack with a weapon etc.,	(i) An amount of Rs.50,000/- to each victim as follows:- (ii) 50% when FIR is registered along with medical report (and free treatment under Arogya Sree Policy) (iii) 25% after filing of charge-sheet. (iv) Balance 25% should be paid after completion of trail.

Sd/-

M.CHYAYA RATAN,

SPECIAL CHIEF SECRETARY TOGOVERNMENT

Office of the
Addl. Director General of Police,
C.I.D.A.P. Hyderabad
Date : 07.04.2011

C.No. 156/C30/CID/2010

HANDOUT -1

Sub: Sensitization programme on amend.ments to Cr.pC for police Officers and Prosecuting Officers held at AP Police Academy on 26th March, 2011 with Hon- Reg.

The new Cr.PC amendments of 2005/2009/2010 are aimed at:

- i) Improvement in collection of material evidence (Sec.53, 53A, 54Cr.PC)
- ii) Ensuring personal liberty of accused persons in accordance with Supreme court guidelines in D.K.Basu case (sec.4r B to +r D)
- iii) Reducing the burden of police in documentation of arrests etc where not required (Sec.4rA Cr.pC)
- iv) Making the investigating officers to be more accountable while making arrests (Sec.4r(r) WPC) recording reasons in writing.
- v) Compulsory medical examination of rape case accused. (sec.53-A Cr.PC) including DNA profiling and other body fluids examination [Sec.53(2)(a)]
- vi) Enabling IO for audio-video recording of statements (Sec.16r Cr.PC) and precluding their personal appearance before the IO if need be.
- vii) Completion of investigation of child rape cases within B months irrespective receipt of medical report (Sec.r23 Cr.PC)
- viii) Conducting '**in camera trial**' in rape cases as far as possible on women Judges or Magistrates (Sec.327 A Cr.PC,Sec.327(2) Cr.PC)
- ix) Ensuring speedy justice delivery by courts (sec.309 Cr.PC) empowering trial courts not to adjourn cases unnecessarily and to examine witnesses when they attend trial courts. This Sec.3o9 Cr.PC is more relevant especially in view of pendency of.3,25,500 PT cases in Andhra Pradesh by the end of December 2o1o.
- x) Enabling the victims to prefer an appeal against any order pronounced by court either in acquitting accused or convicting for lesser offence or imposing inadequate compensation (Sec.372 Cr.PC).
- xi) Enabling courts, Legal Services Authorities for victim compensation (Sec.357-A Cr.PC) pre-supposes sanction of adequate budget for victims.

Police officers and Prosecutors should work together to enable the Criminal Justice system to function better and re-impose **confidence** of the people in the law of the land.

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

Reservation for Orphan/destitute children in Residential Institutions of Tribal Welfare, Social Welfare, B.C. Welfare, Minorities Welfare and A.P. Residential Educational Institutional Society – Orders–Issued.

WOMEN DEVELOPMENT, CHILD WELFARE & DISABLED WELFARE (JJ) DEPARTMENT

G.O.Ms.No.47,

Dated:31-08-2010.

Read :

G.O.Ms.No.34, WD, CW & DW (DW) Department, Dated: 27.09-2008.

* * * *

ORDER:-

In the G.O. read above, orders were issued for extension of the benefits of scholarships and reimbursement of fees etc., on par with Scheduled Caste students to orphans whose caste status is not known, duly treating them as casteless.

2. Government taking into consideration, various representations received for extending the benefit of reservation to orphans and destitutes in the Residential Educational Institutions, as was also discussed in the first general body meeting of the "A.P. Society for Protection and Empowerment of Women and Children" held on 11-08-2010, hereby issue the following orders:

- i Upto 3% of the seats are earmarked for orphans/ destitutes in the age appropriate class in Residential schools, Residential Junior Colleges, and Residential Degree Colleges run by Welfare Departments and Education Department. In case of excess applications, if any such student cannot be adjusted within a particular district, they may be given out of turn admission increasing the strength not exceeding 2 (two) in a class.
- ii The children who will qualify to be treated as Orphans or destitutes shall be:-
 - a. Orphans i.e., children who do not have both parents or whose parents may have deserted them and such children who do not have any other guardian to take proper care of them.
 - b. Child who has one parent and who is not in a position to look after the child and the child has been grossly neglected or such parent is mentally ill /severely disabled or terminally ill with HIV/AIDS.
 - c. Child victims of trafficking who are rejected by their families or have unsafe families (parents or family involved in trafficking themselves).
- iii. The orphan/destitute children who belong to Muslim community, if they so desire, shall be given preference for admission in the institutions run by minorities welfare department.
- iv With regard to Orphans or destitutes from Government Institutions such as children homes, juvenile homes etc, the Head of the Institution concerned will give an application and certificate in the proforma enclosed (Annexure-I).
- v (a) Head of the NGO institution who wish to admit the orphan/destitute children of their institutions, in the Residential institution concerned, must similarly make an application in the prescribed proforma (Annexure-I), to the Child Development Project Officer concerned.
 - (b) The Child Development Project Officer, Tahsildar and Mandal Parishad Development Officer shall enquire and issue Certificate of eligibility in the proforma annexed to this order (Annexure-II). They shall issue the certificate only if either of the conditions as at 2 (II) above are fulfilled. Each of them shall be responsible for ensuring that the certificate is issued after proper verification, only in favour of eligible children from such NGO institutions.
 - (c) All such applications received from NGO institutions, shall be either rejected or certificate issued as case may be, within 20 days of receipt of application.
- vi All NGOs and Government institutions established for providing shelter to "children in need of care & protection" should obtain license under Section 3 r/w Section 10 of "The Women & Children Institutions (Licensing) Act, 1956" from the Department of Women Development & Child Welfare.
- vii False claims by the head of the NGO Institution/Govt. Institution/Officers concerned shall entail disciplinary action / cancellation of license and prosecution.
- vii
 - a) All applications with appropriate enclosures, including certification by the designated officers as at 2 (v) above, shall be verified and admission accorded by the Principal of the Institution to whom such applications are made. The admission or refusal with grounds for refusal as case may be shall be given by the Principal within 15 days of receipt of application.
 - b) The Principal or the head of the institution concerned shall enter the details of all such children, who are admitted or whose admission is rejected at the specially provided window "**ORPHAN CHILD PROTECTION**" at website: <http://>

- wcdsc.ap.nic.in. This information will have restricted viewing by concerned officials only.
- ix. One of the Residential Institutions having the best facilities in every district shall be identified/notified by the District Collector as a vacation institution. All orphan and destitute children who do not have relatives or family members providing a safe and conducive environment shall be accommodated in such institution during all long vacations. The District Collector or the officer entrusted shall co-ordinate and ensure posting of selectively identified staff from the Residential Institutions to the vacation institution during vacations. Counsellors, trainers, coaches etc. from other institutions including Residential institutions could also be drafted during such vacations. All such staff shall be adequately compensated by allowing alternate leave without affecting completion of syllabus under their charge. A child friendly schedule to include sports, games, vocational training, encouraging pursuit of hobbies etc, should be followed during such vacations.
- x. Reputed NGOs having required resources, facilities and skills may be selectively identified and involved for providing requisite facilities.
3. The District Collectors and the Secretaries of the Residential School Societies concerned shall monitor closely and ensure effective implementation and protection of all such children.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

S.V.PRASAD,
CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

To

The Spl. Chief Secretary to Govt., WD, CW & DW Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad.
The Spl. Chief Secretary to Govt., Tribal Welfare Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad. The Prl. Secretary to Govt., Social Welfare Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad.
The Prl. Secretary to Govt., B.C. Welfare Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad.
The Prl. Secretary to Govt., Minority Welfare Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad. The Prl. Secretary to Govt., Higher Education Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad. The Prl. Secretary to Govt., Rural Development Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad. The Prl. Secretary to Govt., School Education Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad. The State Project Director, Rajiv Vidya Mission (SSA), Hyderabad.
The Commissioner, Disabled Welfare Department, Hyderabad.
The Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Department, Hyderabad.
The Director, Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services & Welfare of Street Children, Hyd. The Secretary, A.P. Residential Educational Institutions Society, Hyderabad.
The Secretary, A.P. Social Welfare Residential Education Institutions Society, Hyderabad.
The Secretary, A.P. Tribal Welfare Residential Education Institutions Society, Hyderabad. The Secretary, A.P. Minority Welfare Residential Education Institutions Society, Hyderabad. All District Collectors.
All Project Directors through Regional Deputy Directors concerned. All Mandal Revenue Officers through the Dist. Collectors concerned. All Mandal Parishad Development Officers through the Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Parishads concerned.
All Principals of all Residential Schools, Junior Colleges, Degree Colleges through concerned Secretaries of respective Societies.
All the NGOs who are members of the "A.P. Society for Empowerment and Protection of Women and Children".

Copy to:-

The PS to Prl. Secretary to CM. The PS to Chief Secretary.
The PS to Minister, Higher Education Department.
The PS to Minister, School Education Department. The PS to Minister, Tribal Welfare Department.
The PS to Minister, B.C. Welfare Department.
The PS to Minister, Minority Welfare Department. SF/SC.

// FORWARDED BY ORDER //

SECTION OFFICER

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

Establishing a Centre for Adolescents "YUVA" at Niloufer Hospital, Hyderabad – Orders – Issued.

WOMEN DEVEL., CHILD WELFARE & DISABLED WELFARE (JJ) DEPARTMENT

GO MS No.30

Dated: 07th July, 2010.

Read the following:-

1. Report of Dr. N. Sreerama Murty, Reader, Department of Social Work, P.G Courses, DNR College, Bhimavaram and Smt Ch.Hymavathi, CDPO, ICDS Project, Mogalturu, West Godavari on "Knowledge and Practices of Health and Hygiene among Adolescent Girls of High School in Andhra Pradesh.
2. Letter from Superintendent, Niloufer Hospital dt.20-10-2009.
3. Letter No.P2/61/09 from Dir, JW, CS & WSC, dt.25-08-09 & 26-11-09.

-oOo-

ORDER:

The Government taking into consideration, the dire need to address the emerging concerns relating to adolescent youth, have taken a decision to establish a centre for adolescents to facilitate and provide the following:-

- i) Counselling services appropriate to their age, capacities and circumstances as well as to take outreach counseling services to adolescent youth in High Schools, Junior Colleges and Degrees Colleges.
 - ii) The centre will also be the nodal training and research centre for addressing adolescent issues including providing of training to the personnel in institutions under Women Development & Child Welfare Department and other welfare departments, to equip them to discharge their duties in a more adolescent friendly manner in their respective institutions while dealing with the Adolescents in their institutions.
 - iii) The centre will also take up the study and evaluation of adolescent issues to enable the Government/NGOs and stakeholders concerned to take appropriate preventive, promotive and curative measures for promoting adolescent health and well being in all aspects.
2. The Proposed centre will be established at Niloufer Hospital in partnership with Niloufer Hospital and NGO's – "HELP" and 'Prajwala'. A committee comprising of Commissioner for WD & CW, Director, Juvenile Welfare, Dr. Hima Bindu, Associate Professor (Pediatric), Niloufer Hospital, and Sri N.V.S. Rama Mohan, HELP organization and Dr. Sunita Krishnan (who have agreed to partner in this venture) shall monitor the activities of the centre providing such guidance/ inputs/facilities as required for effective functioning of the centre. The committee shall meet as frequently as required and not less than once in a quarter with Director, Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services and Welfare of Street Children as the convener who may co-opt or invite such experts, officials as deemed necessary. The day to day activities shall be monitored by Dr. Hima Bindu, Associate Professor (Pediatric), Niloufer Hospital, who is trained in Adolescent Health and positioned as the Nodal Officer for the project activities of the centre from Niloufer Hospital, under over all guidance of superintendent of Niloufer Hospital. Principal Secretary, Health, Medical & Family Welfare Department and Principal Secretary, Women Development, Child Welfare & Disabled Welfare Department shall monitor the activities of the center.
 3. The Government hereby sanction by redeployment/conversion, seven posts and authorize the committee of Director, Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services and Welfare of Street Children and Dr. Hima Bindu to fill up the posts either on deputation or with honorarium as mentioned at Annexure following the prescribed procedure. The remaining posts of erstwhile Child Guidance Bureau shall be redeployed to the needy institutions until further orders.
 4. The senior counsellors and outreach workers in partnership with identified NGO's and trained staff of departments concerned shall in addition, cover all High Schools, Junior Colleges, Degree Colleges in twin cities with outreach counselling services to cover every institution once in two years. The centre will in due course facilitate such counseling in institutions elsewhere in the State.
 5. The Superintendent, Niloufer Hospital will provide specialist facilities etc., as per a prenotified schedule by deputing specialists/P.G. students.
 6. Once the General G.O. on remuneration payable for outsourcing personnel, is modified based on 9th PRC Scales of pay, the revised remuneration rates will be made applicable here also.
 7. The Director, Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services and Welfare of Street Children shall take further action to redeploy the telephone facility and provide other facilities and logistic support for the effective functioning of the centre "YUVA" at Niloufer Hospital.

8. This order is issued with the endorsement of Health, Medical & Family Welfare Department and approval of Finance vide its U.O.No.8043/124/ A2/SMPC/10, dt:29-04-2010 and No.12505.B/190/A2/SMPC/10, dt:05-06-2010.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

M. CHAYA RATAN,

SPL. CHIEF SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

To

The Director, Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services & Welfare of Street Children, Hyderabad.

The Director, Women Development & Child Welfare, Hyderabad.

The Superintendent, Niloufer Hospital, Hyderabad.

Sri N.V.S. Rama Mohan, HELP.

Dr. Sunita Krishnan – 'PRAJWALA'

The Project Director, AP State Aids Control Society, Hyderabad.

Copy to :

All District Collectors.

P.S to Prl. Secretary to C.M.

P.S. to Chief Secretary.

P.S to Spl. C.S. to Govt. WDCW & DW Dept.

P.S. to Spl. C.S. to Govt. MH & FW Department.

P.S. to Prl. Secretary, to Govt., Higher Education.

P.S. to Secretary to Government, School Education.

P.S. to Prl. Secretary to Govt., Social Welfare Department.

P.S. to Prl. Secretary to Govt., Tribal Welfare Department.

P.S. to Prl. Secretary to Govt., Backward Class Welfare Department.

P.S. to Prl. Secretary to Govt., Minorities Welfare.

The Finance (SMPC) Department.

The Commissioner, Backward Class Welfare.

The Commissioner, Social Welfare.

The Commissioner, Tribal Welfare.

The Commissioner, School Education.

The Commissioner, Higher Education.

SF/SC.

// Forwarded :: By Order //

SECTION OFFICER

ANNEXURE-I
APPLICATION FORM

Passport size
Photo duly
attested by
parent/Guardian/
Head of the
Institution

1. Name of Child :
2. Date of Birth :
(as per the certificate by Medical Officer OR Competent Authority)
3. Particulars of Parents/Guardian :-

Passport size Photo duly attested by Parent/ Guardian/ Head of the Institution

	Name	Whether surviving	Occupation	Annual income
Father				
Mother				
Guardian				

4. Address (Mention complete address) :

	a) Place of Birth (if not known, the place where the child was found may be written)	b) Caste (ST / SC/ BC/ Minority / Others / Casteless):

4. Particulars of Applicant since birth till date:-

RESIDENCE PARTICULARS		EDUCATION PARTICULARS		
Place of Stay / Name and address of the Institutions where resided	Period of Stay	Classes studied	Period from..... to.....	Name of the School & Address

7. License particulars :

Place :

Date :

Signature of the child/applicant

Name of Guardian

Signature of the Guardian

CERTIFICATE

CERTIFICATE BY THE CONCERNED HEAD OF INSTITUTION

I hereby certify that the information furnished by me is correct. In case the information furnished is found to be incorrect, I understand I am liable for necessary action / prosecution etc.

- a) Name :
b) Designation :
c) Signature :

Seal & Address of Institution:

Address of Head of Institution:

ANNEXURE – II

Ref: Application No: _____ dated _____ of Sri/Smt. _____ Principal / Head of Institution
_____ Village/Town _____ Mandal _____
District/Address _____ forwarding Kum/ Master _____'s
application for admission into class _____ of Residential School/ Junior College/ Degree
College at _____.

Certificate No. _____

CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY

This is to certify that Kum/Master _____ D/o,S/o _____ aged _____ of
Village/Town _____ Mandal _____ District _____ is inmate of

_____ NGO institution vide admission No. _____. He/She was admitted on _____.

This is to certify that the mother/father/both parents of the above child have expired/abandoned/ whereabouts not known since _____ / _____.

Certified by CDPO (WD&CW)

Date : _____ Signature : _____
Place : _____ Name : _____
Place : _____
Office Seal : _____

Certified by MPDO.

Date : _____ Signature : _____
Place : _____ Name : _____
Place : _____
Office Seal : _____

Certified by Tahsildar.

Date : _____ Signature : _____
Place : _____ Name : _____
Place : _____
Office Seal : _____

TO BE PUBLISHED IN PART II, SECTION 3, SUB-SECTION (II) OF THE CAZETTED OF INDIA

**Government of India
Ministry of Labour and Employment**

New Delhi, dated the 14th May, 2010.

1. S.O 1431 in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 16 of the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), The Central Government, being of opinion that having regard to the circumstances of certain establishments registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (21 of 1860), or under any other corresponding law for the time being in force it is necessary and expedient so to do, hereby exempts the following class of establishments from the operation of the said Act for a period up to the 31st March, 2015 with effect from the 1st April, 2010.
 - a) Those being wholly financed by the grants-in-aid received from the Central Government, or any State Government or State Governments, or partly by the Central Government and partly by one or more State Governments subject to the condition that grants-in-aid does not include any amount for the purpose of meeting the liability of the employer towards the employers' contribution to the provident fund or
 - b) Those being run by public, religious or charitable trusts or endowments (including maths, temples, gurudwaras, wakfs churches, synagogues, agiaries or other places of public religious workshop) or societies and Trusts for religious or charitable or other public purposes and notified as such by the Central Government under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
2. Provided that if such class of establishments run any university, any college, any school, any scientific institution, any institution in which research education, importing knowledge or training is carried on against charges or fees from the students, or run any hospital, nursing home or clinic in which any medical treatment or procedure is carried on against charges or fees from the patients, such activity shall not be exempted from the operation of the first mentioned Act.
3. Provided that the Government reserves the right to revoke and/or modify the exemption as and when it is deemed fit.

(File No.S.35014/I/2010-SS.II)

(S.D.Xavier)
Under Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

WD, CW & DW Deptt. – Adoption of Minimum Standards of Care by Institutions & Service providers providing protective and rehabilitative facilities to victims of commercial sexual exploitation/sex trafficking - Orders – Issued.

WOMEN DEV., CHILD WELFARE & DISABLE WELFARE (WP) DEPARTMENT

GO MS No.16

Dated: 24th April, 2010

Read the following:-

1. G.O.Ms.No.661, EM & SW (H1) Deptt., Dt:28.08.74
2. G.O.Ms.No.1, WD CW & DW (Prog) Dept., Dt:31-01-2003.

-oOo-

ORDER:

Government of Andhra Pradesh acknowledges that human trafficking particularly for commercial sexual exploitation is among the worst forms of human rights violation, destroying the lives of thousands of women and children. All available reports and testimonies of trafficked survivors reveal that a victim when trafficked is subjected to inhuman torture, threat and intimidation leaving deep psychological scars. Lack of holistic care and support for rescued victims, can have serious repercussions for the society, as these victims could be further re-trafficked and the crime of trafficking can go on unabated.

2. Government of Andhra Pradesh is firmly committed to combat trafficking and provide all care and support required for a victim so that she can eventually be re-integrated into the mainstream society to lead a dignified and independent life. PRAJWALA - a voluntary organization committed to the cause of anti-human trafficking has furnished "Minimum Standards of Care", in consultation with all stake holders including Government officials concerned, NGOs, victims of trafficking etc.,
3. The Government after due consideration, with a view to ensure holistic care and support for all rescued victims of commercial sexual exploitation/sex trafficking, hereby direct that the minimum standards of care as detailed in Annexure shall be adopted and adhered to by all institutions and service providers providing protective and rehabilitative facilities to victims of sex trafficking/commercial sexual exploitation. Any non-adherence, deviation or violation of the minimum standards of care shall entail cancellation of license/registration/recognition/grant-in-aid as the case may be, apart from other appropriate action.
4. Further, no institution providing such shelter shall be considered for license/registration/recognition or grant-in-aid unless the Minimum Standards of Care as prescribed are provided and fully adhered to by the institution/service provider.
5. Finally, all such institutions and service providers shall also adopt and put in place the computerized tracking system with effect from 01-06-2010 as per the software to be made available to them by the Director, W.D. & C.W. Dept.
6. This order issues with the concurrence of Finance Department vide their UO Note.3253/69/Expr. WD/2010, Dated:19-03-2010.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

M. CHAYA RATAN,

PRINCIPAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

To

The Additional Director General of Police- CID.

The Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Department.

All District Collectors.

All Superintendents of Police.

All Regional Deputy Directors of Women Development & Child Welfare Department.

All Swadhar homes & Service providers concerned through Director, Women Development & Child Welfare .

Copy to:

The Principal Secretary to Government Home Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad.

The P S to Chief Secretary, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad.

The P S to Chief Minister Government of Andhra Pradesh, Hyd.

The Commissioner Information & Public Relation.

All District Medical & Health Officers through Commissioner, Family Welfare Vidiya Vidhan Parishat, Hyderabad.

All Project Directors DRDA /Indra Kranti Padam through CEO. IKP.

All District Legal Service Authorities through A.P State Legal Service Authority.

All District Aids and Leprosy through Project Director, Aids Control Society.

All Child Welfare Committees through Director Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services & Welfare of Street Children.

The Managing Director of Housing, A.P. Hyderabad.

All District Supply Officers through Commissioner Civil Supplies Department, Hyderabad.

The Principal Secretary to Government Housing.

The Commissioner Family Welfare, A.P. Hyderabad.

The Director, Medical & Health Services, Hyderabad.

The Principal Secretary to Government, Civil Supplies Department.

The Principal Secretary to Government Education Department.

The Principal Secretary to Government Rajiv Vidya Mission.

The Principal Secretary to Government Higher Education Department.

S.F./S.C.

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SECTION OFFICER

ANNEXURE

MINIMUM STANDARDS OF CARE In Homes for Victims of Trafficking

Introduction

Anti trafficking measures comprises of prevention, protection and prosecution. It has been seen throughout the country that protection measures is the most important link to effective prevention and successful prosecution. But it is matter of serious concern that protection measures in the form of shelters have not fulfilled their objectives and poor rehabilitation measures have ended up in re-trafficking of victims.

With the aim to improve the conditions of shelter homes minimum standards of care is introduced. These standards for shelters for victims of commercial sexual exploitation / survivors of sex trafficking are those non-negotiable care components that should be integrated in any home managed either by the government or the civil society to ensure facilities for rehabilitation is in place as a matter of right of the victim. These standards will ensure that the safety, dignity and the well being of each victim are provided for. The minimum standards of care will be reviewed every two years for relevance and changed according to the contemporary information available about care and protection of victims of trafficking.

The guiding principles of these standards are:

Rights Based: All standards will ensure that the basic human rights of the victim is upheld and respected. Additionally the following rights will be a integral part of each care process:

- Right to dignity
- Right not to be re-traumatized and re-victimized
- Right to informed choices and confidentiality
- Right to self-determination and participation

Individualized and Comprehensive: The care components should be inclusive and be able to address the needs of each individual through a continuum of care opportunities for all life domains of survivors.

Equitable: The program should ensure that all services are accessible to all victims. The services are designed in a manner that facilitates people who may be facing more vulnerability or impact to have an equal access to services.

Gender sensitive: The program should be child friendly and focused on the psychological recovery of the victim. The programs will recognize the gender based vulnerabilities and risks, will be developmentally appropriate and ensure that the recovery of the victim is paramount.

Accountable: All the programs will be accountable and will be subject to mandatory external standardized care process audits.

STANDARDS OF CARE

Standard I: Location

1. Any home/shelter meant for victims of commercial sexual exploitation should be located in a residential area and should be maintained and integrated in the local scenario. The name board of the home should not reveal either the purpose or the kind of benefit it provides. The home meant for 50 residents should not be less than 5500 sq ft, which includes, different types of spaces required.
2. The location of the home should minimize risk to the residents and should have a favorable ambience (not close to a red light area, wine shop, slums or shanties and the homes should be far away from auto stands, bus stations, railway stations, road side stalls) with adequate privacy for the residents.
3. The home/shelter should be well connected with other amenities such as water, electricity, sanitation, approach road, etc. Care should be taken to ensure that the physical infra-structure allows no undesirable outside contact.

Standard II: Security

1. The home should have 24 hrs security arrangements. Without appearing custodial in nature the home should ensure adequate security to the residents. The security persons should be free of any addictions and they need to be trained.
2. All inflammatory or hazardous substances such as kerosene, petrol, pesticide, phenol, medicines, acid, bleaching powder, soaps, rat killers, especially sedatives etc) should be kept securely, out of the reach of the residents. Field security plan should be in place (fire exit marking). There should be a regular fire drill. Basements should not be used for residential purposes. Stock register of all the above mentioned hazardous substances should be maintained and regular stock taking (monthly) should be monitored.
3. For residents who are suffering from psychological disturbances any task with sharp/hazardous instruments/substances such as knives, screw drivers, ropes and wires should be avoided to extent possible and if unavoidable to be done under proper supervision.
4. All doors (bathroom, toilets, kitchen, storage, bedrooms) should have provisions for opening from outside in cases of emergency.
5. No visitors for residents should be allowed in the home without requisite vetting and permission. The home should have a visitors' policy which should include arrangements to screen and interact with visitors away from residential area within the campus. The best interest of the resident should be the guiding principle. All visits should be documented in a well maintained visitors book that will record all details such name, designation, organization/institution, address etc Proper check of staff at entry and exit should be done and CCTV cameras may be installed in visitor's room.
6. No resident should have access to mobile phones and any phone call made should be under supervision.

Standard III: Legal Custody and Arrangements for Leave from home

1. Legal custody of residents must be under the supervision of the Child Welfare Committee (if minors) or the Service providing Organization or any other competent authority dealing with the issues of women and/or children of the area as the case maybe.
2. A social worker must accompany the residents (who are at risk to coercion and exploitation) whenever she leaves the place of safety. The home should have protocol for different circumstances when the resident may leave the home unaccompanied by staff. Such protocol should be evolved by a risk assessment and riskreduction information.

Standard IV: Confidentiality

1. The resident should not be exposed to the media and complete confidentiality should be maintained about the facial and other personal

identity of the resident. This is valid at all stages from rescue to prosecution and social reintegration and thereafter. All case records especially medical records should be maintained with utmost confidentiality.

2. No information about a resident will be given to any outsider without the permission of the authorized person and the informed consent of the resident.

Standard V: Basic Infrastructure Facilities:

1. The home should be well ventilated, with adequate space (approximately @50-60 sft per resident, toilets and bathrooms at a proportion of 1:5.)
2. The home should have well ventilated kitchen, a common hall, counseling room, medical room, dining hall, bedrooms, quarantine room, storage facility and staff quarters and no basements should be used for residential purposes
3. The home should have open space for recreation, washing/drying arrangements which ensures privacy.
4. The residents of the home should have access to public facilities such as garden, playground and recreational facility etc.
5. Each resident should be provided with individual cot, bedding, 2 bed sheets, 1 blanket and pillow, mosquito nets per year.
6. Universal care processes should be established which enables the home to provide for the special care needs of HIV positives, disabled, pregnant and lactating mothers and severely sick residents without any stigmatization or isolation

Standard VI: Staff recruitment/Training:

1. Staff should be recruited only after adequate screening about their past record and assessment of their skills and attitude. Special care should be taken to ascertain any indications of past criminal record or association, psychological disorders, addictions (alcohol, tobacco, gutkha, drugs etc)
2. All staff irrespective of the post should be given induction training and adequately sensitized on aspects of trafficking, needs of trafficked residents, trauma care, first aid and counseling.
3. Standardized training module has to be developed with regular updates
4. One head of the home with a postgraduate degree, Two Trained counselors' one with MSW and other with MA Psychology with special training on trauma care should be recruited on a fulltime basis, and where one counselor is to be a resident and other may be a non-resident for better functioning. The home may also choose to use primary level peer counselors who are present in the home all the time and supported by secondary level professional counselors as mentioned above.
5. The home should have the following human resources for better operations for a average of 50 residents with
 - a. 1 fulltime resident Warden/Superintendent who should be at least a graduate.
 - b. 2 resident Cooks
 - c. 4 caretakers with a minimum SSC education
 - d. 1 Accountant cum Documentation personnel.
 - e. 2 Security personnel with a reading and writing skills
 - f. Part time life skill trainer
 - g. A Panel of Medical practitioners (both government and private) should be identified to attend to the needs of the residents at any time of requirement and appropriate budget should be extended for medical kits, transport and honorarium
 - h. For legal assistance it should be converged with existing free legal aid services. If such services are not easily available a budget may be provided for legal support and assistance till such a time mainstream services can be accessed.

Standard VII: Home Management

1. The residents should be directly involved in the day to day management of the home. All residents should be part of the general body in running the home. On democratic lines committees should be chosen from the general body which will support in the management of the home on different aspects.
2. The committee should be reconstituted every 3 months and every resident in the home should be given a chance to be an active committee member
3. All process of the committee meetings, staff meetings, general body should be well documented

Standard VIII: Induction of the residents:

1. As soon as a resident enters a home she should be received with a welcome kit which will consists of two pairs of clothes, towel, toiletry (tooth brush, tooth paste, soap, sanitary napkins, powder, shampoo sachet, hair oil, comb etc)
2. In the first one hour the new resident should be allowed to take bath and fresh in up. A light snack with water should be provided as the initial formalities are completed.
3. Older residents trained, as barefoot counselors should be given the task of receiving a new resident and introducing her to the other residents. As a part of the reception a tour of the home should be given.
4. If the resident is brought during the night she should be allowed to rest and personal profile and other documentation formalities should be taken only the next day after the resident is feeling rested.
5. Develop and establish moral support with the newcomer

Standard IX: Induction and Orientation

1. The preliminary assessment report of the new resident should be recorded on the prescribed format. The profile of the resident will be updated periodically. A photograph of the victim should be taken at the earliest suitable time.
2. As a part of the personal profile care must be taken to establish the true identity of the resident such as her real name, whereabouts of family members, community members, relatives, next of kin, address etc. Updating can be done in a phased manner and computerized
3. The resident should be provided all information regarding the procedures, rules and facilities in the home. She should be also informed about her legal and civic rights. A grievance/redress mechanism should be created
4. The resident should be informed about all the benefits she is entitled from the government such as immediate relief of Rs.10,000/ and all other rehabilitation package such as livelihood skill, livelihood options, education for her children etc as per the GO MS No 1 dated 3-01-2003.

5. The resident should also be informed and counseled about the routine medical tests and examinations she will be asked to undergo and also the tests for which she has to provide informed consent. The resident's consent for HIV test is necessary. The resident should be told why the test is being taken and the importance.
6. Only after the resident is well oriented (may take a minimum of two weeks) an undertaking should be taken by the resident on her choice to rehabilitate /reintegrate.

Standard X: Recording and Documentation

- 1) As soon as the resident is admitted her personal profile should be recorded in a specified format (annexed). The said profile should be updated regularly. The profile to be recorded only when the resident is mentally prepared for the same. The persons responsible for recording/documenting the profile should be trained mainly on communication and documentation. He/She needs to be patient with the residents and ensure authenticity.
- 2) There should be separate files maintained for each resident which should include a profile consisting of personal details, informed consent and referral records with a medical file consisting of medical reports, treatment plan and prescriptions. Confidentiality to be well maintained especially in the case of residents being HIV positive.
- 3) Separate registers should be maintained for attendance, visitors, incoming/outgoing and restoration/ reintroduction.
- 4) There should be a victim care plan which should take into consideration the educational background and interests/talents/skills of the victim (to be recorded in a prescribed format for all residents and kept in the personal profile). Individual care plans should be made based on this and appropriate training to be imparted taking into consideration the emerging areas of human resource requirements. This care plan should be updated from time to time for each resident even after repatriation and follow up.

Standard XI: Tracking Systems

1. Homes should maintain all relevant details on the resident after the rescue process (FIR copy, remand dairy). A complete record of the resident's contact information (names of relatives, address, phone number etc.) should be maintained in the resident's confidential file. Authenticity of the resident's information should be ensured. A recent/latest passport size photo of the resident should also be kept in the confidential folder. Profiles of the close associates to be secured & maintained. All relevant information should be comprehensive and form a part of the initial assessments.

Standard XII: Health and Medical Support

1. Immediately after a resident is admitted she should be provided immediate medical support (check up, treatment for immediate ailment etc). Pediatric support should be given for children accompanied and a check up by a gynecologist if the woman is pregnant
2. Medical Tests for HIV/AIDS should be done only after the resident gives her informed consent.
3. Each home should have facilities for health check-ups by a registered medical practitioner, gynecologist, pediatrician, referral to external medical experts, hospitals, and facilities for hospitalization, on an as-needed basis
4. Home should have trained caretakers to provide appropriate care and support for HIV positive residents for early management of opportunistic symptoms. All staff in the Home must be trained in HIV care and support
5. Home should have referral networks with mental health professionals (psychologist, psychiatrist, psycho-therapist etc) and mental health institutions for immediate and timely support for psychologically disturbed residents
6. Home should have referral network with de-addiction centers for those residents who have a problem of substance abuse/alcohol addiction
7. Each home should have a first aid box with basic medicines and equipments such as thermometer and updated medical record of each resident. It should be replenished on a regular basis and medicines should be checked regularly for their expiry date
8. Home should have arrangement for caretakers who will escort residents during hospitalization and also facilities for transportation of a sick resident
9. Home should maintain proper registration of births and deaths.
10. Home should have a corpus fund for health related emergencies such as special health conditions, funeral rites
11. At each Home, safe drinking water, sufficient number of bathrooms and toilets, fans and proper ventilation, mosquito nets and proper drainage systems should be in place to ensure the health of all residents.
12. Residents should be provided a nutritious diet. Care should be taken to cater to special needs of residents who are HIV positive, lactating mothers as per the diet chart. The menu for the week should be a part of the home committee decisions.

Standard XIII: Counseling and Therapeutic Support

1. There should be both professional and Peer counselors-preferably female- in a home who would provide immediate trauma care and long term counseling for the residents.
2. The ambience of the home should be therapeutic in terms of nonjudgmental attitude of the staff, along with avenues for relaxation, recreation and spiritual growth and activities for executing responsibilities and to gain confidence and control. Illustrated activities include indoor & outdoor sports, physical exercise, cultural activities, workshops, study material, magazines, music, meditation, yoga, gardening etc.
3. There should be both individual and group counseling for the residents. Peer counseling including group discussions should also be promoted.
4. Residents showing symptoms of psychiatric disorders should be immediately referred to professional psychiatrist.

Standard XIV: Life Skills

1. There should be daily classes for residents on life skills such as grooming, socialization, communication, conflict management, stress management and leadership. Both formal and informal processes, including mentoring and exposure visits should be used.
2. Innovative and creative tools of teaching life skills should be used such as art/craft etc which will restore a sense of well being and dignity.

Standard XV: Education

1. Residents who have no formal education should be helped to obtain education through Akshara Jyothi, Vidya program or any other

adult education program.

2. Residents who have basic literacy and have an aptitude for further education should be helped to enroll in NFE programs including open school/university for continuum of educational process.
3. Take all measure to mainstream minor residents in normal schools on priority basis.
4. Children of residents should be admitted to either residential hostels or in schools. If in private schools, join through sponsorship preferably from Government. If in Government School the government should take care of all the expenses for education. Any decision to send the resident from the shelter to any outside place should be taken only after security concerns are satisfactory.

Standard XVI: Diet & Nutrition

1. Home committee should prepare weekly diet chart for the home in consultation with the Superintendent/Warden. Care should be taken to ensure the needs of the residents are incorporated as much as possible.
2. Special diet chart should be prepared for lactating mothers, infants, and pregnant residents, residents with special conditions such as HIV/AIDS, diabetes etc and sick/bedridden residents

Standard XVII: Livelihood Training

1. Residents should be admitted to livelihood training within two months after admission to shelter/home.
2. In collaboration with reputed technical training institutes (Mahila Pranganam, SETWIN, ITI, Community Polytechnic) viable, sustainable and job oriented trades should be taught to the residents. The residents must be allowed to appear for certificate exams or diploma by government or reputed certified agencies such Intermediate Board, State Board for Technical Education for better employability.
3. It should be ensured that all livelihood training should lead to job placement after the stay in the home.
4. Corporate tie up should be explored for developing livelihood training which increases the employability of the resident.

Standard XVIII: Livelihood Option/Economic Empowerment

1. Economic Rehabilitation Plan for each resident should be developed. Formation of SHG must be encouraged to access micro-credit finance, start placement services for open employment, support for starting small businesses etc.

Standard XIX: Legal Aid/ Assistance

1. The home should have a part time professional legal advisor (reputed advocate) who could provide legal aid/assistance to the residents.
2. Tie up should be made with enforcement agencies to recover all properties of the victim from the place of exploitation.
3. The residents should be provided all assistance if she is a witness in a case and if need be additional protection as a part of victim witness protection. Care must be taken to take complete consent of the resident for her to become a witness.
4. The legal advisor should provide the residents preparation for trial (through mock trial or any other role play/ discussion method). Legal assistance shall be provided unconditionally, that is it shall not be conditional upon the victim/survivor's willingness to serve as a witness. Use existing legal aid/assistance structures fully, and in case of non-availability of Govt. legal aid cell, services of an advocate may be used.

Standard XX: Civic Benefits

1. A requisition on behalf of the resident in the prescribed format should be submitted to the District Collector through the Project Director, Women Development Child Welfare for allocation of housing, ration card, voters ID and other civic benefits entitled as rehabilitation package for the resident. Care should be taken that these benefits reach the resident within a stipulated period of 6 months after being rescued. It should be further ensured that these benefits do not stigmatize the resident but instead mainstream the benefits with the family/community. It should also provide benefits for the second generation taking care to see that it reaches the male child also.

Standard XXI: Restoration and Repatriation

1. Any formalities for the restoration/repatriation process should begin only after getting the informed consent of the resident.
2. Restoration/repatriation plan for a resident should be undertaken only after a complete home investigation (format enclosed) is done. The home investigation should include an assessment of the family (are they involved in trafficking), family and community's willingness to accept the girl and the family's environment.
3. Before a resident is restored/repatriated a detailed discussion should be held with the resident and the restoration team on what explanation should be given to the family on her absence from her village/slum/community. The resident's version should be adopted as the final version.
4. Proper record and documentation (photos, undertaking from parent/guardian) should be maintained for all restoration undertaken.
5. No rescued victim shall be sent back to the family without adequate assessment and without ensuring social acceptance and family support. State will ensure that repatriation is carried out depending on how safe and nurturing the family environment is for the victim. If and when the victim chooses to return to an abusive family situation, the state would need to intervene and repatriate the victim to an institution which can protect and care for the individual. Repatriation will be done after the stay in a shelter.
6. States shall work out the details of the repatriation procedures and structure and mainstream them in order to facilitate the smooth and efficient repatriation of the victims and their dependent minors.
7. The members of the professional and (preferably) voluntary sector organizations who have had some helping interaction with the victim shall be represented in the process of repatriation.
8. No rescued victim shall be sent back to the family without fully ensuring that the victim shall not be re-trafficked.
9. The victim being repatriated should be counseled and prepared to return to the country of origin after providing her with adequate medical and psycho-social care as well as after empowering her through basic life- skills so that she can be reintegrated in main steam life.
10. Adequate financial assistance should be provided for meeting the needs of rescued victims during travel while repatriating them to their families or institutions in source areas
11. Adequate provision for dearness allowance for police escort or any other authorized escort during such travel should be made by the

government.

12. It should be ensured that the legal formalities should be completed for the residents before being restored or repatriated.

Standard XXII: Follow Up

1. For the first six months after the restoration is done monthly followup should be done. Thereafter the follow up could be done once a quarter for the next one year.

Follow up program should ensure the following:

- * Protection against re-trafficking and against commercial sexual exploitation.
 - * Protection against Stigma and Discrimination.
 - * Optional link with a variety of professional support systems.
 - * Reorientation.
 - * Livelihood option.
 - * Restoration/ ensuring/exercising of rights over parental, ancestral and community property and entitlements.
 - * Survivor friendly.
 - * Protection against any other exploitation.
 - * Confidentiality
 - * Restoration/ensuring/exercising of full citizen ship rights.
 - * Mental health
2. Monthly follow-up should be provided for the first six-months and thereafter whenever required, to ensure that the victim receives adequate support and does not get re-trafficked. Adequate follow-up of the victim supervised by the Child Welfare Committee or any other competent authority dealing with women / children along with the close cooperation of other recognized organizations should be mandatory for a period of three years after the victim has been repatriated

XXIII: Social Reintegration

1. Those residents whose families do not accept them and for those whose families are not conducive space for restoration(for example parent's involved in trafficking) special efforts should be made to support the resident to stand on their feet and slowly in a phased manner supported to live in the society independently.
2. It should be ensured that no rescued victim is sent back to the family without ensuring social acceptance and family support to the victim in order to prevent re-trafficking and further commercial sexual exploitation.
3. Collaborations with appropriate government or non- governmental organizations should be made to provide employment services/ entrepreneurship development training, which will include skills, knowledge, and resources, marketing skills and micro-credit at the district where the resident is reintegrated.
4. The Home shall conduct outreach / support activities, or shall oversee the delegation of those activities to other organizations or individuals in accordance with the Reintegration Plan. Outreach / support activities shall be conducted only with the consent of the victims.
5. In trafficking cases where the entry of the victim in the Rescue Home is very late (e.g. the Home is meant for residents/ victims up to the age of 18 and the victim enters at the age of 17) there is a need to extend the protective cover of residential services for a longer period. Some protective cover for the rescued person shall continue even after reintegration through Drop-in Centers, and After-Care Homes.

Standard XXIV: Accountability

1. All homes run for the purposes of trafficked victims should be directly accountable to the Department of Women Development Child Welfare. The minimum standards prescribed should be adopted irrespective of whether it is government funded or private funded. All homes should have certification of implementing standards.

Standard XXV: Monitoring

1. The convener of the Anti Trafficking District Co-ordination Committee (Assisted by the Empowered Committee including NGO, Government & Civil Society) who is also the Project Director, Women Development Children Welfare with the support of other members should monitor the homes every two months. The monitoring and review report should be submitted to the Secretary, Women Development Child Welfare through the Director, Women Development Child Welfare.
2. Within the home there should be staff meeting fortnightly to implement the minimum standards. There should also be monthly meetings with the residents to review minimum standards.
3. Feedback on the minimum standards should be used to improve on the management of the home. Once in a month management meeting on the improvement of the standards.
4. Monitoring should be participatory (Survivors, NGO and Govt. Officials) with the aim to strengthen the standards.
5. Half yearly self audits and external social audit should be done annually apart from ensuring total transparency in matters relating to receipt of funds, expenditure.

// Forwarded :: by Order //

SECTION OFFICER

Office of the
Addl. Director General of Police,
C.I.D. A.P. Hyderabad
Dt. 05-02-09

C.No. 3126/C14/WPC/CID/06

EXPRESS MEMO

Sub : Speedy Justice delivery of Anti Human Trafficking cases registered in Guntur, Prakasam and Nellore Districts - Reg.

Ref : 3) Memo C.No. 3126/C14/WPC/CID/06 dt. 25-10-08 of Addl. DGP C.I.D. A.P. Hyderabad.
4) Lr. No. 15011/57/2004-ATC dt. 18-12-08 of the Director (SR), GOI, MHA (CS Division) New Delhi.

Your attention is invited to the memo 1st cited in the reference regarding speedy trial of anti human trafficking cases in Prakasam District. It is to inform that 6 cases of anti human trafficking have been short-listed for speedy trial whose list is enclosed for ready reference. In this connection, you are requested to take the help of Nodal NGO (N.V.S. Rama Moh, Secretary, HELP) who provides victim / witness support to the cases of Prakasam, Guntur and Nellore Districts as he has been provided with appropriate funds by UNDOC towards Victim / witness support. His address is also furnished for your ready reference.

Sri Ramamohan NVS, Secretary - HELP, 2nd Lane, Sujatha Nagar, Lawyerpet Ext. Ongole - 523 002 A.P. (Mobile No. 99497 23666), Ph.No. 08592 - 221209 / 270664)

You are requested to take up the issue of speedy trial seriously and convene a meeting with the concerned APPs and SHOs for Sorting out the impediments if any and request the judiciary for giving early dates of trial without adjournments.

Please acknowledge receipt of the memo

Addl. Director General of Police
C.I.D. A.P. Hyderabad.

To

The Superintendent of Police, Prakasam District, Ongole & Guntur.

Copy to Sri Penchal Naidu, Dy. Superintendent of Police, C.I.D. RCIU Guntur.

Copy to the Director of Prosecutions, A.P. Hyderabad for information.

Sri Ramamohan NVS, Secretary - HELP, 2nd Lane, Sujatha Nagar, Lawyerpet Ext., ONGOLE - 523 002. A.P.

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

Women Development, Child Welfare and Disabled Welfare Department – Extending the benefits of Scholarships, Reimbursement of fees etc., to complete orphans, whose caste status is not known, on par with Scheduled Caste students - Orders – Issued.

WOMEN DEVELOPMENT CHILD WELFARE & DISABLED WELFARE (DW-A1) DEPARTMENT

G.O.Ms.No.34

Dt 27-.9.2008

Read the following:-

- 1) G.O.Ms.No.18, WD, CW &L (WH Desk) Department, dt.18.02.1991.
- 2) G.O.Ms.No.7 WD, CW &L (WH Desk) Department, dt.31.01.1994.
- 3) Minutes of the Review Meeting of Hon'ble Chief Minister held on 23.11.2007.
- 4) G.O.Ms.No.9, WDCW&DW (DW-A1) Dept, dt.10.04.2008.
- 5) G.O.Ms.No.21, WDCW&DW (DW-A1) Dept, dt.03.07.2008.

ORDER:-

1. In the Departmental Review Meeting held by the Chief Minister on 23-11-2007, a decision was taken to enhance rates of Post-Matric Scholarships and Reimbursement of Tuition Fees to the eligible differently abled students for various courses, on par with scheduled tribe students, apart from the decision to increase the Annual Income Ceiling. In the subsequent review meeting it was agreed that complete orphans whose caste status is not known, would be extended all the benefits on par with Scheduled Tribe students

2. Vide ref.5th read above, orders were issued enhancing the Annual Income Ceiling of Parents/Guardian for eligibility for claiming scholarships and reimbursement of fees etc., to Rs.1.00 Lakh per annum.

3. Vide ref. 5th read above, orders were issued enhancing the Post-Matric scholarships rates and reimbursement of fees with effect from the year 2008-2009, to differently abled eligible students on par with Scheduled Caste students .

4. Government after careful consideration, hereby extend all the benefits of enhanced Post-Matric scholarships and reimbursement of fees etc., to complete orphans whose caste is not known on par with Scheduled Castes with effect from the year 2008-2009 as per the following guide lines:-

a). The complete orphans whose caste status is not known and who are inmates of Institutions shall be categorized as "caste less" and shall be eligible for Post- Matric Scholarships and reimbursement of tuition fees etc., on par with Scheduled Caste students. However, reimbursement of tuition fees on par with Scheduled Caste students shall be admissible to all such students, who are selected for category 'A' seats only in all Professional Courses..

b) The orphans who have completed their schooling all through in Govt., orphanages/Homes/Institutions or such Institutions recognized by the Govt., shall be eligible

c). The applications of such complete orphans shall be certified by the Head of the Institutions concerned and counter signed by Child Development Project Officer concerned after proper enquiry and verification of connected records. The Project Director, District Women & Child Development Agency of the District shall have all such applications cross checked and personally verify wherever warranted and submit the same to the Director WD &CW. The Director shall sanction the same and reimburse the fees to the Institutions/Colleges concerned..

d). The College Managements/University shall not collect Fees from such orphans at the time of counseling/admission as the same shall be reimbursed to the Institutions by Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Department concerned.

e). Furnishing of false information or certification shall entail prosecution against concerned, in addition to disciplinary

action for major punishment where Govt., staff are involved.

f). The information regarding sanction of Post-matric Scholarships & Reimbursement of Tuition Fees and Special Fees, College-Wise and Student-Wise shall be made available on the web site.

5) The Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Department, Commissioner, Dept. for the Welfare of Disabled and Senior Citizens and the Commissioner, Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services and Welfare of Street Children, Hyderabad shall take necessary action accordingly.

6) This order issues with the concurrence of Finance (Expr. WDCW&DW) Dept. vide their U.O.No..6034/155/ Expr.WDCW&DW/2008, dated 22-9-2008.

7) A copy of this order is also available in the internet and can be accessed at <http://www.aponline.gov.in>

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

M. CHAYA RATAN
PRINCIPAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

To

The Commissioner, Deptt. for the Welfare of Disabled and Senior Citizens, Hyderabad
The Director, Women Dev. and Child Welfare, Hyderabad. The Director, Juvenile Welfare, Correctional Services and Welfare of Street Children, Hyd.
The Principal Secretary to Govt., Education (HE) Dept.,
The Chairman, A.P. State Council of Higher Education, Hyderabad. The Commissioner, Collegiate Education, Hyderabad.
All the District Collectors in the State.
All the Assistant Directors, Dept for the Welfare of Disabled and Senior Citizens in the State.
All the Project Directors of District Women and Child Development Agency in the State. All the District Treasury Officers in the State.
Commissioner Social Welfare, Hyderabad. Director Tribal Welfare Hyderabad. Director B.C Welfare, Hyderabad.
Managing Director, A.P.State Minorities Finance Corporation,, Hyderabad. The Pay and Accounts Officer, Hyderabad.
The Director, Treasuries and Accounts, Hyderabad. The Accountant .General., A.P., Hyderabad.
The Finance (Expr.WDCW&DW) Deptt. P.S. to Chief Secretary
P.S. to Prl.Secretary to C.M. OSD to M(WDCW&DW)
P.S. to Prl.Secretary, WDCW&DW Copy to: Commissioner, I & PR Dept,
S.F./S.Cs.

// FORWARDED BY ORDER //

SECTION OFFICER

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

Women Development, Child Welfare & Disabled Welfare Department – Reservation of seats to Orphans and Destitutes in the three year diploma courses at “Durgabai Desmukh Women Technical Training Institute” Hyderabad – Orders – Issued.

WOMEN DEV. CHILD WELFARE & DISABLED WELFARE (ICDS. A2) DEPARTMENT

GO MS No.14

Dated: 23rd May, 2008

Read the following:-

- 1) G.O. MS No. 77, WD, CW& DW Dept., Dated: 26-8- 1997
- 2) From the Director, WD & CW Hyderabad, Letter No. 7353/A1/2004, Dated: 15-03- 2008.
- 3) From the Commissioner, Technical Education Hyderabad, Letter No.B1/249 20/1996 Volme -3, dated: 01-05-2008
- 4) Principal WTTTI, Letter No 39/B1 /WTTTI/2006 , Dt:16-05-2008

-oOo-

ORDER:

The high incidence of destitution arising from domestic violence, increasing incidents of trafficking etc, leading to abject helplessness of these adolescent girls which is further aggravated by poverty, is resulting in the exclusion of socially marginalized adolescent girls thereby eroding the vision of an equitable society. Their marginalization on the one hand and aspirations of many of these girls to pursue education for alternative rehabilitation on the other, necessitates a special dispensation for them. There is therefore an urgent need to provide access to Technical Education to these young girls to enhance their employability

2. Government taking into consideration the above, hereby issue the following orders providing a special dispensation for such girls for their effective rehabilitation and reintegration:-
 - (i) 70% of the seats in each of the diploma courses in WTTTI shall be reserved for complete orphans, destitutes including trafficked victims etc, and other destitutes in that order, in the “Smt. Durgabai Desmukh Women Technical Training Institute”, Hyderabad (WTTTI)
 - (ii) The candidates shall be exempted from appearing for CEEP exam but should have however passed the minimum Tenth (10th) class
 - (iii) The rule of reservation shall be followed to the extent of availability of applicants belonging to the categories concerned. 3% reservation for Physically handicapped shall be maintained
 - (iv) The remaining 30% shall be filled by the Technical Education Dept., as per their prescribed procedure
 - (v) The fees for the students belonging to BCs, SCs, STs & Minorities from out of that 70% category shall be got reimbursed by the concerned welfare departments. In respect OCs & complete orphans whose caste status is not known, the fees shall be reimbursed by the Women Development & Child Welfare Department.
 - (vi) The head of the institutions concerned that is Children home, State home / Service home etc, shall be personally responsible to verify the background of the applicant and shall issue a certificate in the format as enclosed Annexure – I. He / She shall satisfy himself / herself before issuing the certificate. Any wrong certification without verification of facts shall entail stringent action and prosecution of the concerned staff .
 - (vii) The applications of the eligible girls shall be forwarded by the Head of the institution concerned to the Project Director, Women Development & Child Welfare who shall cause verification and submit the same to Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Department
 - (viii) A committee headed by Director, Women Development & Child Welfare, the Principal WTTTI and one of the RDDs nominated by the Govt. shall screen the applications received and finalize the list of eligible candidates for admission. The list of eligible candidates shall be placed on the website / on the notice board of the Project Directors and the institutions concerned for receiving representation if any. The representations, shall be disposed of by the committee, if required by causing verification and the final selection list declared by the Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Department. The Director, Women Development & Child Welfare shall in consultation with the Director, Technical Education / Principal WTTTI draw up a schedule every year accordingly.
3. This order is issued with the concurrence of the Higher Education Department

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

M. CHAYA RATAN

PRINCIPAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

To
 The Director, Women Development & Child Welfare, Hyderabad
 The Commissioner, Technical Education Andhra Pradesh Hyderabad
 The Accountant General, Andhra Pradesh Hyderabad
 The Education (TE.I) Department, Hyderabad
 The Pay and Accounts Officer, Hyderabad
 The Education (Technical Education) Department
 The General Administration (AR&T) Department
 The Finance and Planning (BG) Department
 The Principal, Smt. Durgabai Deshmukh Government Women's Technical Training Institute , Hyderabad through Director, Women Development & Child Welfare , Hyderabad.

Copy to:-

P.S. to Chief Secretary
 P.S. to Joint Secretary to Chief Minister.
 P.S. to Minister (WD, CW & DW)
 All section in Women Development & Child Welfare Dept.
 The Commissioner, Information and Public Relation, Hyderabad.
 SF/SC.

// FORWARDED BY ORDER //

SECTION OFFICER

**ANNEXURE-1
 APPLICATION FORM
 (G.O.MS No.14, Dated: 23.05.2008)**

Passport size
 Photo to be
 attested Head
 of the
 Institution

1. Name of Student :
2. Date of Birth :
3. Particulars of parents :

Name	Occupation	Annual income
i. Father :		
ii. Mother :		

4. Name and designation of Guardian :
 (in case of orphan / destitutes)
5. Permanent Address, (H.No, Road, Village :
 / Mandal / District etc.)
6. Birth Place (Enclose certified copy of birth :
 certificate issued by competent authority)
 - a) Whether applicant belong to SC/ST/BC/Minority/PH :
 - b) Category of the girl child orphan, destitute, :
 differently abled, others (Certified copy of
 disability certificate to be enclosed)
7. Particulars of Applicant since birth :

Period	Place of Stay / Name of the Institution where resided	Classes Studied	Name of the School & Address

- a) Signature of Applicant :
- b) Place :
- c) Date :

Undertaking of Head of Institution

I hereby certify that the above information furnished is correct. In case any information is found to be incorrect at any date, I understand I am liable for necessary action / prosecution etc.

- a) Name : c) Designation:
- b) Signature: d) Status:

C.No. 3126/C14IIVPC/CID/2CI06
Dt.24.3.2008

CIRCULAR MEMO

Sub: Anti Human Trafficking –**UN.GIFT (United Nations Global initiative to fight Trafficking) initiatives** -
Review mechanism institutionalization of the process - Reg.

Ref:

- 1) Lr.No.15011 /77/2A04-SC /ST Cell dt.5.7.06 of the Director (5R), Ministry of Home Affairs, GOI, North Block, New Delhi.
 - 2) This office Circular Memo No.629/Trg.7/2AAS dt.28.9.05
 - 3) This office Circular Memo of even No.dt.26.7.06
 - 4) G.O.Rt.No.1015 Health, Medicate & Family Welfare (12) Dept dt".23.09.05
 - 5) Circular Memo Rc.No.629 /Trg.2/2005 dt.7.8,06
 - 6) Remarks of the Govt. Home Dept dt.22.1.42
 - 7) UN.GIFT (United Nations. Global initiatives to Fight Trafficking) held at Vienna from 13th to 15th Feb-08.
 - 8) Review Meeting of Hon'ble Minister for Home in the Committee Hall No.1, A.P. Legislative Assembly dt.17.3.08.
- I. The Government of A.P. 'have expressed serious concern about trafficking of women and r:hildren for commercial sexual exploitation and bonded labour during the review meeting of Hon'ble Minister for Home with 18 women MsLA of all parties on 17.3.08 in the Legislative Assembly premises. The MsLA strongly felt that deterrent punishment to be given to traffickers of all hues as they are violating human rights and dignity of women and children. United Nations Global theme for this year 2008 -2009 is **"investing in women & girls" and 'end violence against women'**
- II. You are aware that Anti Human Trafficking (AHT) is the third biggest organized crime in the world next only to drugs and arms. As it is an 'organized crime', it has secret networks, across country and beyond having world nexus with ant-social elements, other influential sections. Both the Immoral Traffic Prevention Act 1956 and AHT provisions in IPC (Secs.366-A, 366-B, 372, 373 and 376(2)(g) are being applied to bring traffickers of all hues to justice. While all the Unit Officers are designated as AHT Nodal Officers in their respective jurisdiction, the Addl. DGP C.I.D is designated as Nodal Officer for A.P.
- III. In this regard, we have issued circulars vide ref 1't to 5th cited from time to time defining the rote of unit officers as AHT (Anti-Human Trafficking) Nodal Officers in their districts / Commissionerates and spelt out the tasks to be achieved by the Unit Officers. Exclusive Anti Human Trafficking Units (AHTU) has been set up w.e.f 22.1.2007 at three places:
- i.e.
- at Eluru (under the charge of DIG Eluru Range),
 - at Anantapur (under the charge of DIG Anantapur Range)
 - at Hyderabad (under the charge of SP WPC CID)
- to rescue the victims i.e., VOCSETS (Victim of Commercial sexual Exploitation '& Trafficking) and arrest the traffickers of all hues, secure admissible evidence, marshal the case under IPC sections as applicable tike secs.366-A, 366-8, 372, 3;3, 376(9) IPC in addition to ITP Act sections.Externment and Preventive Detention are also suggested.
- IV. It is heartening to note that the Unit Officers have registered 669 AHT cases in A.P. and brought to justice 1434 traffickers, 509 customers and rescued 1017 victims and 122 minors in the year 2007.

The compendium of instructions prepared by Addl. DGP CID and A.P. State Anti Trafficking Nodal Officer is enclosed for ready reference regarding rescue, relief and rehabilitation of victims (specially G.O.Ms.No.1 dt.3.1.03, G.O.Ms.No.13 dt.21 .4.A6, G.O.Ms.No.ZE of 2003 of WD, CW & DW (WP) Dept). You are requested to take up sensitizations of all Officers at DTCs / PTCs regarding AHT and bring about desired change.

- V. The UN.GIFT Forum held at Vienna from 13th to 15th Feb-08 has asked the member States for **(1) greater awareness, (2) greater resources, (3) greater coordinated action in the fight against human trafficking**. All the Unit officers are requested to take the above three initiatives to its logical conclusion in establishing rapport with the Govt, WCD officials/ and Non- Governmental Organizations (NGOs and civil society) in Anti Human Trafficking.
- VI. To monitor the work output the Unit Officers are requested to send the performance-sheet (Annexure-1) before 10th of every month and suitably reward those officers who do well. in anti human trafficking (AHT) work including commendations during Republic Day / independence Day Celebrations"

Review Mechanism:

- Addl.DGP CID & A.P State Anti Trafficking Nodal Officer is requested to review the Anti Human Trafficking work of Unit Officers through Regional Is GP once in a month.
- While Appreciating the work done by the Director, A.P.Police Academy in training more than 2000 Police Officers, the Director, APPA is requested to include AHT in the regular course curriculum induction and in-service courses.
- IGP (Trg) will ensure proper in-service courses on Anti Human Trafficking to be held in all Police Training Colleges.
- All DisGP of Ranges will review the in-service training at DTCs. A minimum of 3 courses of 2-3 days duration should be held at the District Headquarters in a month. T.O.T officers may be used for sensitization including trained officers from A.P. Police Academy. Director, A.P. Police Academy may be consulted from time to time.
- All unit officers will place the data on traffickers and rescues in one folder called @@ Anti Human Trafficking Folder** and follow PSO 538.
- All Unit officers are requested to open suspect / history sheets as per PSO 596 – 597.
- Addl.DGP CID & IGP Computers are requested to prepare a uniform monthly return from Unit Officers and reflect the Anti Human Trafficking work in the crime in A.P.Book.
- All the Unit Officers are requested to liaise with suitable NGOs in rescue, consoling, rehabilitation etc. and with the officials of Women & Child Welfare Department in the districts/ Commissionerates.

Addl. DGP CID all Regional IsGP, Range DisGP, CsP/ SsP/ SsRP are requested to bestow their personal attention for Anti Human Trafficking and bring traffickers of all hues to justice; rescue the victims an exhibit zero tolerance to trafficking.

Please acknowledge receipt of the memo.

Director General of Police,
A.P Hyderabad

To
Att CsP / SsP / SsRP

Copy to all Range DisGP, Regional IsGP, IGP Computers, IGP (Trg), IGP SCRB, CID, DIG (Trg),
Copy to the Director, APPA, Addl.DGP CID A.P., Addl.DGP intelligence, Addl.DGP L&O. A.P. Hyderabad
Copy to Secretary to Govt, WD, CW, DW Dept, L-Block (210), A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad, Director, WCD Dept., Yousufguda, Hyderabad,
Copy to Ms.Manjula Krishna, Economic Advisor, MWCD, Gol, New Delhi / Jt. Secretary (CS), MHA, New Delhi.
Copy to Dr P.M.Nair, Project coordinator, Anti Human Trafficking, UNODC, EP 16/ 17, Chandragupta Marg, Chanakyapuri, New Delhi - 110021
Copy to Dr Sunita Krishnan, PRAJWALA (NGO), za-4-j,4, 3rd Floor, Behind Charminar Bus Stand, Hyderabad.
Copy to Sri Ramamohan, Secretary, HELP, Lawyerpet, Ongote-2.
Copy to Smt Hema Bedi, Secretary, STREE, Kadiri, Anantapur dist. (These three NGOs are Project partners of AHTUs.

Rc.No. 629/Trg.2/2005

CIRCULAR MEMORANDAM

Sub: Designation of Anti-Trafficking Nodal Officers at Circle/Sub-Division/District/City level- Monitoring the progress of anti trafficking work- Instruction issued-Reg.

- Ref: 1) Lr.No. 15011/72/2004-SC/ST Cell dt. 5-7-06 of the Director (SR), Ministry of Home Affairs, GOI, North Block, New Delhi- 110001.
- 2) This office Circular Memo No. 629/Trg.2/2005 dt. 28-9-05
- 3) This office Circular Memo of even No. dt. 26-7-06
- 4) G.O. Rt.No. 1015 Health, Medical & Family welfare (L2) dept. dt. 23-09-05.

-oOo-

1. In continuation of the Circular Memo dt. 26-07-06, it is informed that the issue of human trafficking is frequently discussed throughout the county in various forms, i.e., by MHA, NHRC, WCD, G.O.I. and the Apex Court who have been taking adverse notice of the inaction by the State Government in pursuing action against the traffickers, prosecuting them and ensuring conviction. The Addl. DGP CID is already designated as State Level Anti Trafficking Nodal Officer by the DGP A.P. vide reference 2nd cited. As per G.O Ms.No. 1 of WD, CW & DW Dept dt. 3-1-03, the Chief Secretary to Government of A.P. will be holding a quarterly review on anti trafficking issues for which the DGP A.P. will be attending to inform the action taken by the police.
2. The word 'Trafficker' include (i) brothel incharge, (ii) the 'managers' and all other 'drainatics persone' in such places, (iii) financier, (iv) transporter, (v) abettors, those who are living on the earning of CSE, all conspirators and clients.
3. The Range DIGs and Regional IGPs are requested to review the work of SPs once in two months and send progress reports in the prescribed proforma which is enclosed herewith so that consolidated report can be sent to the government. Our proposals for sanction of five exclusive teams for anti- trafficking is pending with the Government but in the meanwhile we are starting three Anti Human Trafficking Units (AHTU) with the support of United Nations Office on Drugs & Crime (UNODC) to be stationed at Eluru (under the direct supervision of DIG Eluru Range), Anantapur(under the direct supervision of DIG Anantapur range and at Hyderabad (under the direct supervision of SP WPC CID). The DIGs Eluru range and Anantapur Range are requested to identify on Inspector, 2 Sis(1WSIs), 4HCs (2 WHCs) and 4 Constables(2 WPCs) in their respective Ranges, who have interest and commitment in the anti- trafficking work, so that we can start AHTUs by 1st week of September 2006
4. On behalf of the Addl. DGP CID i.e. A.P State Anti Trafficking Nodal Officer, the DIG WPC CID (A.P. State Addl. Anti Trafficking Nodal Officer) has been directed to get in touch with the Unit Officer for monitoring day- to – day matters with regard to " trafficking in persons". We should also be able to collect village level information, police Station – Wise regarding " trafficker" perpetrating the crime at the source,transit and destination. All the SPs are in turn requested to exchange intelligence and information about the traffickers as the traffickers have no boundaries and their network is spread over to all the 137 red light areas across the country and elsewhere.
5. We have also decided to publish "trafficking in persons" separately in the "Crime in A.P. Book" published by SCRB every year and for this purpose a proforma has been devised (copy enclosed at Annexure-I). All the unit officers are requested to send the data to IGP SCRB for documentation on monthly basis. This subject should be once of the agenda items during monthly crime meetings of the unit officers.

6. Let us synergize our efforts to combat trafficking with all seriousness as trafficking is attaining monstrous proportions, receiving national and international. The DirectorWCD has been requested to provide the list of NGO's working in the districts in the "anti trafficking area". Once trafficking is contained, traffickers are brought to justice, traffickers networks are smashed, the prevalence of HIV/AIDS in turn would be controlled automatically. As regards HIV/AIDS intervention at district level, Superintendent of Police has been designated vide G.O.Rt.No. 1015 Health, Medical & Family Welfare (L2) Dept. dt. 23-09-05 as Co- Chairperson of a District Steering Committee for HIV/AIDS (Ref. 4th cited - Annexure-II).

The undersigned will be personally monitoring the progress of the anti trafficking work once in two months.

Director General & Inspector
General of Police, A.P.
Hyderabad

- Encl: 1. Proforma for monthly ITP Crime
2. G.O.Rt.No. 1015 Health, Medical & Family Welfare (L2) Dept dt. 23-09-05
3. List of NGO's in A.P.

To

All SsP/SsRP/CsP in the State.

Copy to the Principal Secretary to Government, Home Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad

Copy to the Secretary, Women Development, Child Welfare & Disabled Welfare Department, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad.

Copy to the Director, Women Development & Child Welfare Dept., Yousufguda, Hyderabad.

Copy to the RS. to the Chief Secretary, Govt, of A.P. A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad.

Copy to the Director (SR), Ministry of Home Affairs, North Block, Govt, of India, New Delhi. Copy to all DIsGP of Ranges, IsGP of Regions including Guntur Range, Addl. DGP CID A.P., Addl. DGP (Co-ordination), Addl. DGP (Rlys), DIG WPC CID, SP WPC CID Hyderabad for urgent necessary action and compliance.

Copy to the Director-Addl. Director General of Police, A.P. Police Academy, Hyderabad, DGP (Training) A.P. Hyderabad for information.

Copy to the Director of Prosecutions, A.P. Hyderabad.

Copy to the Collectors & District Magistrates in the State.

Copy to NGOs, Prajwala of Hyderabad, Stree of Kadiri, HELP of Ongole, REDS of Kadiri, Ankuram of Hyderabad.

**STATEMENT OF SHOWING CONSTITUTION OF SPECIAL JUVENILE
POLICE UNITS DESIGNATING CHILD WELFARE OFFICERS AT PSs**

Sl.No	Name of the District	Designation of SJPU Officer	Designation of CWO
1	Hyderabad City	Inspector of Police J.B	62 SI's, HC's, WHC's IN 62 P
2	Cyberabad	A.S.I of each P.s	ASI-29, HCs-5, PCs-32
3	Vijayawada	WSI, PCR, VJA	18 HCs IN 18 PCs
4	Visakapatnam City	A.S.I. of each P.S	A.S.Ps-22 PCs
5	Srikakulam	C.I, D.C.R.B	S.I-6, A.S.I-7, HCs-27, WHC
6	Vizinagaram	HC	HC's-23PC'S in-41 P.Ss
7	Visakapatnam Rural	C.I, D.C.R.B	A.S.I's-48/HC's IN 48 PS's
8	East Godavari	C.I, D.C.R.B	HC's-76, IN 76 PSs
9	West Godavari	2 Sis	SHO's-60, in 60 PSs
10	Krishna	HC's	HC's-49, in-49 PSs
11	Guntur	C.I, D.C.R.B	S.I-1, A.S.I's-7, HC's-59, PC
12	Prakasam	C.I, D.C.R.B	A.S.I's-62, HC's/PC's in 62
13	Nellore	C.I, D.C.R.B	HC's,-64 in-64 PSs
14	Karnool	C.I, D.C.R.B	81-S.I's, A.S.I's, HC's PC.
15	Kadapa	Inspector of Police	S.I's-5, HC'S-54, PC's-3
16	Ananthapur	S.I. of Police	S.I's,-52
17	Chittoor	A.S.I	A.S.I's-15, HC's-71
18	nalgonda	C.I, D.C.R.B	S.I'S,-67 In 67 P.Ss
19	mahaboob nagar	A.S.I	a.s.i'S-2, hc'S-2, 72 PC's
20	Ranga Reddy	1. C.i Vikarabad 2. SI Ravi Kumar D.C.R.B, R.R District	HC'S-13, PC'S-6
21	Nizamabad	C.I, D.C.R.B	HC's-43 in 43 PSs
22	Medak	Inspector Zahirabad Circule	HC's/PCs - 56 PSs
23	Warangal	C.I, D.C.R.B	61 A.S.I's, HC's in 61 PSs
24	Khammam	R.I.D.A.R Khammam	60 S.I's/A.S.I's/HC's IN 60
25	Karim nagar	C.I, D.C.R.B	70 PC's IN 70 PSs
26	Adilabad	Inspector of Police	C.1-1, S.I'S-73
27	DD.CCS Hyderabad	Inspector of Police	8HC'S/PC'S/WPC'S IN 8 PS's

CIRCULAR MEMORANDUM

Sub : Designation of Anti- Trafficking Nodal Officers at Circle/ Sub Division/District/City level - Reg.

Ref : 1) Lr.No. 15011/72/2004 - SC/ST Cell dt. 5.7.06 of the Diredor(SR),
Ministry of Home Affairs,North Block, New Delhi - 110001.

2) Govt. Memo No. 5692/PSC.A2/2006 -3 Home (PSC) Dept dt. 17.7.06.

The Government of India at the Ministry of Home Affair, Ministry of Women and Child Development, National Human Rights Commission and NALSA and our state Government are deeply concerned about unbridled 'trafficking of persons' across the country and have been 'requesting the State Government and the State Police Department to take firm action against the traffickers.

In pursuance of the instructions (MHA) Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi and also that of Government of Andhra Pradesh Home Dept, all the Ssp, SsRR Csp are designed as "District Level or City Level Anti-Trafficking Nodal Officers" in A.P.

- | | |
|---|---|
| i) Addl. SP (Admn) of the districts | Districts level / City Level Addl. Nodal Officers |
| ii) DCsP (L&O) and DCsP (Crime) in Commissionerates | |
| i) SDPOs in the districts | Sub- Divisional Anti-Trafficking Nodal Officer |
| ii) DSsRP in Railway dists | |
| iii) ACsp (L&O) in the Police Commissionerats | |
| iv) ACsp (Crime) in the Commissionerates | |
| i) Circle Inspectors in the districts | Circle / PS Level Anti- Trafficking Nodal Officer |
| ii) CIs in Railways districts | |
| iii) SHOs of PSs of Inspector of Police rank in the (L&O)
& crime PSs in the State | |

The following is the charter of anti-trafficking nodal officers.

I. Anti TRAFFICKING POLICY IMPLEMENTATION

- 1) To assist various agencies in implementing G.O.Ms. No.1 dt. 3.1.2003(Anti-Trafficking Policy GO) of WD, CD & DW Dept. Govt, of Andhra Pradesh in letter and spirit.
- 2) To attend the bi-monthly meeting in pursuance of G.O. Ms. No.1 of 2003 of Women & Child Welfare Dept, held by the collector who is the chairperson at the District level convened by the Project Director, Women Development, Child Welfare.
- 3) To liaise with the local WCD officials, NGOs and various other stake-holders who are helping the Government and the police in the anti-trafficking initiatives.
- 4) To sensitize vulnerable villages through IEC (information/education and communication)activities and form ATTs (Anti Trafficking Teams) wherever such villages are noticed

II. POLICE INITIATIVES

- 5) To treat VOCSET (Victim of Commercial Sexual Exploitation) as a "Victim" and the "trafficker" as accused and to conduct rescue operations with sensitivity. (Traffickers include Brothel incharge, financier, Transporter, abettors, those who are living on the earning of CSE, all conspirators and clients.
- 6) Since the trafficking is a "Continuing offence", the FIR can be registered at any place of source, transit and destination and all the persons involved right from procuring to taking the women/children to the destination become traffickers.
- 7) To open 'History sheets' in accordance with PSO 596 of APPM for those who are convicted and to open 'suspect sheets' against the traffickers in accordance with PSO 600.
- 8) To take up " experiment of the traffickers" as per the Hyderabad City Police Act. 1348-F or under the A.R Prevention of Anti Social Hazardous Activities Act 1980.

- 9) To take measures for "Preventive detention" under the A1 prevention of Dangerous Activities of Bootleggers, Dacoits, drug offenders, goondas, immoral Traffic offenders and Land Grabbers Act 1986.
- 10) To take measures to close the brothels under Sec. 18 of the ITP Act.
- 11) To keep a watch on the activities of lodge/hotel owners in certain localities and if prostitution is carried in a hotel/lodge the keeper of such public place is liable u/s 7 of UP Act and u/s 7(2) (c) UP Act the Hotel License can be suspended for a period not less than 3 months by the District Magistrate.
- 12) To use Sec. 366 -A IPC (Procuring of a minor girl), 366-B IPC (Information of a minor girl from foreign country) 372 IPC (Selling a minor for prostitution) and 373 IPC (buying a minor for prostitution, wherever applicable, while dealing with trafficking cases. All these sections are cognizable, non-bailable & triable by sessions.
- 13) To collect data from the village/mandal level from where women and children are being exploited either for sexual exploitation or for other purposes or sold to brothels by their kith and kin.

III. REHABILITATION :

- 14) To see that the Interim Relief Fund (IRF) Rs. 10,000/- is extended to the victim through Collector as per G.O. Ms. No. 13 of Women & Child Welfare Dept dt. 21 -4-2006.
- 15) To identify persons with medical, legal and psychology background and use their services in shelter homes for effective counseling. To utilize the services of psycho-therapists etc. of Teaching Hospitals.
- 16) To involve women Constables, Home Guards in more numbers than generally opted for to increase the access and confidence during rehabilitation to provide victim/witness support.
- 17) The Ssp, SsRP and CsP are requested to reward the police personnel doing excellent job in anti-trafficking issues and bring such good work to the notice of the Collector & District Magistrate for issuance of Commendation Certificates during Independence Day and Republic Day celebrations of every year.

All the Regional IsGP/Range DIsG are requested to ensure that the SsP in their region/Range report compliance urgently as our compliance is due to MHA, Government of India. CsP are also requested to take up anti-trafficking work with all seriousness as our actions are to be reflected in the number of cases registered against the traffickers and number of traffickers convicted.

Please report compliance by 10-08-2006.

Sd/-
Swaranjit Sen, IPS.,
Director General & Inspector
General of Police, AP. Hyderabad

Encl : List of short-stay homes under the Director,
Women & Child Welfare Department to which the rescued girls are to be sent.

To

All SsP/SsRP/CsP in the State.

Copy to the Principal Secretary to Government,

Home Department, A.P Secretary, Hyderabad.

Copy to the Secretary, Women Development,

Child Welfare & Disabled Welfare Department, A.P Secretariat, Hyderabad.

Copy to the Director,

Women Development & Child Welfare Dept., Yousufguda, Hyderabad.

Copy to the PS. to the Chief Secretary, Govt, of A.P Secretariat, Hyderabad.

Copy to the Director (SR), Ministry of Home Affairs, North Block,

Govt, of India, New Delhi.

Copy to all DisGP of Ranges, IsGP of Regions including Guntur Range,

Addl. DGP CID A.P Addl. DGP (Co-ordination), Addl. DGP (Rlys),

DIG WPC CID, SP WPC CID Hyderabad for urgent necessary action and compliance.

Copy to the Director, Addl. Director General of Police,

A.P Police Academy, Hyderabad, DGP (Training), A.P Hyderabad for information.

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH ABSTRACT

WDCW&DW Department – setting up of a Relief and Rehabilitation Fund for victims of atrocities – Enhance of immediate relief fund from Rs.5,000/- to Rs.10,000/- to the Children/Women who are rescued from Trafficking - Orders – Issued.

WOMEN DEVELOPMENT .CHILD WELFARE & DISABLED WELFARE (WP) DEPARTMENT

GO MS No.13

Dated: 21-4-2006

Read the following:-

1. G.O.Ms.No 47. Wd, CW & DW (Prog) Dept.. Dt: 12.07.1999
2. G.O.Ms.No.1.WD,CW & DW (Prog) Dept., Dt: 03.01.2003
3. G.O.Ms.No.28.WD,CW & DW (Prog) Dept., Dt: 04.07.2003
4. From the Director. WD & CW, Lr.No. 32/A1/2006, Dt: 4-1-2006

-oOo-

ORDER:

In the G.O.1st cited a Relief and Rehabilitation Fund was Set up for providing relief to women who become unfortunate victims of atrocities, like rape, molestation, kidnapping, abduction of women and girl, dowry deaths, etc.

2. In the GO.2nd above, Government have issued orders on the policy for combating trafficking of women and children for commercial sexual exploitation and Government have also decided to utilize the existing rehabilitation and relief fund for providing relief to victims of trafficking. It was also ordered therein that the fund should be utilized for the purpose are enumerated under the Rehabilitation and Relief Fund.
3. In the G.O.3rd read above, Government ordered that an amount of Rs.5,000/- or actual, whichever is lower, be paid either by the Director, WD&CW or the District Collectors to the children/women who are rescued from trafficking as immediate relief for the purpose of travel, clothing, medicine and other immediate necessities as indicated in the Annexure for the women and children rescued from trafficking.
4. In the review meeting of State Level Coordination Committee on Policy for Combating Trafficking of Women and Children for commercial sexual exploitation held on 16-12-2005, it was declared to increase the immediate relief to women and children rescued from trafficking from Rs.5000/- to Rs.10,000/-.
5. After careful examination, Government hereby order that the immediate relief to women and children who are rescued from trafficking be enhanced from Rs.5000/- to Rs.10,000/-.
6. The other conditions stipulated in the G.O.3rd read above remain unchanged.
7. The expenditure in this regard shall be debited to "2235 SS & W-02 SW-MH – 103 Women Welfare (SH) 27 Financial Assistance to women and girl affected by cognizable offences under criminal procedure code and victims of trafficking. 310 Grant-in-aid 312 Other Grant-in-aid."
8. This order issues with the concurrence of Finance Department vide their U.O.No.6842/61/Exp. WD/06, dt. 21-3-2006.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

Sd/-

PRABHAKER D. THOMAS

PRL. SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

To

The Home Department

The Director, Women Development & Child Welfare, Hyderabad

The Director General of Police, Hyderabad.

All District Collectors

All Superintendents of Police

The A.G. A.P., Hyderabad

Copy to:

The Py and Accounts Officer, AP., Hyderabad

The Director of Treasuries and Accounts. Hyderabad

The Spl. Secretary to Chief Minister

Finance (Expr. WDCW&DW) Dept.

The commissioner, Information and Public Relations Department, Hyderabad.

The P.S. to Minister (S.E) Department

S.F/S.C

//Forwarded By Order//

Sd/-

M.VENKATESWARLU Section Officer

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

WD&CW-Appointment of Nodal Officers on trafficking of Women & Children in Andhra Pradesh state under I.T.P.Act-Orders-Issued.

Women Development, Child Welfare & Disabled Welfare (WP) Department

G.O.Rt.No. 314

Date: 27.9.2005

Read the following:

1. G.O.M.s.No.1, WDCW&DW (Progs) Department., Dt. 3-1-2003.
2. From Under Secretary (Coord), National Human Rights Commission, New Delhi, Lr.No.7 (10/2004-Coord, Dt.28-1-2005.
3. From the Director, WD&CW, Hyderabad Lr.No. 10273/A1/2005, Dt.2-9-2005.
4. From the Additional D.G.P., C.I.D., Hyderabad C.No.31/DIGWPC/CID/HYD/05, Dt.13-9-2005.

ORDER:-

In the meeting of National Human Rights Commission with Chief Secretaries and Directors General of Police of all the States/Union Territories held on 14-12-2004 at New Delhi, it was resolved that Special Police Officers be nominated as Nodal Officers on trafficking of women and children in the state.

2. Government after careful examination have issued orders nominating the following as Nodal Officers on trafficking of women & children in Andhra Pradesh State under I.T.P.Act:- Director, Women Development & Child Welfare in respect of women development & Child welfare and Deputy Inspector General, Women protection Cell, C.I.D., in respect of Police Department at State Level; and District Collectors at District Level.

3. The Nodal Officers are requested to vigorously implement the policy for combating trafficking of women and children for commercial sexual exploitation, issued in the comprehensive G.O.1st read above.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

Directorate of Women Development and Child Welfare Department AP, Hyderabad

Circular Memo No. 1457/AI/O5 Dt :25.02.2005

Sub: -WD&CW Dept - Formation of Community Vigilant groups at A.W.center level for combating the evils of trafficking & sexual exploitation _Reg.

All the Regional Deputy Director's / Project Director's are directed to establish community vigilant groups to facilitate community action to combat trafficking of Women & Children. The anti - trafficking campaign has been one of the most successful campaigns in recent years. There was a common consensus from the children that Education is the only way to stop trafficking & prostitution and that it was the responsibility of the parents to remove gender discrimination. The challenge now is how to take forward the innovation build and create effective interventions to combat trafficking.

The following are the members for constituting community vigilant group.

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| 1. CDPO | 6. Sarpanch |
| 2. Supervisor' | 7. Revenue Official (Village Secretary) |
| 3. Anganawadi Worker | 8. Kulapeddalu (2) |
| 4. Mother Committee member | 9. Police |
| 5. A.G.Girl | |

Under the guidance of Project Directors to conduct training sessions to generate awareness on the magnitude of the problem at their relevant places.

The Regional Deputy Director's: Project Director's are instructed to form community vigilance group as noted above and to send list of groups formed for Anti - trafficking campaign through community vigilant groups should be furnished within 15 days.

Sd/
G.D.Aruna, Director

For Director.

Office of the
Addl. Director Genl.-Of Police,
C.I.D., A.P., Hyderabad,
Dt: 19-04-2003

C.No. 2 I/DIG/WPC/ CID/2003

CIRCULAR MEMO

Sub:- Trafficking of women and children - Certain instructions - Reg.
Ref : - c.No.2 I /sP(wPCycID .20A2, Dt: 21 -09 -2002 of Addl.DGP.C ID.AP HYD

* * *

In the meeting of the State Co-ordination Committee on Trafficking of women and children held on 03-.02-2003 in the chambers of Chief Secretary, it was pointed out that majority of the cases booked were against the victims / sex workers U/s. (4) of ITP Act and not against the traffickers. Sec. (4) of ITP Act states that any person living on the earning of the prostitution of any other Person is liable for the offence under this section and not the victim who is indulging in prostitution for her own living. Thus the victim women cannot be hooked under section (4) of the ITPA. Like-wise it was already pointed out in the memo C.No.21/SP(WPC)/CID/2002, Dt. 21-9-2002 of Addl. DGP, CID" AP, Hyderabad, that cases against women victims of sexual exploitation should not be booked U/s.(8) of ITPA for soliciting and only pimps I Organizers / Traffickers should be booked. In spite of the instruction issued cases are being booked against victims U/s. 8 of ITP Act by some unit officers. [t should also be borne in mind that during any raids on a brothel house, if a minor girl is found a victim, a case should also be booked under rape i.e.376IPC against the male customers and traffickers, Organizers and pimps.

Hence, all the Supdts. Of police and Commissioners of Police are instructed not to book repeat not to book, the victim women for soliciting. Our endeavor should always be to bring the traffickers and organizers to book. [f, in future, any cases are booked against the women for soliciting, the explanation of the concerned officers be called for and action initiated against them. All Ss.P and CS.P will acknowledge the receipt of this memo.

FOT ADDL DIRECTOR GENL OF POLICE
C.I.D., A.P., HYDERABAD

TO

All Supdts. Of Police, A.P..
All Commissioners of Police, A.P.State
Copy to Principal Secretary, Home Department, Govt. of A.P., Hyderabad for information.

**GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH
ABSTRACT**

Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956 – Appointment of Special Police Officers- Assistance by Police Subordinate Officers sub-section (1) and (3) of Section 13 of the Act – Notification – Issued.

Home (Pol.D) Department

G.O.Rt.No. 475

Date: 16-08-1991

Read the following:

1. G.O.Ms.No.543, Home (Pol.D) Dept., dt. 31.12.1979.
2. From the DG & IGP, Lr.No.5/DOP/91, dt.11.02.1991.

ORDER:-

The following notification shall be published in the Andhra Pradesh Gazette.

NOTIFICATION -1

Under sub-section 1 of Section 13 of the immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956, (Act 104 of 1956) and in supersession of the notification-I issued which G.O.Ms.No. 843, Home (Pol.D) Dept. Dated : 31-12-1979 Published at page 385 of Part – 1 of the Andhra Pradesh Gazettee dated : 3.4.1980, the Governor of Andhra Pradesh hereby appoints the following Police Officers as Special Police Officer for dealing with the offences under the said act in their respective local jurisdiction within the State of Andhra Pradesh.

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| 1) Assistant Commissioner of Police | } | In their respective |
| 2) All Inspector of Police | } | Jurisdiction |

NOTIFICATION – II

Under sub-section 1 of Section 13 of the Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956, (Act 104 of 1956) and in supersession of the Notification-II issued with G.O.Ms.No.844, Home (Pol.D) Dept., dated : 14-10-1979 and published at page No. 385 of Part-I of the Andhra Pradesh Gazetted dated : 3rd April, 1980, the Governor of Andhra Pradesh hereby appoints the following subordinate Police Officers to assist the special police officers appointed under sub-section (1) of section 13 of the said Act for the efficient discharge of duties in relation to the offences committed under the said Act in their respective jurisdiction.

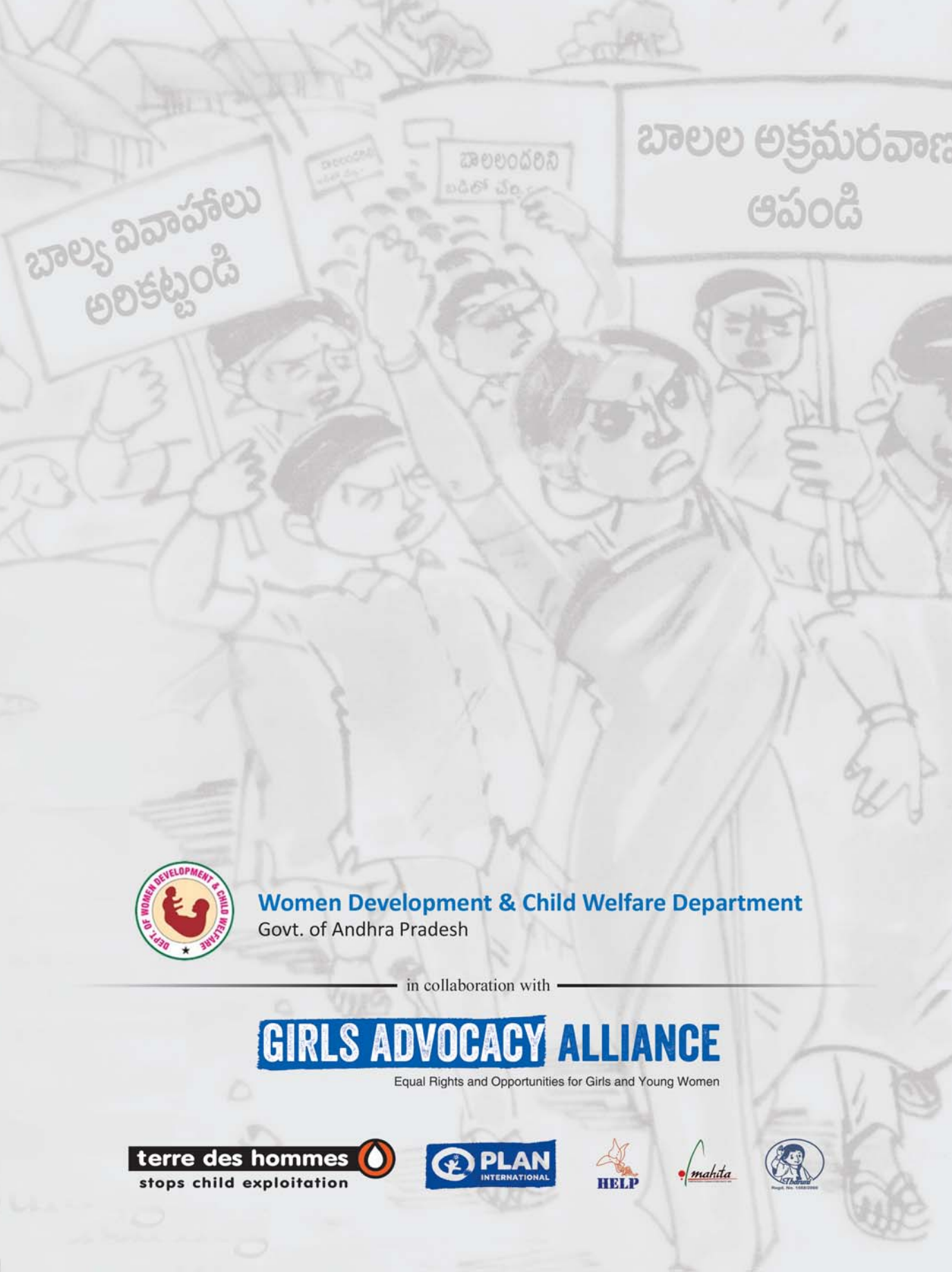
1. All the Sub-Inspectors including Women Sub-Inspectors.
2. All Head Constables including Women Head Constables.
3. All Police Constables including Women Police Constables.

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

Dr.K.A.NARAYANA SWAMY
Principal Secretary to Government

To
The Director of Printing Stationary, AP, Hyd.
The Director General and Inspector General of Police, AP, Hyd.
The Addl. Director General and Inspector General of Police, CID, Hyd.
The Special Inspector General of Police (Intelligence), Hyd.

Copy to : -
Public Relation Officer, CM.



Women Development & Child Welfare Department
Govt. of Andhra Pradesh

in collaboration with

GIRLS ADVOCACY ALLIANCE

Equal Rights and Opportunities for Girls and Young Women

terre des hommes 
stops child exploitation

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